School District of Holmen









2009-10

The School District of Holmen will provide a comprehensive music education curriculum which encourages lifelong enjoyment and appreciation of music.

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Executive Summary

T he Music Committee has worked to develop a curriculum that provides a framework for music education and student learning in the School District of Holmen. This document is a road map for teachers, administrators, parents and students. It includes district and content specific information. It is a guide that focuses on student learning by defining a vision and curriculum aligned to the state standards and includes vocabulary and strategies essential for understanding. The result is a dynamic document that supports student achievement in the District.

T he main part of the curriculum is divided by grade level. The curriculum for each level outlines what the student should know or be able to do. It is student-focused, defining competencies, embedding standards, and outlining assessment expectations.

- Competencies are the broadest skills, knowledge or attitudes that tell students what primary intended outcomes they will learn. These competencies are developed from state standards, test objectives, textbooks, curriculum guides, and other professional sources. They are student centered, observable, and measurable.
- Assessment expectations establish the acceptable level of performance based on district criteria by grade level or discipline.

T he former State Superintendent of Public Instruction, John Benson, stated that "fundamental to every child's success in school is a clear set of expectations for academic accomplishment. It should be no mystery to parents and community members what educators expect students to know and be able to do." If we are successful at defining curriculum, using a variety of instructional strategies, and evaluating students through on-going assessments, no children should be left behind and all students should succeed.

→ From Instructional Services

District Information

SCHOOL DISTRICT POLICY STATEMENT School District of Holmen Holmen, WI 54636 FILE: AD SECTION: A FOUNDATIONS & BASIC COMMITMENTS

EDUCATIONAL PHILOSOPHY STATEMENT

The School District of Holmen exists for the purpose of providing the best possible educational programming with available resources for the youth of the District and for the community. The District will operate under democratic principles, with decisions made in a democratic manner by a representative board elected by the people of the District.

The Board is aware of its commitment to the State of Wisconsin in carrying out the mandates and expectations in the area of education, recognizing that education is a state as well as a local responsibility. To that end, the Board shall strive to represent the State of Wisconsin as well as the School District of Holmen in making decisions regarding the educational program. The wishes and expectations of the community shall be continuously assessed by citizen input and informal contacts with the citizens of the School District. Channels of information shall be kept open to make sure that citizen's voices may be heard.

The District exists for all the youth of the community. In its planning, the Board, administration and faculty shall be aware of the needs of all children and shall strive to establish goals and programs that meet such needs to the greatest extent possible. The District does not exist for any special intent groups or individuals and the Board, administration, and faculty shall strive to make sure that decisions and programs reflect the main consensus of community wishes.

Each individual student is seen as a unique person with great potential and possessing talents and abilities which he/she should be encouraged to develop as much as possible. The District shall provide programming with as much breadth as possible to foster such development. The District through the Board, administration, and faculty and all other staff shall attempt to provide quality schools where good moral standards, patriotism, respect of fellow man, respect for scholarship and achievement prevail, not only in the example set by the workers in the schools, but also in the expectations placed upon the students.

Cross Ref AE, District Goals and Objectives JB, Equal Educational Opportunities

Approved: March 1984 Reviewed and Approved: 2002

School District of Holmen

District Vision Statement

Holmen - a premier school district of choice, setting standards of excellence in education, distinctive and successful in everything we do.

District Mission Statement

- Develop life-long learners
- Nurture the ability of all to become responsible for their own learning
- Foster the skills, knowledge, experiences and attitudes necessary for full participation in our ever-changing society
- Honor each person's dignity and contribution
- Achieve a deeply held partnership with the community that actively support parents and families
- · Work closely with regional educational resources
- Provide an outcomes-driven educational program that achieves recognized standards of excellence

The district will achieve this overall Mission by building an organization that involves everyone and challenges everyone to grow.

Strategic Initiatives

Strategic Initiative #1 Student Learning: To identify student needs and then develop, implement and evaluate programs and processes to improve all student achievement.

- **Strategic Initiative #2** Community Involvement: To increase the level of citizen ownership for the operation of the school system by increasing opportunities for communication and involvement.
- **Strategic Initiative #3** Human Resource Management: To improve the processes for the development, selection, and retention of staff.
- **Strategic Initiative #4** Finance and Support Service: To provide the support and planning that will facilitate the efficient and effective operation of the District.

Board Approved: 4/16/01

LEARNER GOALS

The School District of Holmen is a system that empowers the community. This is accomplished through continuous improvement, enhancement of self-worth, and optimization of student performance. The focus for each student is on joy in learning, optimization of student performance, and preparation in life skills. Therefore, in the Holmen School District, **THE LEARNER WILL**:

1. Build a substantial knowledge base.

Students will build a solid knowledge base developed from challenging subject matter in computer/information, technology, environmental education, fine and performing arts, foreign language, health, language arts, mathematics, physical education, reading, science, social studies, and vocational education.

2. Develop thinking and communication processes.

Students will develop a command of thinking processes (analysis, creative thinking, problem solving, decision making, visualizing, and concept development) that permit them to interpret and apply the knowledge base. Communication processes (listening, speaking, reading, writing, viewing, image making, and other symbolizing) enable them to communicate thoughts with others.

3. Apply knowledge and processes.

Students will build upon knowledge and apply learning processes to create new ideas and understanding, enhance human relations, expand awareness, and enrich human experiences.

4. Acquire the capacity and motivation for life-long learning.

Students will develop their natural curiosity to acquire habits of inquiry and a love for learning which will motivate them to continue learning throughout their lives.

5. Develop physical and emotional wellness.

Students will acquire the attitudes, knowledge, and habits to grow physically and emotionally healthy, develop self-esteem and confidence, and exhibit a healthy life style.

6. Develop character.

Students will exhibit personal characteristics, such as compassion, conviction, curiosity, ethics, integrity, motivation, and responsibility.

7. Be a responsible citizen.

Students will possess and exercise the knowledge and processes necessary for full participation in the family, civic, economic, and cultural life of a complex interdependent, global society. Students will acquire an understanding of the basic workings of all levels of government, understanding the duties and responsibilities of citizenship. Students will make a commitment to the basic values of our government including a reverence and respect for the history of the American flag, the Declaration of Independence, the U.S. Constitution and the constitution and laws of this state, and acquire a knowledge of state, national, and world history.

8. Be prepared for productive work.

Students will acquire knowledge, capabilities, and attitudes necessary to make them contributing members of a dynamic national and world economy, and prepare them for the transition from school to work.

9. Respect cultural diversity and pluralism.

Students will demonstrate the knowledge and attitudes necessary to understand and respect individuals and multi-cultural diversity, and to work cooperatively with all people.

10. Develop aesthetic awareness.

Students will become aware and be able to generate those forms of experience that have artistic and aesthetic meaning.

WISCONSIN TEACHER STANDARDS & LICENSURE Wisconsin's 10 Standards for Teacher Development and Licensure

These standards become the basis of teacher licensing after August 31, 2004. The entire document, which includes knowledge, skills and dispositions under these standards, can be found on DPI's website – http://www.dpi.state.wi.us/dpi/dlsis/tel/pdf/10kdp.pdf

- 1. **Teachers know the subjects they are teaching.** The teacher understands the central concepts, tools of inquiry and structures of the disciplines she or he teaches and can create learning experiences that make these aspects of **subject matter** meaningful for pupils.
- 2. **Teachers know how children grow.** The teacher understands how children with **broad ranges of ability** learn and provides instruction that supports their intellectual, social and personal development.
- 3. **Teachers understand the children learn differently.** The teacher understands how pupils differ in their approaches to learning and the barriers that impede learning and **can adapt instruction to meet the diverse needs** of pupils, including those with disabilities and exceptionalities.
- 4. **Teachers know how to teach.** The teacher understands and **uses a variety of instructional strategies**, including the use of technology to encourage children's development of critical thinking, problem solving and performance skills.
- 5. **Teachers know how to manage a classroom.** The teacher uses an understanding of **individual and group motivation** and behavior to create a learning environment that encourages positive social interaction, active engagement in learning and self-motivation.
- 6. **Teachers communicate well.** The teacher uses effective **verbal and nonverbal communication** techniques as well as instructional media and technology to foster active inquiry, collaboration and supportive interaction in the classroom.
- 7. **Teachers are able to plan different kinds of lessons.** The teacher **organizes and plans systematic instruction** based upon knowledge of subject matter, pupils, and the community and curriculum goals.
- 8. **Teachers know how to test for student progress.** The teacher understands and **uses formal and informal assessment** strategies to evaluate and ensure the continuous intellectual, social and physical development of the pupil.
- 9. **Teachers are able to evaluate themselves.** The teacher is a **reflective practitioner** who continually evaluates the effects of his or her choices and actions on pupils, parents, professionals in the learning community and others and who actively seeks out opportunities to grow professionally.
- 10. Teachers are connected with other teachers and the community. The teacher fosters relationships with school colleagues, parents and agencies in the larger community to support pupil learning and well being and acts with integrity, fairness and in an ethical manner.

School District of Holmen 2009-10

SCHOOL BOARD OF EDUCATION MEMBERS

Cheryl Hancock – President Dardy Berge – Vice President Anita Jagodzinski – Clerk Elizabeth Kamprud Gary Dunlap Tim Medinger Kari Treadway



ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Dale Carlson, Superintendent Sandy Richert, Director of Instructional Services Rick Johnson, Director of Pupil Services Jay Clark, Director of Support Services Joanne Stephens, Evergreen Elementary Principal Dr. Patrice Tronstad, Prairie View Elementary Principal Neal Janssen, Sand Lake Elementary Principal Dr. Teri Staloch, Viking Elementary Principal Erik Torkelson, Middle School Principal Keri Holter, Middle School Associate Principal Dr. Bob Lecheler, High School Principal Bob Baer, High School Associate Principal Anna Curtis, High School Associate Principal Linzi Gronning, Activities / Athletic Director

School District of Holmen Board of Education Action Regarding State Standards for Music

Action was taken by the School Board of Holmen School Board on Monday, May 18, 1998, to adopt the following:

Adoption of the Wisconsin State Standards (Cl98-017)

The Holmen curriculum process includes the steps of aligning the curriculum to the Wisconsin State standards, the WSAS testing criteria, as well as what should be included locally. Therefore, the State Standards would be adopted by the District as part of a process to meet the students' needs.

BE IT RESOLVED that the Board of Education approve the adoption of the Wisconsin State Standards as part of a process to meet the students' needs as recommended. Motion by D. Berg. Second by G. Dunlap. Motion carried 6/0.





School Dístríct of Holmen

Music Department Vision Statement

Our vision is to provide a comprehensive music education which encourages lifelong enjoyment and appreciation of music.

Mission Statement

In order to achieve our vision, the music department will:

□ Provide a music foundation guided by the Wisconsin Model Academic Standards for Music.

□ Provide an aesthetic experience enhancing the quality of life within our schools and community.

School District of Holmen Music Committee Membership During Curriculum Writing



Not pictured: Steve Koch, Jeff Krauklis and Camie Schneider

Evergreen	Prairie View	Sand Lake	Viking
Mona Gardner Shelly Heerts	Erin Robinson	Maureen Norris, K-12 Chair Shelly Heets	Nancy Kronn Shelly Heerts

Middle School	High School
Troy Birdsong	Troy Birdsong
Steve Koch	Ruth Mashak
Jeff Krauklis	Camie Schneider
Rachel O'Donnell	George Von Arx
Nancy Von Arx	

Administrator & Instructional Services Liaison:

Neal Janssen, Sand Lake Elementary Principal Sandy Richert and Dawn Gorski Ohlfs, Instructional Services Liaison

Timeline for Music Self-Study & Curriculum Writing

Spring 2008	Discussed overall steps and components of the Music Self-Study Discussed sources of evidence		
Summer 2008	Began self study process to identify strengths, opportunities for improvement, and recommendations. Developed vision and mission statements, program descriptions, reviewed test data and research articles.		
November 2008	Participated in an external review and evaluation		
December 2008	Received external evaluator report		
February 2009	Analyzed External Review Report		
March 2009	Analyzed focus group and external evaluator report. Continued to identify strengths, opportunities for improvement, best practices, and recommendations		
April 2009	Presented Self-Study to Curriculum Council		
May 2009	Presented to School Board for approval		
Summer 2009	Began work on curriculum writing process		
First Semester 2009	Continued to work on curriculum writing process		
March 2009	Completed work on curriculum writing		
April 2010	Presented Curriculum to Curriculum Council		
May 2010	Presented to School Board for approval		
School District of Holmen	Music Currey um 2009-10		

Overall Opportunities for Improvement of Current Music Curriculum

From the results of research articles, external evaluations, test results, and standards, the music committee has identified the following key opportunities for improvement:

- □ At the elementary level, there is a lack of technology implementation, aged materials (books), and there are not enough materials.
- □ At the elementary level, class size is too large. Many times the class is one classroom plus 25% of another class to make up one music class.
- □ At the elementary level, there are no keyboarding opportunities to correlate with research on spatialtemporal abilities, and abstract reasoning skills which improve math and science skills.

Limited collaboration between elementary music teachers and classroom teachers.

 \Box Retention of band/choir/orchestra numbers decreases from $6^{th} - 7^{th}$ and $7^{th} - 8^{th}$ grades.

Lacking a course for non-music students at the high school level.

□ Perception of music students at the high school level keeps numbers low.

□ At the high school level, there is a disparity of groups – instrumentation and SATB voicing.

Music Committee Recommendations Overall Planning for Improvement

From the results of research articles, external evaluations, test results, and standards, the music committee has identified the following recommendations:

STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT & LEARNING		
Recommendations	 At the high school and middle school, increase contact time with students in order to implement the curriculum. At the elementary level introduce keyboarding and strengthen technology experiences. Create opportunities to experience music as a life-long skill and enjoyment for all students. Continue to work on scheduling issues at the middle school and high school. 	
Timeline for Implementation	2009-2010, 2010-11, ongoing	
Shared Involvement for Implementation	Music teachers, administrators, students, parents, community	
Action Taken To Date	 <u>2009-10</u> Middle School schedule changed to improve opportunities for music participation 	

COMMUNICATION & PARENT/COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT		
Recommendations	 Create a music advisory committee involving business community, parents, teachers, students, alumni and administrators. Recruit a Festival Elementary Choral Sponsor – outside of school day Observe Music Celebration Week. 	
Timeline for Implementation	2009-2010, 2010-11, ongoing	
Shared Involvement for Implementation	Music teachers, administrators, students, parents, community	
Action Taken To Date	 <u>2009-10</u> No action due to curriculum writing. Will take action in 2010-11. 	

STAFF DEVELOPMENT AND PROFESSIONAL PRACTICES			
Recommendations	 Continue collaboration time within the buildings and K-12 Take advantage of more technology training K-12 to integrate into existing music program. 		
Timeline for Implementation	2009-2010, 2010-11, ongoing		
Shared Involvement for implementation	Music teachers, classroom teachers, I & T Services		
Action Taken To Date	 <u>2009-10</u> Music staff collaborated monthly during each early release Prairie View has embedded technology into their music curriculum and plans are to infuse this into all elementary buildings. 		

PROGRA	PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT (FACILITY AND FINANCIAL SUPPORT)		
Recommendations	 Work toward an annual music budget equal to 10-12% of the total replacement value of the music department inventory (equipment, instructional materials, etc.). Add keyboarding to the elementary music program. 		
Timeline for Implementation	2009-2010, 2010-11, ongoing		
Shared Involvement for Implementation	Music teachers, administrators		
Action Taken To Date	 <u>2009-10</u> No action taken but strong recommendation to administration to include in future budgetary planning. 		

Elementary Curriculum



While revising the curriculum, the elementary teachers reviewed and discussed how the following policies/statutes are addressed and/or incorporated into daily instruction. See Appendix D.

- <u>Children at risk, Standard n Interventions for Struggling Learners</u> Based on information provided by district teachers, the School District of Holmen uses a variety of interventions to meet the needs of struggling learners. We have established a focus group to continue analyzing the effectiveness of these interventions. Classroom interventions are determined through analyzing benchmark data.
- <u>English Language Learners (ELL)</u> Teachers and staff in the School District of Holmen offer a variety of services to meet the needs of English Language Learners in the classroom. ELL students are primarily clustered to provide efficient delivery of services and allow students optimal learning time within the classroom setting, which may include small groupings, partnerships and direct instruction when needed. Classroom and ELL teachers collaborate in order to front load learning prior to the universal instruction, thus allowing these students to be active participants in classroom discussions and hands-on activities. Benchmark assessments are also analyzed to provide students with instruction that can be tailored to be accessible to the learner at almost any level. The learners who need the most support are often placed in the smallest groups so as to receive the instruction that they need. Additionally, a variety of concrete and experiential learning techniques are used district-wide to support learning for the English language learner and his/her need for visual and contextual support for language laden tasks. Other strategies include the deliberate use of common vocabulary and explicit instruction of those terms, strong emphasis on real-life connections, and for the neediest students, some forms of assistive technology are used to scaffold the students learning based on the level of proficiency. Finally, the district ELL staff continues to work to educate all staff on the specific needs of the English Language Learner.
- <u>Talented and Gifted, Standard t</u> Talented and Gifted (TAG) students are served by the regular education teachers and in conjunction with the Talented and Gifted teachers of the District. These students are identified based on a combination of standardized tests and nominations. TAG programming aligns with the Wisconsin Pyramid Model of delivery. Services include but are not limited to: Differentiation, flexible grouping, compacting, and advanced placement courses. In addition, there are a number of events that create and promote higher level thinking in the language arts areas sponsored by the district and the Mississippi Valley Gifted and Talented Network. The academic performance of the program is assessed by identified student performance on standardized tests.
- <u>Computer literacy and technology</u> Teachers use a variety of technology to support learning in the classroom. Multiple forms of assistive technology also support the special needs learner.

School District of Holmen

- <u>Diversity</u> By including music from a variety of cultures and personal experiences, teachers enhance the learning experience for all students. Recognizing the diversity within a classroom enriches the learning for all.
- <u>Education for Employment (E4E)</u> Music activities that include experiences built on relevant and timely events help students to make connections and apply learning in a contextual environment. It promotes increased student achievement by expanding educational experiences.
- <u>Environmental Education</u> Environmental education is supported by the knowledge and skills that students learn in music classrooms through seamless integration of various musical units.
- <u>Universal Learning Strategies</u> The use of universal learning strategies is embedded into all classes throughout the elementary day.
- <u>21st Century Learning</u> This initiative builds upon core subject expertise and emphasizes the 21st century competencies of information and communication technology (ICT) literacy, critical thinking, communication, collaboration, global awareness and business, economic, and civic literacy.



Elementary Level Current Program Description of Music

The School District of Holmen K-5 Elementary Music Curriculum is a program which includes performance, creativity, literacy, response, and connections at all levels and grades. The difficulty of the materials, the complexity of what students do with them, and the sophistication of skills change and adapt as the program progresses.

The K-5 Elementary General Music Program uses <u>Making Music</u> (Silver Burdett), <u>Recorder Express</u> (Alfred), and various additional resources as vehicles in teaching the curriculum. These resources provide a structure and a framework in an integrated format that addresses the Wisconsin Model Academic Standards for Music, and the School District of Holmen goals.







Comprehensive Musicianship through Performance (CMP)

The Comprehensive Musicianship through Performance Project (CMP) was initiated in Wisconsin in 1977 as a means of assisting teachers with the development of "performance with understanding" in school music programs. In the CMP process, students develop an understanding of musical concepts such as expression, melody, rhythm, harmony, texture, timbre, and form by being involved in a variety of roles including performing, improvising, composing, transcribing, arranging, conducting, rehearsing, and analyzing music.

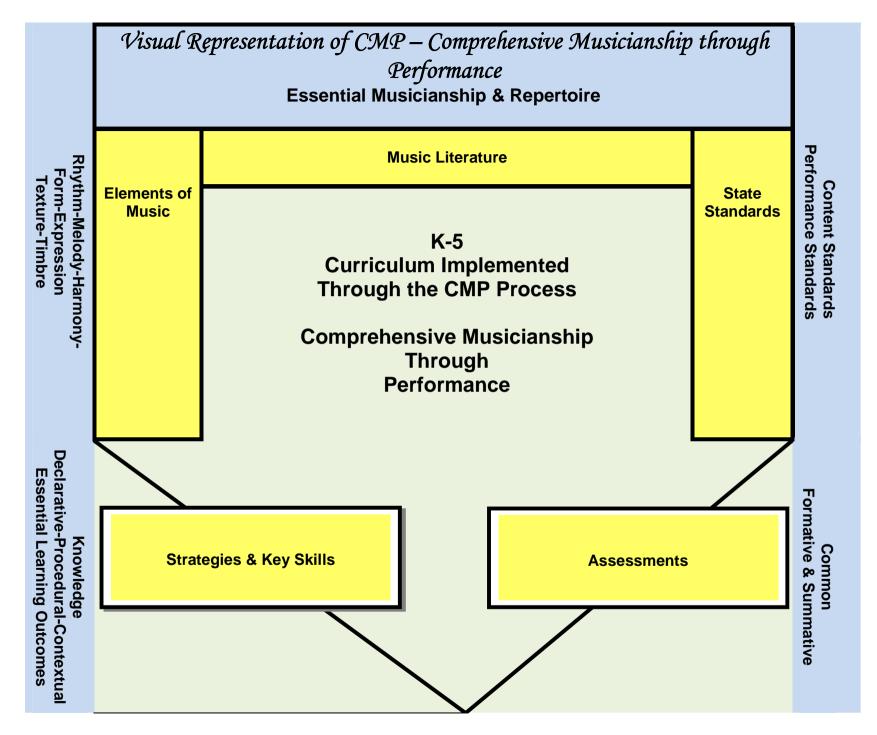
In the designing a teaching plan for a piece of music, music educators examine the five points of the CMP model: music selection, assessment, classroom strategies, outcomes for student learning, and analysis of the piece. Music educators begin planning from the point that best serves the needs of the students. This model offers a structure for the teacher to organize a thorough plan for rehearsing, sharing musical understandings, and including the student in the learning process.

The CMP research indicated that "in order to have an impact on musical behavior, there must be a planned effort by the teacher to enrich the performing experience with additional kinds of musical understanding." The need is even more critical today in view of the emphasis on standards-based education and the call for verification of the developmental effects of music learning.

The CMP Steering Committee continues to refine the process and has joint sponsorship by three state-level agencies: The Wisconsin School Music Association, the Wisconsin Music Educators Association, and the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.

In the School District of Holmen the CMP Model Consists of Five Major Elements:

- 1. Essential Music Selection Question:
 - Why was the music chosen: Was it <u>Essential Repertoire</u> (what concepts or period of time does it represent) or Was it <u>Essential Musicianship</u> (what concepts, level of difficulty, and standards does it cover.)
- 2. Concept of Music (expression, melody, rhythm, harmony, texture, timbre, and form).
- 3. Standard Standards (determined by the DPI with input from Music Association & Music Educators Association)
- 4. Assessments & Essential Learning Outcomes (What do we want our students to know and how will we know)
- 5. Strategies (tasks, projects, rehearsals, performances, curriculum mapping).



School District of Holmen

KINDERGARTEN

Developers: Music Committee Development Date: 2009-10 Instructional Level: Elementary

Description:

In Kindergarten music classes, the School District of Holmen emphasizes finding a steady beat, using four different voices, and exploring percussive instruments. Our activities are a preparation for understanding basic concepts of music. Music teachers teach movement through music and rehearse for the Kindergarten students' first performance for an audience.

The Kindergarten Music Curriculum is organized by the elements of music: Expression, Rhythm, Form, Melody, Timbre, Texture and Harmony. See Appendix A for complete listing of state standards.

Kindergarten has five essential learning outcomes:

- 1. Differentiate between singing and speaking voices.
- 2. Demonstrate a steady beat.
- 3. Recognize an introduction.
- 4. Read and create rhythm patterns using ta, ti ti, and rest.
- 5. Rehearse and perform at annual music program for an audience.

Kindergarten Element of Music: Expression		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills
A1, A2, B1, B3, D1, F2,	Dynamics Observation, Checklists, Rubrics, & Peer	Loud/soft Getting louder/getting softer
	Assessments	Soft dynamics
		Fast/slow
F3, F5, H2, I3	Observation, Checklists, Rubrics, & Peer	Getting faster/getting slower
	Assessments	Changes in tempo
	Mood	Variety of moods
	Movement, Drawings, Observation	

Kindergarten Element of Music: Rhythm		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills
	Beat Observation & Checklists	Steady beat Steady beat/no beat Beat/rhythm Beat/silent beat (rest)
A1, A3, A5, B1, B2, D3, F1, F3, F4, H2, H5, I3, I4	Duration Observation & Checklists	Long and short sounds Longer/shorter One sound per beat equals one quarter note Two sounds per beat equals two quarter notes No sound equals a rest
	Pattern Observation & Checklists	Same/different Combinations including: one beat, two beats, no beat Repeated patterns

Kindergarten Element of Music: Form		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills
A1, A3, B1, B4, C3, F2, F5, G1, H2, I3, I4	Phrase Form Observation & Checklists	Same/different phrases Echo (imitation) Call and response Introduction
	Section Form Observation & Checklists	Same/different sections

Kindergarten Element of Music: Melody		
Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills	
Pitch & Direction Observation & Checklists Pattern	High/low Upward/downward Same/different	
	Concepts & Assessments Pitch & Direction Observation & Checklists	

Kindergarten Element of Music: Timbre		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills
	Environmental	Nature sounds
	Observation & Checklists	Machine sounds
	Vocal	Various tone qualities produced by individuals and
	Observation & Checklists	groups
A1, A2, A3, B1, B2, B3, C4, D2, D3, E4, F2,		Individual: sing, speak, call, whisper
F5, G1, H1, H2, I1, I4	Instrumental	Body percussion
F5, G1, H1, H2, H, I4	Observation, Rubric, & Checklists	Classroom percussion
		Various tone qualities produced by individual of
		instruments and groups of instruments
		Group: large and small ensembles

Kindergarten Element of Music: Texture & Harmony		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills
A1, A2, A3, A4, B2, B6,	Texture	One sound/more than one sound
C2, D1, D2, F2, G1	Observation & Checklists	Accompaniment/no accompaniment

• Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

• <u>Strategies</u> – The strategies are based on best practices and supportive of the learning.

GRADE ONE

Development Date: 2009-10

Description:
In Grade One music classes, the School District of Holmen students are taught how to use their singing voices correctly, keep a steady beat, and understand music concepts including high/low, fast/slow, and long/short.
The Grade One Music Curriculum is organized by the elements of music: Expression, Rhythm, Form, Melody, Timbre, Texture, and Harmony. See Appendix A for complete listing of state standards.
Grade One has six essential learning outcomes:
1. Match pitch.

2. Demonstrate a steady beat.

Developers: Music Committee

- 3. Read and create rhythm patterns using ta, ti ti, and rest.
- 4. Demonstrate knowledge of verse and refrain.
- 5. Identify a note as sitting on a line or in a space.
- 6. Rehearse and perform at annual music program for an audience.

Grade One Element of Music: Expression		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills
A2, B1, C2, C4, D2, D3, E3, F2, F3, F5, H2, I3, I4, I5	Dynamics Observation, Checklists, Rubrics, & Peer Assessments	Loud/soft Getting louder/getting softer
	Tempo Observation, Checklists, Rubrics, & Peer Assessments	Fast/slow Getting faster/getting slower Changes in tempo
	Mood Movement, Drawings & Observation	Variety of moods

Instructional Level: Elementary

Grade One Element of Music: Rhythm		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills
	Beat Observation & Checklists	Steady beat Steady beat/no beat Beat/rhythm Beat/silent beat (rest)
A1, A3, B1, B2, B4, B5, C1, C2, C4, D1, E1, E4, F2, F3, F5, H2, I1, I3	Duration Observation & Checklists	Longer/shorter One sound per beat equals one quarter note Two sounds per beat equals two quarter notes No sound on a beat equals a rest

Grade One Element of Music: Form		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills
A1, A2, A3, B1, B3, C4, D2, F1, F2, F3, F5, G1, H2, I1, I5	Phrase Form Observation & Checklists	Same/different phrases Question/answer phrase Long and short phrases Echo (imitation) Call and response Repetition/contrast Introduction and coda Cumulative song
	Section Form Observation & Checklists	Same/different sections Introduction and coda Verse/refrain (AB) Section forms including: AB (binary), ABA
	Pattern Observation & Checklists	Same/different Ostinato Combinations including: one beat, two beats, no beat Repeated patterns

Grade One Element of Music: Melody		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills
A1, A5, B2, B5, B6, F5, H2, E1, E2, E4, F1, F2,	Pitch & Direction	High/low Upward/downward Space/line Identification
F3, F4, I1, I3	Pattern Observation & Checklists	Same/different Combinations including so, mi, la, do

Grade One Element of Music: Timbre		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills
A1, B1, B4, C5, D2, D3,	Environmental Observation & Checklists Vocal Observation & Checklists	Nature sounds Machine sounds Various tone qualities produced by individuals and groups Individual: sing, speak, shout, whisper; adult, child
E1, F2, F3, F4, G2, I5	Instrumental Observation, Rubric, & Checklists	Body percussion Classroom percussion Various tone qualities produced by individual instruments and groups of instruments Tuned percussion Group: large and small ensembles

Grade One Element of Music: Texture & Harmony		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills
	Texture	One sound/more than one sound
A3, A4, A5, B5, C1, C2,	Observation & Checklists	Accompaniment/no accompaniment
C3, F3, F5, F4, H2, I1, I4		Ostinato/ (repeated pattern)
		Bordun/ (2 pitch repeated pattern)

GRADE TWO

Developers: Music Committee

Development Date: 2009-10

Instructional Level: Elementary

Description:

In Grade Two music classes, the School District of Holmen students are taught how music notes are notated on lines and spaces, singing and performing with expression, using beginning harmony, and finding the form of music. Instrumental families are also emphasized in Grade Two.

The Grade Two Music Curriculum is organized by the elements of music: Expression, Rhythm, Form, Melody, Timbre, Texture, and Harmony. See Appendix A for complete listing of state standards.

Grade Two has six essential learning outcomes:

- 1. Match pitch.
- 2. Demonstrate a steady beat.
- 3. Read and create rhythm patterns.
- 4. Identify music terms.
- 5. Identify lines and spaces in the treble clef.
- 6. Rehearse and perform at annual music program for an audience.

Grade Two Element of Music: Expression		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies &Key Skills
	Dynamics	Loud/soft
A2, B1, D1, E3, F5, F2,	Observation, Checklists, Rubrics, & Peer	Dynamics and dynamic markings
H2, Hi	Assessments	including p, f, crescendo/decrescendo
		Getting louder/getting softer
	Tempo	Getting faster/getting slower
	Observation, Checklists, Rubrics & Peer	Tempo markings: fermata
	Assessments	Changes in tempo
	Mood	Variety of moods
	Movement, Drawings, Observation	

Grade Two Element of Music: Rhythm		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills
A1, A3, B2, C2, E1, E4, F2, F3, F4, F5, G, H1, I3	Beat Observation & Checklists	Steady beat Steady beat/no beat Beat/rhythm
	Duration Observation & Checklists	Longer/shorter One sound per beat equals one quarter note Two sound per beat equals two quarter notes No sound on a beat equals a rest
	Pattern Observation & Checklists	Ostinato Combinations including: one beat, two beats, no beat, sustained beat (half note)

	Grade Two Element of Music: Form				
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills			
A1, A2, B4, C4, F1, F5, I1, I2	Phrase Form Observation & Checklists	Same/different phrases Question/answer phrase Long and short phrases Repetition/contrast Solo/chorus Call and response Introduction and coda Cumulative song Round			
	Section Form Observation & Checklists	Same/different sections Introduction and coda Verse/refrain (AB) D.C. <i>al fine</i> (ABA) Section forms including: AB, ABA, AABA, ABACA (rondo) Identify form			

Grade Two Element of Music: Melody				
State Standards for this Concept Concepts & Assessments Strategies & Key Ski				
	Pitch & Direction	Melodic direction		
	Observation & Checklists	Higher/lower		
A2, B2, B4, D3, D5, E2,		Upward/downward		
E4, F2, F3, H2, I1, I3		Pitch letter names		
	Pattern	Same/different		
	Observation & Checklists	do-re-mi-fa-so-la-ti-do		

	Grade Two Element of Music: Timbre				
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills			
	Environmental Observation & Checklists	Nature sounds Machine sounds			
	Vocal Observation & Checklists	Various tone qualities produced by individuals and groups Individual: male, female, child			
A2, A3, B2, B6, C4, E1, F2, F4, G2, I1, I4	Instrumental Observation, Rubrics, & Checklists	Various tone qualities produced by individual instruments and groups of instruments Group: large and small ensembles Families: strings, percussion Instrumentation from diverse cultures Woodwind brass			
	Electronic Observation & Checklists	Synthesized sounds			

Grade Two Element of Music: Texture & Harmony					
State Standards for this Concept	Concents & Assessments Strategies & Key Skills				
A1, A2, A3, A4, B2, B6,	Texture	Accompaniment/no accompaniment			
C2, D1, D2, F2, G1	Observation & Checklists	Ostinato/Bordun			

• Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

• <u>Strategies</u> – The strategies are based on best practices and supportive of the learning.

GRADE THREE

6. Identify four famil	by using specific musical guidelines. lies of instruments. form at annual music program for an auc	dience.			
	Grade Three Element of	Music: Expression			
State Standards for this ConceptConcepts & AssessmentsStrategies & Key Skills					
A2, A3, B1, B2, B6, D2, E3, F2, F3, F4, F5, H1, H2, G1	Dynamics Vocabulary Assessments, Performance, & Checklists	Dynamics and dynamic markings including <i>p</i> , <i>f</i> , <i>crescendo/decrescendo</i> , (<i>p</i> , <i>f</i>), <i>mezzo</i> (<i>mp</i> , <i>mf</i>), <i>pp</i> , <i>ff</i> Dynamic contrasts Dynamics as an expressive choice			
	Tempo Vocabulary Assessments, Performance, & Checklists Mood Observation & Movement	Tempos and tempo markings Changes in tempo Tempo as an expressive choice Variety of moods			

In Grade Three music classes, the School District of Holmen students begin learning to play the recorder, experience a trip to the La Crosse Symphony, learn to compose music, read and notate pitches using note names, and expand their learning about instrumental families.

Development Date: 2009-10

The Grade Three Music Curriculum is organized by the elements of music: Expression, Rhythm, Form, Melody, Timbre, Texture, and Harmony. See Appendix A for complete listing of state standards.

Grade Three has seven essential learning outcomes:

1. Match pitch.

Description:

- 2. Read and notate notes and rhythms.
- 3. Identify musical terms.

Developers: Music Committee

- 4. Demonstrate proper recorder skills.
- 5. Compose a melody using specific musical guidelines.

Instructional Level: Elementary

	Grade Three Element of Music: Rhythm				
State Standards for this Concept Concepts & Assessments		Strategies & Key Skills			
	Beat Observation & Composition Rubric	Beat/rhythm Upbeat			
	Duration Composition Rubric & Observation	Tie: quarter note, 2 quarter notes, rest, 4 sixteenth notes, half note, rest, whole note, dotted half note, eighth note, rest, rest			
A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B2, B6, C2, C3, D2, D5, E1,	Meter Observation, Performance, & Checklists	2/4, 3/4, 4/4 meters			
E3, E4, F2, F4, F5, G1, I3	Pattern	Ostinato			
15	Observation & Performance	Even and uneven rhythm patterns (dotted rhythms)			
		Combinations including: whole note, 4 sixteenth notes, dotted half note, eighth note, quarter note, 2 quarter notes, half note, half rest, whole rest, half rest			

State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills	
A1, A2, A3, B1, B2, C3, D2, E2, F1, F2, F5, G1, I1	Phrase Form Observation, Performance, & Checklists Section Form Vocabulary Assessment, Observation, Performance, & Checklists	Question/answer phraseLong and short phrasesRepetition/contrastSolo/chorusCall and responseIntroduction, interlude, and codaCumulative songSame/different sectionsIntroduction and codaInterludeVerse/refrain (AB)D.C. al fine (ABA)First and second endingsD.S. al fineSection forms including AB, ABA, AABA, ABACA (rondo)	

Grade Three Element of Music: Melody					
State Standards for this ConceptConcepts & AssessmentsStrategies & Key Skills					
A1, A2, A3, B2, B5, B6, C4, D2, E2, E4, F2, F3,	Pitch & Direction Observation, Performance, & Assessment	Steps, skips, and repeated pitches Pitch letter names			
	Tonality Observation, Performance, & Assessment	Major/minor			
F4, F5, I2, I5	Pattern Observation, Performance, & Assessment	Melodic/minor			

Grade Three Element of Music: Timbre				
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills		
	Environmental	Nature sounds		
	Observation & Checklists	Machine sounds		
	Vocal	Various tone qualities produced by individual and groups		
	Observation & Checklists	Individual: male, female, child		
		Group: duet, trio, quartet, chorus		
A1, A2, B2, C4, D2, D3,	Instrumental	Various tone qualities produced by individual instruments,		
F2, F3, F4, F5, H2, I5,	Observation, Checklists & Instrumental	and groups of instruments		
	Rubric	Individual instruments		
		Group: large and small ensembles		
		Families: strings, percussion, woodwind, brass		
		Instrumentation from diverse cultures including		
	Electronic Observation & Checklists	Synthesized sounds		

Grade Three Element of Music: Texture & Harmony					
State Standards for this Concept Concepts & Assessments Strategies & Key Skill					
A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B2, B6, C2, C4, E2, E3, E4, F1, F2, F3, F5, G1, G3, H2, I1, I2	Texture Observation, Performance, & Checklists	Ostinato Partner songs, Echo songs Countermelodies and descants			
	Harmony Observation & Performance	Harmony/no harmony Major/minor Chord changes including: I-V ₇ 2-part singing			

GRADE FOUR

Developers: Music Committee

Development Date: 2009-10

Instructional Level: Elementary

Description:

In Grade Four music classes, the School District of Holmen students continue to refine and rehearse their recorder skills including composition. Harmony, improvisation, and world drumming are additional musical unites that are taught in grade four.

The Grade Four Music Curriculum is organized by the elements of music: Expression, Rhythm, Form, Melody, Timbre, Texture, and Harmony. See Appendix A for complete listing of state standards.

Grade Four has seven essential learning outcomes:

- 1. Match pitch.
- 2. Identify musical terms.
- 3. Demonstrate proper recorder skills.
- 4. Compose a melody using specific musical guidelines.
- 5. Read notes and rhythms.
- 6. Analyze the form of a piece of music.
- 7. Rehearse and perform at annual music program for an audience.

	r Eleme	the floor		

State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills	
A1, A2, A5, C2, D3, E3, F3, F2	Dynamics Vocabulary Assessments, Performance, & Checklists	Dynamics and dynamic markings including crescendo/decrescendo, p, f, mezzo (mp, mf), pp, ff Changes in dynamics Appropriateness of dynamic choices Dynamics as an expressive choice	
	Tempo Vocabulary Assessments, Performance, & Checklists	Tempos and tempo markings Changes in tempo Appropriateness of tempo choices Tempo as an expressive choice	
	Mood Observation & Movement	Variety of moods	

Grade Four Element of Music: Rhythm			
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills	
A1, A3, B1, B2, B4, C2, E1, F1, F2, F3, F5, I1, I3	Beat	Beat/offbeat	
	Observation & Composition Rubric	Upbeat/pick-up	
	Duration	Tie: quarter note, 2 quarter, rest, 4 sixteenth notes, half note,	
	Observation & Observation Rubric	rest, eighth note, whole, eighth/2 sixteenths,	
		2sixteenths/eighth, dotted quarter, eighth, eighth, dotted	
		quarter, dotted half, rest, rest	
	Meter	2/4, 3/4, 4/4, meters	
	Observation, Performance, & Checklists	Changes in meter	
	Pattern	Even and uneven rhythm patterns (dotted rhythms)	
	Observation & Performance	Syncopation and Swing eighths	

Grade Four Element of Music: Form			
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills	
A3, C1, C3, D1, E4, F1, F2, F3, F5, IH2	Phrase Form Observation, Performance, & Checklists	Question/answer phrase Long and short phrases & Repetition/contrast Solo/chorus & Call and response Introduction, interlude, and coda Cumulative song & Ballad	
	Section Form Vocabulary Assessment, Observation, Performance, & Checklists	Introduction and coda and Interlude Verse/refrain (AB) <i>D.C. al fine</i> (ABA) First and second endings <i>D.S. al fine</i> Section forms including AB, ABA, AABA, ABACA (rondo) Theme/variations	
	Composite Form Observation	Opera, musical theater, symphony	
	Grade Four Element	of Music: Melody	
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills	
A3, B2, B6, C2, C3, D2, E1, E2, F2, F3, F5, H4, I3	Pitch & Direction Observation, Performance, & Assessment Tonality Observation, Performance, & Assessment	Steps, skips, and repeated pitches Pitch letter names Major/minor	

Grade Four Element of Music: Timbre				
Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills			
Environmental Observation & Checklists Vocal Observation & Checklists	Nature soundsMachine soundsVarious tone qualities produced by individuals and groupsGroup: large and small ensemblesVocal blendingA capella singingVariety of vocal styles including: opera, musical theater, andpopular singersVarious tone qualities produced by individual instruments			
Observation, Checklists & Instrumental Rubric Electronic	and groups of instruments Individual instruments Families: strings, percussion, winds, keyboards Instruments from diverse cultures Synthesized sounds Electric guitar			
	Concepts & Assessments Environmental Observation & Checklists Vocal Observation & Checklists Observation & Checklists Instrumental Observation, Checklists & Instrumental Rubric			

Grade Four Element of Music: Texture & Harmony			
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments Strategies & Key Skills		
A2, A3, A4, B2, B6,	Texture Observation, Performance, & Checklists	Ostinato Partner songs & Echo songs Countermelodies and descants Rounds and canons	
C2, C4, D1, E1, F4, F5, H1, H2, I2	Harmony Observation & Performance	Harmony/no harmony Unison/chordal harmony Major/minor 2-partsinging	

• Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

GRADE FIVE

Developers: Music Committee

Development Date: 2009-10

Instructional Level: Elementary

Description:

In Grade Five music classes, the School District of Holmen students have the opportunity to sing in a performing choir, play the entire scale on the recorder, continue additional note-reading, practice sight-singing, continue world drumming, learn musical terminology to correspond with classroom music, and further develop harmony and composition skills..

The Grade Five Music Curriculum is organized by the elements of music: Expression, Rhythm, Form, Melody, Timbre, Texture, and Harmony. See Appendix A for complete listing of state standards.

Grade Five has seven essential learning outcomes:

- 1. Sing a varied repertoire of music alone and with others.
- 2. Identify musical terms.
- 3. Demonstrate proper recorder skills.
- 4. Compose a melody using specific musical guidelines.
- 5. Read notes and rhythms.
- 6. Explains the importance of music and how it relates to history and culture.
- 7. Rehearse and perform at annual music program for an audience.

Grade Five Element of Music: Expression			
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills	
A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B2, B4, D1, E3, F1, F2, G1, G2, H2, I1, I2, I3	Dynamics Vocabulary Assessments, Performance, & Checklists	Dynamics and dynamic markings including crescendo/ decrescendo, pp, ff, messo (mp, mf), pp, ff Changes in dynamics Appropriateness of dynamics choices Dynamics as an expressive choice	
	Tempo Vocabulary Assessments, Performance, & Checklists	Tempo and tempo markings Changes in tempo Appropriateness of tempo choices Tempo as an expressive choice	
	Mood Observation & Movement	Variety of moods	

Grade Five Element of Music: Rhythm				
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills		
	Beat	Beat/offbeat		
	Observation & Composition Rubric	Upbeat (pick- up)		
	Duration	Tie: 4 sixteenth notes, eighth, quarter, eighth, whole, half,		
A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B2, B3, C2, D1, D3, E1, E2,	Observation & Composition Rubric	dotted half, quarter/2 eighth, 2eighth/quarter, dotted		
E4, F1, F2, F3, G1, H1,		eighth/sixteenth, sixteenth/dotted eighth, 3 eighth notes		
H2, I1	Meter	2/4, 3/4, 4/4, meters		
112, 11	Observation, Performance, & Checklists			
	Pattern	Even and uneven rhythm patterns		
	Observation & Performance	(dotted rhythms) & Syncopation		

Grade Five Element of Music: Form				
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills		
A1, A3, B1, B3, B4, C1, C2, D1, D3, E1, E3, F1, F2, G1, G2, I2	Phrase Form Observation, Performance, & Checklists	Question/answer phrase Long and short phrases Repetition/contrast Solo/chorus Call and response Introduction, interlude, and coda Ballad & 12-bar blues		
	Section Form Vocabulary Assessment, Observation, Performance, & Checklists	Section forms including AB, ABA, AABA, ABACA Theme/variations March, Overture Finale, Movement		
	Composite Form Observation	Opera, musical theater, symphony, concerto		

Grade Five Element of Music: Melody				
State Standards for this Concept Concepts & Assessments Strategies & Key Skills				
A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B3,	Pitch & Direction Pitch letter names			
B5, C2, D1, D3, E1, E3,	E1, E3, Observation, Performance, & Assessment			
E4, F1, F2, F3, H1, H2,	4, F1, F2, F3, H1, H2, Tonality Major/minor			
11	Observation, Performance, & Assessment	Whole and half steps		

	Grade Five Element of Music: Timbre				
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts & Assessments	Strategies & Key Skills			
	Environmental	Nature sounds			
	Observation & Checklists	Machine sounds			
	Vocal Observation & Checklists	Various qualities produced by individuals and groups Individual: soprano, alto, tenor, bass			
A1, A3, A5, B2, B4, C2, D2, D3, E1, E4, F1, F2, G1, H1, H2, I1, I2		Group: large and small ensembles Vocal blending <i>A capella</i> singing			
		Variety of vocal styles including: opera, musical theater, and popular singers Vocal production			
	Instrumental	Various tone qualities produced by individual instruments			
	Observation, Checklists, & Instrumental	and groups of instruments			
	Rubric	Individual instruments			
	Electronic	Synthesized sounds			
	Observation & Checklists	Electric guitar			

Grade Five Element of Music: Texture & Harmony					
State Standards for this Concept Concepts & Assessments Strategies & Key Skills					
A1, A3, B1, B2, B3, B4, C1, D3, E1, F1, F2, F3,	Texture Observation, Performance, & Checklists	Ostinato Partner songs Countermelodies and descants Rounds and canons			
G1, G2, H1, H2, I1	Harmony Observation & Performance	Major/minor 2-part singing			

• Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

Elementary Instructional Strategies and Assessment Information

Curriculum and assessment are connected by the teaching and learning that takes place day to day and year to year. The improvement of social studies achievement for all students requires effective teaching in all classrooms. Effective teaching means that students use a variety of processes to deepen their understanding, engage in thoughtful conversations and reflection, and connect previous learning and strategies to new knowledge. These processes on the following pages will be used in classrooms across the District.

Vocabulary Instruction

A SIX-STEP PROCESS FOR TEACHING ACADEMIC VOCABULARY

- 1. Provide a description, explanation or example of the new term.
- 2. Ask students to restate the description, explanation, or example in their own words.
- 3. Ask students to construct a picture, symbol, or graphic representing the term or phrase.
- 4. Engage students periodically in activities that help them add to their knowledge of the terms in their notebooks.
- 5. Periodically ask students to discuss the terms with one another.
- 6. Involve students periodically in games that allow them to play with terms.

Source: Building Academic Vocabulary, Marzano and Pickering, ASCD, 2005.

School District of Holmen

K- Grade 5 Common Assessments

Assessment, both formative and summative, provides evidence of what students know and are able to do as defined in the curriculum. Progress Monitoring–a systematic process by which student performance data are frequently and repeatedly collected and analyzed—helps to identify whether students are meeting the expectations and what will be the course of action if they are not meeting them. The following music assessment plan outlines the present K-5 common assessments that will help with student learning. This is a work in progress. Please see Appendix F for sample common assessments.

Grade Level	Assessments
K	Checklists, rubrics, observation, manipulatives, singing games, written assessments
1	Checklists, rubrics, observation, manipulatives, singing games, written assessments
2	Checklists, rubrics, observation, manipulatives, singing games, written assessments
3	Checklists, rubrics, observation, manipulatives, singing games, written assessments
4	Checklists, rubrics, observation, manipulatives, singing games, written assessments
5	Checklists, rubrics, observation, manipulatives, singing games, written assessments

K - Grade 5 Recommended Resources

Kindergarten/ First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Fourth Grade	Fifth Grade
"Bang Bang" (David Sanborn) For Practicing steady beat	Meet the Instruments Video • Keyboard • Brass	Meet the Instruments Video • Strings • Woodwind • Percussion (portions)	Meet the Instruments Video • Review	Styles of Music Game: Style Dial
Preschool Playtime Band (CD) To practice steady beat and following conductor	Freddie the Frog And the Bass Clef Monster	Freddie the Frog And the Mysterious Wahoo	Music K-8 "Major Minor"	Stomp Out Loud DVD
Movin' & Groovin DVD (Learning Station)	Gustav Mole & the Lost Music (book, CD, and puppet) World Music emphasis	Games: • Doggone Dynamics • Sneaky Snake • Rhythm Rockets	Rossini's Ghost DVD	Liszt's Rhapsody DVD
Sesame Street Video "Let's Make Music"	Music K-8 Song "Piano-Forte"	Portions of Mary Poppins DVD	Mussorgsky Pictures at an Exhibition (Book/CD)-form	Yo-Yes! Book (vocal inflection)
Good King Leopold Game (from 1-2-3 Echo Me)	Handel's Last Chance Video	Portions of the Wizard of OZ DVD	When Jonny Comes Marching Home (book)	
Tubby the Tuba Book and CD	Peter and the Wolf (Book and CD)	Beethoven Lives Upstairs DVD	Music Man DVD (portions)	
Elmo & the Orchestra (CD)	Peer Gynt Video	Catalina Magdalena Hoopersteiner WallendinerBook	Hip Hop Hokey Pokey (tape)	
My Many Colored Days (Dr. Seuss Book and Video)	Mr. Bach Comes to Call (DVD)	Amahl and the Night Visitors DVD		
Christopher Kazoo & Bongo Book (Book/DVD/Activity Book)	The Remarkable Farkle McBride (Book)	Clap to it! Video		

Kindergarten/ First Grade	Second Grade	Third Grade	Fourth Grade	Fifth Grade
Puff the Magic Dragon (Book & CD)	Bunny Hop Rondo (tape)			
Learning Station "You Can Dance" (CD) Movement Songs	Master Mind worksheets by Cheryl Lavendar			
Rhythm Band for Little People (CD/Charts) Also try with varying styles of music	Portions of "The Sound of Music" DVD			
Rockin' Rhythm Raps (Cheryl Lavendar)				
Carnival of the Animals (Video, Book, CD)				

Holmen Middle School Current Program Description of Music

The period represented by grades 6-8 is especially critical in students' musical development. The music they perform or study often becomes an integral part of their personal musical repertoire.

Composing and improvising provide students with an awareness of form and structure in music, while developing their creativity. Broad experience with a variety of music is necessary if the students are to make informed musical judgments and choices. This also enables them to begin to understand the connections and relationships between music and other disciplines. By understanding the culture, history, social attitudes and behaviors, students are better prepared to live and work in communities that are increasingly multicultural. The role that music will play in students' lives depends in large measure on the level of skills they achieve in creating, performing, and listening to music.



The standards in this section presume that the students have achieved the standards specified

for grades K-4. Every course in music, including performance courses, should provide instruction in creating, performing, listening to, and analyzing music, in addition to focusing on its specific subject matter.

Middle School Offerings

Required (meets every other day, receives grade, and credit)

• General Music 6 - Required for students not enrolled in Band, Choir or Orchestra

Elective (meets every other day receives grade, and credit)

- American Music 7
- 6th Grade Band
- 7th Grade Band
- 8th Grade Band
- 6th Grade Orchestra
- 7th Grade Orchestra
- 8th Grade Orchestra

- 6th Grade Vocal
- 7th Grade Vocal
- 8th Grade Vocal
- 8th Grade Music Lab (every day or every other day for a semester)

Extra-Curriculum (meets and/or performs outside the school day; no grade or credit is received and are subject to the cocurricular code)

- Solo & Ensemble Festival Participation
- Jazz Ensemble
- Show Choir

- Chamber Ensembles
- Marching Band (Parades)
- School Musicals/Pit Orchestra

Comprehensive Musicianship through Performance (CMP)

The Comprehensive Musicianship through Performance Project (CMP) was initiated in Wisconsin in 1977 as a means of assisting teachers with the development of "performance with understanding" in school music programs. In the CMP process, students develop an understanding of musical concepts such as expression, melody, rhythm, harmony, texture, timbre, and form by being involved in a variety of roles including performing, improvising, composing, transcribing, arranging, conducting, rehearsing, and analyzing music.

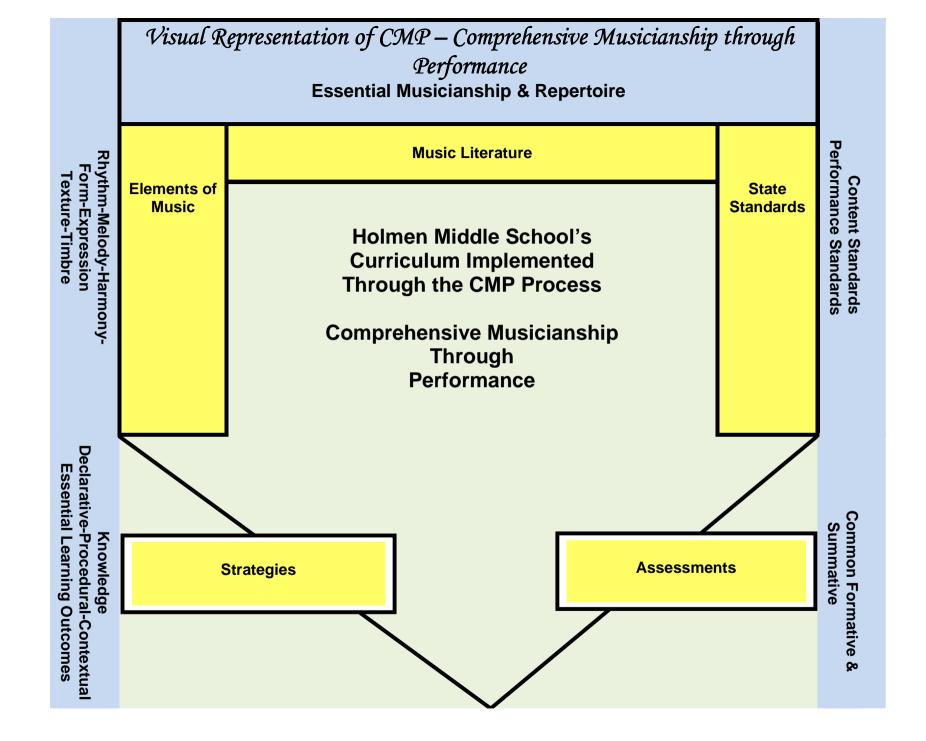
In the designing a teaching plan for a piece of music, music educators examine the five points of the CMP model: music selection, assessment, classroom strategies, outcomes for student learning, and analysis of the piece. Music educators begin planning from the point that best serves the needs of the students. This model offers a structure for the teacher to organize a thorough plan for rehearsing, sharing musical understandings, and including the student in the learning process.

The CMP research indicated that "in order to have an impact on musical behavior, there must be a planned effort by the teacher to enrich the performing experience with additional kinds of musical understanding." The need is even more critical today in view of the emphasis on standards-based education and the call for verification of the developmental effects of music learning.

The CMP Steering Committee continues to refine the process and has joint sponsorship by three state-level agencies: The Wisconsin School Music Association, the Wisconsin Music Educators Association, and the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.

In the School District of Holmen the CMP Model Consists of Five Major Elements:

- 6. Essential Music Selection Question:
 - Why was the music chosen: Was it <u>Essential Repertoire</u> (what concepts or period of time does it represent) or Was it <u>Essential Musicianship</u> (what concepts, level of difficulty, and standards does it cover.)
- 7. Concept of Music (expression, melody, rhythm, harmony, texture, timbre, and form).
- 8. Standard Standards (determined by the DPI with input from Music Association & Music Educators Association)
- 9. Assessments & Essential Learning Outcomes (What do we want our students to know and how will we know)
- 10. Strategies (tasks, projects, rehearsals, performances, curriculum mapping).



Holmen Middle School Current Program Description of General Music

General Music Classes (non-performance)

General Music – Grade 6 (one semester, every other day)

Sixth Grade music reinforces the basic elements of music taught in the elementary schools, and applies these elements in a hands-on, creative process, so that students can express their individuality, while learning the concept of teamwork. Students will focus on the elements of music, (expression, rhythm, form, melody, timbre, texture and harmony), and will compose simple rhythms and melodies. They will explore a variety of musical styles, while learning about the history of music. World Music Drumming – Students will be introduced to the principles and fundamental techniques of playing a variety of instruments, while learning songs, dances, historical and cultural information from West Africa, the Caribbean, and other countries.

American Music – Grade 7 (one semester elective, every other day)

Seventh Grade music expands the elements of music, so that students are aware of the history of music, as it relates to careers in music, music technology, and popular music styles. American Music features the evolution of popular music, from rhythm and blues, to jazz, to rock and roll to current styles. The class will also share music in current events and music as it relates to history, culture, careers, technology, and other subjects. Elements of music are reviewed and explored, relating to music selected for listening and/or performing. World Music Drumming – Students will continue with the principles of playing, by learning advanced ensembles and instruments, and by creating and performing original ensembles.

Grade 8 Music Lab – Piano(one semester elective, every other day)Grade 8 Music Lab – Guitar(one semester elective, every other day)

Eighth Grade Music Lab (Piano / Guitar) takes the learning elements, and applies them to the study of piano and guitar. These classes are designed for the student who wants to learn to functionally read music and develop basic keyboard and guitar playing skills. It teaches the language of musical notation and how to read and apply it to the piano and guitar. Strategies cover rhythm, time signatures, bass and treble clefs, scales and chord structure, while learning and creating songs in both courses. Both classes include the study of careers in the music industry, which may involve tours to radio stations, music stores or recording studios. Music in current events and music as it relates to history, culture and other subjects will be integrated into the courses. Mood music, movie scores, commercial jingles, professional and avocational musicians are just a few of the lessons that connect students from the textbook to their own personal style and goals. World Music Drumming will be included in both courses – Students will focus on drumming techniques in advanced ensembles, with more instruments and student-led drum circles.

WHAT DO STUDENTS NEED TO KNOW IN GENERAL MUSIC?

Flomente of Music	State Content Standard	State Performance Standard		
Elements of Music	State Content Standard	Grades 6	Grade 7	Grades 8
	Performance A. Singing B. Instrumental	A1, A3,A2, A4 B1, B4	A1, A3, A4 B2, B3	A1, A2, A3 B1, B2, B3, B4
 Expression Melody 	Creativity C. Improvisation D. Composition	C2,C3 D1	C2, C3 D1	C2, C3 D2, D3
<i>3.</i> Rhythm <i>4.</i> Harmony <i>5.</i> Form	Literacy E. Reading and Notating	E1,E2, E3	E1, E2, E3	E1, E3, E4
6. Texture (Style)7. Timbre (Style)	Response F. Analysis G. Evaluation	F1,F2, F3 G1, G2	F1, F3 G1	F1, F2, F3 G1, G2
	Connections H. The Arts I. History and Culture	H1, H2, H3 I1,I2, I3	H1 I3	H1, H3 I1, I2, I3

HOW WILL THEY AS STUDENTS, AND WE AS EDUCATORS, KNOW THEY ARE LEARNING IN MUSIC?

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments
Rhythm worksheets	Term Tests
Note reading worksheets	Composition projects/Assessment
Resource activities	Rubrics
Performance/Peer Critiques	Research projects/Assessment
Performance/Observations	Rubrics
Performance/Self-assessments	Performance /Assessment Rubrics
Creating/Self-assessments	End of Unit Reviews
Creating/Peer assessments	

HOW WILL STUDENTS LEARN IN GENERAL MUSIC?

Teaching Framework	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies
	Students will be able to read pitches on the staff, in the appropriate clef and range.	Explore rhythms using a variety of notes and rests. Learn about melody using examples.
Elements of music	Students will be able to read rhythms in various meters	Learn hand signs and pitch syllables.
	Students will be able to recognize and notate pitch, interval and rhythmic patterns.	Learn about major and minor scales.
	Students will create short rhythmic and melodic compositions.	Create rhythmic and melodic compositions
	Students will learn about African and Latin American cultures.	Understand and place greater value on the peoples and musical cultures of African and the Caribbean.
World Music Drumming	Students will learn drumming techniques.	Demonstrate techniques for playing various types of drums and other percussion equipment.
	Students will learn about building working and community skills	Understand and demonstrate the value and techniques of cooperative teamwork.
Music Through Time	Students will be able to identify musical terms, relating to different time periods	Explore music and composers through time. Learn about instruments through history.
	Students will be able to describe and identify musical examples from different time periods.	Explore opera throughout the world. Learn about nationalism and program music
Music Careers and	Students will be able to identify musical terms, relating to technology and the music business. Students will be able to understand how various careers are related to	Learn about composers, arrangers, recording studios, promoters, and others in the music business.
Technology	music.	Understand legal issues regarding copyrights
American Popular	Students will be able to identify musical terms, relating to different time periods in American Music.	Explore person styles in music
Music	Students will be able to describe and identify musical examples from different styles of music.	Learn about the varied instruments in pop music.
		Learn about the evolution of the blues, country, jazz, hip-hop, and rock and roll.

6TH GRADE GENERAL MUSIC

Developer: Music Committee Development Date: 2009-10 Instructional Level: Middle School

Description:

Sixth Grade music reinforces the basic elements of music taught in the elementary schools, and applies these elements in a hands-on, creative process, so that students can express their individuality, while learning the concept of teamwork.

Students will focus on the elements of music, (expression, rhythm, form, melody, timbre, texture and harmony), and will compose simple rhythms and melodies. They will explore a variety of musical styles, while learning about the history of music. World Music Drumming – Students will be introduced to the principles and fundamental techniques of playing a variety of instruments, while learning songs, dances, historical and cultural information from West Africa, the Caribbean, and other countries.

The materials and resources for this course were chosen based on the two selection questions of the CMP Model: What concepts of music or period of time do the materials and resources represent? (Essential Repertoire) and/or what concepts of music, level of difficulty, and standards do the materials and resources cover? (Essential Musicianship). The course was developed to answer the following questions:

- <u>What do students need to know?</u> Students need to an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards).
- <u>How will students learn?</u> Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes.
- <u>How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?</u> Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching frameworks.

Teaching Framework:

Elements of Music – Rhythm, Pitch, Form World Music Drumming Music Through Time Music, Careers and Technology American Music

Essential Learning Outcomes:

- Students will achieve a higher level of music appreciation, skill achievement, and music independence by expanding their music foundation.
- Students will develop and demonstrate their basic understandings through the three modes of musical learning performing, creating, and responding.

Sixth Grade General Music Element of Music: Expression		
State Standards for this Concept Concepts Strategies – Skills		
A1, E1, G1	Singing, Reading and Notating, Evaluation	Sing a song for male voice, with expression
F1.G1. G2. I2. I3	Analysis, The Arts, History and Culture	Learn about virtuoso performers

Sixth Grade General Music Element of Music: Rhythm		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts Strategies – Skills	
E1, E3	Reading and Notating Music	Rhythmic notes and rests, Meter
B1, C3	Instrumental, Improvisation	Compose a Hand Jive
B1,B3, C2, A1, A3	Instrumental, Improvisation, Singing	World Music Drumming I

Sixth Grade General Music Element of Music: Form		
State Standards for this Concept	or Concepts Strategies – Skills	
A1, E1, F1, G1, H3	Singing, Reading and Notating, Analysis, Evaluation, The Arts	Proud Dance of the Nations Theme/variations Sonata Form

	Sixth Grade General Music Element of Music: Melody	
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts Strategies – Skills	
D1,E3, E2, F1,F3, I1, I3	Composition, Reading and Notating, Analysis, History and Culture	Major and relative minor scale Composition relative to do or la Basics of melody Bach Then and Now

Sixth Grade General Music Element of Music: Timbre		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts Strategies – Skills	
A1. A3. F1. F3. H3. I1, I2, I3	Singing, Analysis, The Arts, History and Culture	Your Changing Voice Music Trough Time

Sixth Grade General Music Element of Music: Texture & Harmony		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts	Strategies – Skills
F2, G1, A1	Singing, Analysis, Evaluation	I'm a Believer Chants Chapel of Love

• Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

7TH GRADE AMERICAN MUSIC

Developer: Music Committee	Development Date: 2009-10	Instructional Level: Middle
		School

Description:

Seventh Grade music expands the elements of music, so that students are aware of the history of music, as it relates to careers in music, music technology, and popular music styles.

American Music features the evolution of popular music, from rhythm and blues, to jazz, to rock and roll to current styles. The class will also share music in current events and music as it relates to history, culture, careers, technology, and other subjects. Elements of music are reviewed and explored, relating to music selected for listening and/or performing. World Music Drumming – Students will continue with the principles of playing, by learning advanced ensembles and instruments, and by creating and performing original ensembles.

The materials and resources for this course were chosen based on the two selection questions of the CMP Model: What concepts of music or period of time do the materials and resources represent? (<u>Essential Repertoire</u>) and/or what concepts of music, level of difficulty, and standards do the materials and resources cover? (<u>Essential Musicianship</u>). The course was developed to answer the following questions:

- <u>What do students need to know?</u> Students need to an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards).
- <u>How will students learn?</u> Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes.
- <u>How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?</u> Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching frameworks.

Teaching Framework:

Elements of Music – Rhythm, Pitch, Form World Music Drumming Music Through Time Music, Careers and Technology American Music

Essential Learning Outcomes:

- Students will achieve a higher level of music appreciation, skill achievement, and music independence by expanding their music foundation.
- Students will develop and demonstrate their basic understandings through the three modes of musical learning performing, creating, and responding.

Seventh Grade American Music Element of Music: Expression		
State Standards for Concepts Strategies – Skills		
F1, F3	Analysis	Variety of Mood
A1, F2, G1	Singing, Analysis, Evaluation	Teen Idols

Seventh Grade American Music Element of Music: Rhythm		
State Standards for this Concept	Concents Strategies – Skills	
F1, F2, F3, I3	Analysis	Dance Culture in America
C2, F2, F3, I3	Improvisation	Hip-Hop Music
A1, A3, B2, B3, C3, I3	Singing, Playing, Improvisation	World Music Drumming

Seventh Grade American Music Element of Music: Form		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts Strategies - Skills	
A1, C2, F2, F3, H1, I2, I3	Singing, Improvisation, Analysis, The Arts, History and Culture	Call and response Twelve Bar Blues Jazz

Seventh Grade America Music Element of Music: Melody		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts Strategies – Skills	
C2, F1, F2, F3, H1, I3	Improvisation, Analysis, The Arts, History and Culture	Jazz Country

Seventh Grade American Music Element of Music: Timbre		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts Strategies – Skills	
F3, H1, I3	Analysis, The Arts, History and Culture	Pop Instruments, Vocals, Sound
F1	Analysis	What a Wonderful World – describing three different performances

Seventh Grade American Music Concept of Music: Texture & Harmony		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts	Strategies – Skills
F2, F3, I2	Analysis, History and Culture	The Blues
A1, A3, A4, B1, B3, I3	Singing, Playing, History and Culture	World Music Drumming – Banuwa

Seventh Grade American Music Concept of Music: Careers		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts Strategies – Skills	
F3, F2, H1, I3	Analysis, The Arts, History and Culture	Music Careers

Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a ٠ combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

8TH GRADE MUSIC LAB – PIANO OR GUITAR

Developer: Music Committee	Development Date: 2009-10	Instructional Level: Middle
		School

Description: Grade 8 Music Lab – Piano (one semester elective, every other day) Grade 8 Music Lab – Guitar (one semester elective, every other day) Eighth Grade Music Lab (Piano / Guitar) takes the learning elements, and applies them to the study of piano and guitar. These classes are designed for the student who wants to learn to functionally read music and develop basic keyboard and guitar playing skills. It teaches the language of musical notation and how to read and apply it to the piano and guitar. Strategies cover rhythm, time signatures, bass and treble clefs, scales and chord structure, while learning and creating songs in both courses.

Both classes include the study of careers in the music industry, which may involve tours to radio stations, music stores or recording studios. Music in current events and music as it relates to history, culture and other subjects will be integrated into the courses. Mood music, movie scores, commercial jingles, professional and avocational musicians are just a few of the lessons that connect students from the textbook to their own personal style and goals. World Music Drumming will be included in both courses – Students will focus on drumming techniques in advanced ensembles, with more instruments and student-led drum circles.

The materials and resources for this course were chosen based on the two selection questions of the CMP Model: What concepts of music or period of time do the materials and resources represent? (<u>Essential Repertoire</u>) and/or what concepts of music, level of difficulty, and standards do the materials and resources cover? (<u>Essential Musicianship</u>). The course was developed to answer the following questions:

- <u>What do students need to know?</u> Students need to an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards).
- <u>How will students learn?</u> Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes.
- <u>How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?</u> Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching frameworks.

Teaching Framework:

Elements of Music – Rhythm, Pitch, Form World Music Drumming Music Through Time Music, Careers and Technology American Music

Essential Learning Outcomes:

- Students will achieve a higher level of music appreciation, skill achievement, and music independence by expanding their music foundation.
- Students will develop and demonstrate their basic understandings through the three modes of musical learning performing, creating, and responding.

	Eighth Grade Music Lab Element of Music: Expression		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts	Strategies – Skills	
F3, I1, I2, I3	Listening to, Analyzing, Describing Music Understanding Music in relation to history and culture	Ages of Music	
D2, D3, E1, E4, F1, F3, I2,	Composing, Reading, Listening to, Analyzing, Describing Music Understanding Music in relation to history and culture	Music of Stravinsky	
E1, F1, F2	Reading, Listening to, Analyzing, Describing Music	Dynamics	
D3,E4, F2, I3	Composing, Reading, Listening to, Analyzing, Describing Music Understanding Music in relation to history and culture	Mood Music	

Eighth Grade Music Lab Element of Music: Rhythm		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts	Strategies – Skills
A1, A3, B1, B3, G2, I3	Singing, Playing, Evaluating, Understanding Music in relation to history and culture	World Music Drumming
B1,B2, B3, B4,D2, D3, E1, E4, F1, F3, I2E1, E3, F2	Singing, Playing, Composing, Reading	Note values, dotted notes and Meter
A3, B1,B2, B3, B4,D2, D3, E1, E4, F1, F3, I2	Singing, Playing, Composing, Reading	Piano, and Guitar Methods

Eighth Grade Music Lab Element of Music: Form		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts	Strategies – Skills
F1, F2. F3. I2	Listening to and Analyzing Music, Understanding Music in relation to history and culture	Mozart Rondo
A3, B3, F2, I2	Singing, Playing, Listening to and Analyzing Music, Understanding Music in relation to history and culture	12-Bar Blues

Eighth Grade Music Lab Element of Music: Melody		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts	Strategies – Skills
A1, A3, B1, B3, G2, I3	Singing, Playing, Evaluating, Understanding Music in relation to history and culture	World Music Drumming
A3, B1,B2, B3, B4,D2, D3, E1, E4, F1, F3, I2	Singing, Playing, Composing, Reading	Piano and Guitar Methods
E3	Reading and Notating	Pitch and Interval Training

Eighth Grade Music Lab Element of Music: Timbre		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts Strategies – Skills	
C3, F1, F3	Improvisation, Analysis	Medieval and Renaissance Instruments
A2, F3, I2	Singing, Analysis, Understanding Music in relation to history and culture	Folk music / Pete Seeger

Eighth Grade Music Lab Element of Music: Texture & Harmony		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts	Strategies – Skills
D3, F3, I2	Composition, Analysis, Understanding Music in relation to history and culture	Madrigals
A3, B1, B2, C2, C3, D3, E4, F1, F2, F3, G1, G2, H3	Singing, Playing, Composing, Reading and Notating, Analysis, Evaluation, The Arts	Playing chords and learning songs on piano and guitar.

Eighth Grade Music Lab Element of Music: Careers		
State Standards for this Concept	Concepts	Strategies – Skills
A1, A2, C3, D1, D3, E4,F1, F2, F3, G1, G2, H1, H3	Singing, Improvisation, Composition, Reading and Notating, Analysis, Evaluation, The Arts	Mood music, Movie Music, Jingles, Broadway careers, Music Therapy, Teaching, Avocational Musicians

GENERAL MUSIC OUTLINE

6th grade –General Music– Required for students not enrolled in Band, Choir or Orchestra 7th grade –American Music – Offered as an elective 8th grade –Music Lab/Piano or Music Lab/Guitar– Offered as an elective

1. INTRODUCTION TO MUSIC (6th grade)

<u>CONCEPTS</u>	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
EXPRESSION	Н, І	Discussion	Your Musical Self
MELODY TEXTURE & HARMONY	A, E, H, I A, E, H, I	On Wisconsin Rivers of Wisconsin	
TEXTORE & HARMONT	А, С, П, 1	Vocal Qualities & range	
		America the Beautiful	
		You Were On My Mind	
		Treble and bass clef	
		Chapel of Love I'm a Believer	
MELODY	А	Jingle Bells – Finding your range	Lift Up Your Voice 2
EXPRESSION	Á,E,H,I	Proud	
	, , , ,	Pride in country, self	
		Maya Angelou/poems	
		Coat of Many Colors Dolly Parton/song and book	
		Biographies	
EXPRESSION	A, E, I	Music and Heroes of America	
		God Bless America	
	2.	<u>MUSIC THEORY (6th grade)</u>	
<u>CONCEPTS</u>	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
RHYTHM	A,B,D,E,G	Clap & count basic rhythms	
		Compose rhythmic patterns with	Musical Tool Kit 1
		Half, quarter and eighth notes Clap and count dotted notes	MUSICAI TOOT KIL I
		Compose rhythmic patterns with	
		Various time signatures	Music Tool Kit 5
TIMBRE	G,I	Pitched Percussion	Percussion Worksheet
		Rhythm compositions Notes in treble clef	Assessment Rubric
MELODY	A,E,G,H,I	Pentatonic scale	Note Puzzles
		Create and play melodies	Assessment Rubric

<u>3.WORLD MUSIC DRUMMING I (6th grade)</u>

CONCEPTS	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
RHYTHM	A,B,C,F,G,I	Drumming technique West African drumming Echo Patterns 1 & 2 Music & History of W. Africa Playing ensemble 1 Singing songs with ensemble 1	Perform/Peer critique Playing open & closed tones Perform/Peer critique WMD Worksheet
TIMBRE	A,B,C,F, G, I	Caribbean Connections Music & History of the Caribbean Improvisation Echo Patterns 3 & 4	Perform/Peer critique Perform/Peer critique

4. MUSIC THEN AND NOW (6th Grade)

<u>CONCEPT</u>	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
TIMBRE	F,I	Describe Examples	Music Then and Now 1
TEXTURE & HARMONY	F,G	Chants	
TIMBRE	F,I	Renaissance Instruments	
MELODY	F,I	Bach Then and Now	
TIMBRE	F,H	Woodwind Instruments	Woodwind Worksheet
FORM	B,E,F	Classical Music – Sonata Form	
TIMBRE	E,F,H,I	Beethoven	
EXPRESSION	F,G,I	Virtuoso Performers	
TIMBRE	F,I	Knowledge of Musical Eras	Listening Test
		Knowledge of Terms	Term Test

1. INTRODUCTION TO MUSIC (7th grade)

<u>CONCEPTS</u>	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
EXPRESSION	H,I	Discussion –Music for Moments	
TEXTURE & HARMONY	А, Е, Н, I	Rivers of Wisconsin	
		Vocal Qualities & range	
		America the Beautiful	
		You Were On My Mind	
		Treble and bass clef	
		Chapel of Love	
		I'm a Believer	
MELODY	A	Jingle Bells – Finding your range	Lift Up Your Voice 2
MELODY	A,E,I	Just for fun songs	
		Treble and bass clef	Note Identification
EXPRESSION	A,E,G,H,I	Patriotism/ Nationalism	
TEXTURE & HARMONY		This Land is Your Land/Pete Seeger	

2. <u>MUSIC THEORY (7th grade)</u>

<u>CONCEPTS</u>	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
RHYTHM	A,B,D,E,F	Clap & count basic rhythms	
		Ties and dotted notes	MTK 2 Ties
		Compose rhythmic patterns	MTK 34 Cool Composer
MELODY	E	Treble and bass clef	Note puzzle
MELODY	A,E	C Major scale/ A minor scale	
		Create and play etudes	Assessment Rubric

3. <u>WORLD</u> <u>MUSIC</u> <u>DRUMMING</u> <u>II</u> (7th grade)

<u>CONCEPTS</u>	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
RHYTHM TIMBRE FORM	A,B,C,F,H,I	Drumming technique West African drumming Echo Pattern 5 (drum cheer)	Perform/Peer critique
EXPRESSION	A,B,C,F,H,I	Music of Ghana South African Drum Ensemble	WMD Worksheet The Beat Goes On 4

		Playing ensemble 3	Performance Rubric
MELODY		Singing songs with ensemble 3	
RHYTHM	A,B,C,F,H,I	Drumming technique	Perform/Peer critique
		Lord of the Bothran Ensemble	
		Singing songs with 6/8 ensemble	
EXPRESSION		Creating new verses to a song	

4. MUSIC THEN AND NOW (7th Grade)

CONCEPTS	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
TIMBRE FORM TIMBRE EXPRESSION TIMBRE	F,H,I F,I E,F,I A,F,I F,I	Opera Music About a Nation Strike Up the Band Music in the U.S.A. Knowledge of Musical Eras Knowledge of Terms	Identify Examples Term Test

5. CAREERS IN MUSIC (7th grade)

CONCEPTS	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
TIMBRE MELODY	F F,I	Techno DJ I Write the Songs	
MELODY MELODY MELODY	H A,D,F,G,I	Who Owns a Song? Vocal Performers	Write Lyrics
EXPRESSION	G,H	Vocal Coach	White Lyncs
TIMBRE HARMONY & TEXTURE	G,H H	Music Engineering & Recording Editing, Publishing & Promoting Knowledge of Terms	Term Test
		Projects/Presentations	Assessment Rubric

<u>6. AMERICAN MUSIC MIX (7TH Grade)</u>

CONCEPTS	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
EXPRESSION	F	Popular Music Styles	
TIMBRE	F	Popular Instruments	
TEXTURE & HARMONY	F,I	Singin' the Blues	
RHYTHM	F	Research Popular Dance Styles	American Music Mix 4
RHYTHM	С	Hip-Hop and Rap	
		Create a Rap	American Music Mix 5
		Perform a Rap	Performance Rubric
MELODY	C,G,I	Elements/History of Jazz	
TIMBRE	F,G	Comparing Pop Vocal Styles	American Music Mix 6
TEXTURE & HARMONY	Á,B,E,F	Elements/History of Rock and Roll	
EXPRESSION	A,F,G	Teen Idol Profile	American Music Mix 8
MELODY	A,F,G	Elements/History of Country	
		Knowledge of Terms	Term Test
		Projects/Presentations	Assessment Rubric

<u>1. MUSIC CAREERS / AMERICAN POPULAR MUSIC (8th grade)</u>

CONCEPTS	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
MELODY	A,B,G,H	A4-5 Write a Jingle	Business of Music 2
EXPRESSION	H,I	A6-7 Mood Music	Business of Music 3
TIMBRE	F,G,H	A8-9 Movie Musicians	World Music 9
MELODY	F,G,H	A10-11Compare Movie Themes	Business of Music 4
EXPRESSION	A,F,G,H	A16-19Compare Performances	Business of Music 5
EXPRESSION	A,G,H,I	A20-25Behind the Scenes	Job Match Quiz
RHYTHM	A,B,G,H	A26-27Music Helping People	
EXPRESSION	H,I	A30-31Avocational Musicians	Business of Music 10

2. MUSIC THEORY (8th grade)

CONCEPTS	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
	<u>Piano/Guita</u>	r methods:	
RHYTHM	A,B,D,E,G	Clap & count basic rhythms	Perform/Observation
		Clap and counted dotted notes	
MELODY	A,E,G,H,I	Read notes in treble and bass clef Note puzz	les
		Compose etudes	Assessment Rubric
		Perform etudes	Performance/rubric
	<u>Piano:</u>		
TEXTURE & HARMONY	A,B,C,F,G	E2-5 I-IV Accompaniment	Perform/Peer Critique E2
TEXTURE & HARMONY	B,D,F,G	E6-7 I-IV-V Chords	Perform/Peer Critique E3
TEXTURE & HARMONY	B,C,E,F	E8-9 I-IV-V Accompaniment	Perform/Observation E4
	<u>Guitar:</u>		
MELODY	B,E,F	F2-3 Know Your Guitar	Perform/Observation F3
TEXTURE & HARMONY	B,E,F	F4-5 Chords and Strums	Perform/Observe
TEXTURE & HARMONY	E,F,G	F6-7 Reggae Strums	Perform/Self-Assessment
TEXTURE & HARMONY	B,F	F8-9 G, C, D Chords	Perform/Observation F5
	Piano/Guita	<u></u>	
MELODY	E,F	Major Scales & Chords	Performance/rubric
	<u>3. WC</u>	ORLD MUSIC DRUMMING III (8 th gi	<u>rade)</u>
CONCEPTS	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS
RHYTHM	A,B,C,F,G,I	Drumming technique	Perform/Peer critique
NITTIM	A, D, C, T, G, I	Playing Echo Pattern 5 (drum cheer)	renonn/reer chuque
		Playing ensemble 3	
MELODY		Singing songs with ensemble 3	
FORM	A.B.C,F,G,I,	Creating Drum Circles	Perform/Peer critique
	<u>4.</u>	MUSIC THEN AND NOW 8 th Grade	
		4.	

CONCEPTS	STANDARDS	LESSONS/STRATEGIES	ASSESSMENTS	
EXPRESSION	F,I	C2-3 Describe Ages of Music	Music Through Time 1	
TEXTURE & HARMONY	F,I	C4-5 Madrigals	MTT 2 Perform/Observe	
TIMBRE	F	C6-7 Medieval/Renaissance	MTT 4 Quiz	
FORM	F,I	C10-13Mozart Rondo		
EXPRESSION	F,I	C30-33Stravinski TIMBRE	A,F,I C3	34-
35Pete Seeger	Journa	l		

6th – 8th GRADE BAND

Developers: Music Committee Development Date: 2009-10 Instructional Level: Middle School

Description:

Grade 6: Students begin instrumental music instruction in the summer before 6th grade with a four-week program that starts the last week of July and continues through the first three weeks of August. When school resumes in September, students continue individual/small group lessons once every week at twenty minutes each. In addition, full band begins and will meet every other day during Academy time. First year instruction centers on developing tonal concept, counting fundamental rhythmic patterns, and correct fingerings and hand position on their chosen instrument. Music performed is of a grade 1 level and occasionally 1-1/2. The 6th grade band will give 2 to 3 required evening performances during the school year.

<u>Grade 7</u>: In their second year of instrumental music study students begin a combined marching program with the 8th grade band. The majority of marching band instruction takes place during the four-week summer band program that begins the last week of July and culminates the third week of August with the annual Holmen Kornfest Parade. In September, further marching band instruction takes place during the day and is required course work. Most parades are outside of the school day, and while attendance and participation are expected, students may be excused from these with written parent permission.

Increased scale study begins in 7th grade where quality grade 2 level, and occasionally 1-1/2 and 2-1/2 level music are studied. ALL students also complete a major unit emphasizing solo and small ensemble playing and will participate in the WSMA District Solo & Ensemble Festival. Jazz Ensemble and/or Jazz Combo are offered as after school co-curricular experiences. The band meets every other day throughout the year and performs three required evening concerts annually, at the end of the 2nd,3rd and 4th quarters of study (January, March and May). They also participate in the WSMA Concert Festival in April. Individual/small group lessons continue once each week for twenty minutes each.

<u>Grade 8</u>: n the third year of instrumental music study, students learn about the audition process and audition for seating placement in the band. Advanced scales and technical studies are added and top students are recommended to participate in Wisconsin's two middle-level honors bands. Marching band, solo & ensemble festival, and jazz study are all continued, as are other occasional performance opportunities in the school and community. The 8th grade band also performs for the school's Veteran's Day Assembly in November. Quality band literature of a grade 2-1/2 level and occasionally 2 and 3 level music is studied. The band meets every other day throughout the school year and performs three required evening concerts annually, at the end of the 2nd,3rd and 4th quarters of study (January, March and May). They also participate in the WSMA Concert Festival in April. Individual/small group lessons continue once each week for twenty minutes each.

The materials and resources for this course were chosen based on the two selection questions of the CMP Model: What concepts of music or period of time do the materials and resources represent? (<u>Essential Repertoire</u>) and/or what concepts of music, level of difficulty, and standards do the materials and resources cover? (<u>Essential Musicianship</u>). The course was developed to answer the following questions:

- <u>What do students need to know?</u> Students need to an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards).
- <u>How will students learn?</u> Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes.
- <u>How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?</u> Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching frameworks.

Essential Learning Outcomes: Performance, Creativity, Literacy, Connections, and Response

- After playing a pitch or passage on their instrument, the student can accurately sing what they played...
- Will consistently play with a characteristic tone for their instrument, showing good posture, a strong embouchure, correct hand/instrument positioning and full breath support throughout the practical playing range of their instrument.
- Prepare parts for performance in solo, small and large ensembles utilizing appropriate practice procedures and adequate preparation time.
- After hearing examples of instrumental ornamentation and variation, the student will appropriately employ them in a simple solo passage.
- Will complete simple composition projects utilizing traditional and nontraditional sound sources.
- Working in a small group, students will arrange and perform a simple piece for multiple instruments, transposing their parts from concert pitch.
- Clap and count rhythmic examples out loud alone and in groups.
- Accurately define common Italian musical terms for dynamics, tempo, articulation, and expression.
- Perform all scales evenly at appropriate tempi.
- Note spacing, stem length and direction, accidental placement and appropriate use of symbols will have proper part-writing practices.
- Through listening examples and their own performance repertoire, correctly identify musical form and components.
- Identify and discuss how the different concepts of music (melody, harmony, rhythm, tone color, texture, and form) are treated differently in various genres, styles, and historical periods and by different composers.
- Apply effective criteria of analysis to their own lives as well as others live and recorded performances.
- Completion of one or more cross-curricular projects or events.
- Participate in ongoing listening projects of important musical works requiring identification of style, era, composer and/or significant compositional devices.
- Presentation of term paper describing the role of music in one or more other cultures.
- Explore the various media and collect examples of how unique and everyday events are combined with the arts and elevated to artistic forms.

Sixth – Eighth Grade Band Content Standard: Performance Play alone and with others a varied repertoire of music on instruments					
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies – Lessons			
8-A.1, 8-A.2, 8-B.1, 8- B.2, 8-B.3	Singing on "la", accurately match pitch in the student's most octave. Accurately perform music alone and in small and large ensembles of an age-appropriate difficulty (Grade 6 – level 1). Demonstrate an understanding of tonal concept on at	 After playing a pitch or passage on their instrument, the student can accurately sing what they played. The student consistently plays with a characteristic tone for their instrument, showing good posture, a strong 			
	least one instrument using proper posture, breath control, playing position (hand & instrument) and embouchure.	embouchure, correct hand/instrument positioning and full breath support throughout the practical playing range of			
	Perform music resenting diverse cultures, historic periods and genres with appropriate expression and style. Accurately sing a sustained musical phrase or melody using proper breath support and expression.	 their instrument. Prepare parts for performance in solo, small and large ensembles utilizing appropriate practice procedures and adequate preparation time. 			

Sixth – Eighth Grade Band Content Standard: Creativity Improvise, compose and arrange music				
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies – Lessons		
8.C.1, 8.D.1, 8.E.2, 8.D.3	Improvise melodic embellishments and simple rhythmic and melodic variations on given melodies in major and/or minor keys.	 After hearing examples of instrumental ornamentation and variation, the student will appropriately employ them in a simple solo 		
	Where presented in the text, <i>Standard of Excellence</i> , compose short pieces utilizing the specific guidelines presented and the appropriate elements of music. Alone or in small groups, use a variety of traditional and nontraditional sound sources to compose a short tune.	 passage. Student will complete written lesson book assignments in a timely manner. Students will complete a simple composition project utilizing traditional and nontraditional 		
	Explain the concept of "concert pitch" and how to transpose for their instrument. Arrange a simple piece for two or more instruments, transposing the parts from concert pitch using standard written notation.	 sound sources. Working with at least one other person, student will arrange and perform a simple piece for multiple instruments transposing their parts from concert pitch. 		

Sixth – Eighth Grade Band Content Standard: Literacy Read and notate music					
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies – Lessons			
8.E.1, 8.E.2, 8.E.3, 8.E.5	 Accurately count/read whole, half, quarter, eighth, sixteenth and dotted notes and rests in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 3/8, 6/8, and 2/2 meters. Identify and define standard notation symbols and terms for pitch, rhythm, dynamic, tempo, articulation and expression. Sight-read simple melodies in the appropriate clef for their instrument at a difficulty level of two (on a scale of one to six). Write and perform the following major scales from memory: Bb, Eb, F, Ab, C, Db & G (concert pitch). Write and perform and the following minor scales: g, c, d, f, a, b-flat & e (concert pitch). Write and perform from memory a 2-octave chromatic scale from concert F to F. 	 Students will clap and count rhythmic examples out loud alone and in groups. Students will accurately define common Italian musical terms for dynamics, tempo, and articulation expression. All scales will be performed evenly at appropriate tempi. Written examples will demonstrate proper part-writing practices with regards to note spacing, stem length and direction, accidental placement and appropriate use of symbols. 			

Sixth – Eighth Grade Band Content Standard: Response Analyze, describe and evaluate music and music performances					
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies – Lessons			
8.F.1, 8.F.2, 8.F.3, 8.G.1, 8.G.2	Identify the basic instrumental forms: ABA, sonata, rondo, theme & variations.	Through listening examples and their own performance repertoire, students must			
	Identify specific musical events found in form: Introduction, development, modulation, recapitulation, coda, theme, motive, modality and cadence. Listen, analyze and explain the uses of musical elements in various musical genres and styles. Demonstrate knowledge of the basic principles of music theory: rhythm, tonality, meter, intervals, chords and harmonic progression. Describe the common criteria of musical performance and apply it their listening and performing.	 correctly identify musical form and the components contained therein. Students must identify how the different elements of music (melody, harmony, rhythm, tone color, texture and form) are treated differently in various genres, styles, and historical periods and by different composers. Apply effective criteria of analysis to their own as well as others' live and recorded performance. 			

Sixth – Eighth Grade Band Content Standard: Connections Relate music to the other arts, disciplines outside the arts, history and culture					
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies – Lessons			
8.H.1, 8.H.2, 8.H.3, 8.I.1, 8.I.2, 8.I.3	Understand how music connects with other curricular disciplines. Compare and contrast similar elements and terminology in each of two or more arts. Describe the role music plays in varying cultures of the world. Identify quality works of music by style, genre, historical period, and/or composer and explain the characteristics that give them aesthetic value. Describe how particular events, scenes, emotions or ideas may be transformed or elevated to works of art through the employment of two or more art forms.	 Completion of one or more cross-curricular projects or events. Presentation of a term paper describing the role of music in one or more other cultures. Participate in ongoing listening projects of important musical works requiring identification of style, era composer and/or significant compositional devices. (May be a part of the Wisconsin Music Educators Association Listening Project or Wisconsin Public Radio's Drop Everything and Listen.) Explore the various media (new and entertainment) and collect examples of how unique and everyday events are combined with the arts and elevated to artistic forms 			

• Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

	Instrumental Music ()	Vinds and Percussio	n) Curriculum Outline	
Instrumental Music (Winds and Percussion) Curriculum Outline Grade 6				
State Standard B. Instrumental	State Standard C. Improvisation & D. Composition	State Standard E. Reading and Notating F. Analysis	State Standard G. Evaluate	State Standard H. Arts & I. Culture & History
 Demonstrate: Proper Posture Proper hand and instrument positions (proper grip for percussionists) Proper embouchure Proper breath support (stick technique) A characteristic tone for instrument in mid-register Appropriate care and maintenance of instrument Proper articulations for: staccato, legato, slur, accent Percussion: Single (tap) stroke, flam, accent, buzz stroke, mallet rolls Fingering through Book 1 of Standards of Excellence (SOE) Perform: Major scales from memory in quarter notes (mm qtr = 100) Concert Bb, Eb, F Natural form of relative minors read from scale sheet Chromatic scale from memory Concert Bb to Bb in quarter notes (mm qtr - 132) Perform music with whole, half, dotted half, quarter, dotted quarter and eighth notes in 4/4 3/4 and 2/4 meters Indicated dynamic changes in music selections Percussion - snare drum, bass drum, keyboards, and relevant auxiliary instruments 	 Play variations on short melodies (SOE) Complete musical phrases of a given piece of music (SOE) Fill in missing notes of songs (SOE & handouts) Spell scales in the following major keys: Concert Bb, Eb and F (handouts) Name written pitches used in the clef for their instrument (handouts) 	Identify: • Musical markings and terms being studied • Names of notes • Musical elements (Melody, Harmony, Rhythm, Form, Timbre) • Key changes (modulation) Interpret: • Given tempo markings and alterations in music • Music containing (D.Cs, D.S.s, repeats, Codas, & 1st and 2nd endings) • Add counting to rhythms containing (whole notes/rests, half notes/rests, quarter notes/rests, eighth notes/rests, dotted half and quarter notes Describe: • 4/4, 3/4, 2/4 meters • Live or videotaped performances by professionals using musical terms	 Aurally identify correct performance of given rhythmic notation in the following meters: 4/4, 3/4 and 2/4 Aurally identify the following styles of attack and release given the written notation: fermata, legato, staccato, and accent Visually identify slurred and tongued articulation patterns Complete written self- assessment(s) evaluating their tone, technique, accuracy, and musical expression 	 Observe and describe live and/or videotaped performances by professional players and/or composers Perform music in a variety of styles and periods of composition Demonstrate self/group confidence, discipline, and accepted performance decorum Select and listen to recordings of quality music Participate in like- instrument and large group performances Participate with the band in public performances at school Attend live performances of other school and amateur groups

Instrumental Music (Winds and Percussion) Curriculum Outline				
Grade 7 and 8				
State Standard B. Instrumental	State Standard C. Improvisation & D. Composition	State Standard E. Reading and Notating F. Analysis	State Standard G. Evaluate	State Standard H. Arts & I. Culture & History
Demonstrate: • Correct fingerings, including alternates, for all notes within the practical range of instrument • Percussion: correct sticking for (buzz rolls, double-stroke rolls, flams & flam accents, ruffs (drags), and controlled open roll at full dynamic range) • Appropriate vibrator for instrument (hand, jaw, or breath/diaphragm) • Perform: • Major scales from memory in quarter notes (mm qtr = 100) Concert Bb, Eb, F, Ab, C, Db, and G (2-8va's where possible) • All 3 forms of the relative minor scales (mm qtr = 100) • Chromatic scale from memory 2-8va's from Concert F to F, slurred, at fastest controlled speed • Perform music with whole, half, quarter, eighth, sixteenth and dotted notes in 4/4, 3/4, 2/4, 2/2, & 6/8 meters • Indicated dynamic changes in music selections including fp, sfa, subito p & f • Music from each of the major compositional periods: Renaissance, Baroque, Classical, Romantic & Contemporary Identify: • Standard preparatory conducting beats, release motions, entrance ques & expressive gestures	 Play variations on short melodies (SOE) Complete musical phrases of a given piece of music in Standard of Excellence books (SOE) Fill in missing notes of songs (SOE & handouts) Play familiar music by ear given the starting note Harmonize simple melodies with tonic, subdominant, and dominate chords (I, IV, & V) in a given key Spell scales in the following major keys: Concert Bb, Eb and F, Ab, C, Db, and G (handouts) 	Identify: • Notate and perform the following interpretive symbols: (accents, marcato, staccato, tenuto, dynamic markings, crescendo, & decrescendo) • Notate all pitches on the grand staff • Aurally and visually, key changes in a given composition • Describe the five musical elements (Melody, Harmony, Rhythm, Form, Timbre) Interpret: • Dynamic changes as indicated in given music selections • Given tempo markings and alterations in music • Music containing (D.Cs, D.S.s, repeats, Codas, & 1st and 2nd endings) • Count (orally and in written form) given rhythms from grade 2.5 and 3 levels of music • Accurately at sight, Grade 2 (Class M) level music • Given musical terms used in band and solo/ensemble music being studied • 4/4, 3/4, 2/4, 2/2 and 6/8 (fast and slow) meters • The basic form of music being studied • (Write/spell) the scale and key signatures of the following major keys: transposing for their instruments: Concert Bb, Eb, F, Ab, C, Db, and G	 Aurally identify correct performance of given rhythmic notation in the following meters: 4/4, 2/2, 3/4, 2/4, 6/8 (slow and fast) and 3/8 Name the order of flats and sharps in the key signatures studied Match pitch to a standard, given note in the practical playing range of their instrument Aurally identify the following styles of attack and release given the written notation: tenuto, legato, staccato, and marcato Visually identify the following standard articulation markings: slur, tenuto, and staccato Evaluate music performances (written) by use of the Wisconsin School Music Association (WSMA) model components: Tone, Intonation, Technique, Accuracy, and Musical Expression (and Balance in ensemble playing) Evaluate (in written form) their own individual and/or group performance/rehearsals Aurally discriminate among the various instrumental timbres 	 Observe and describe live and/or videotaped performances by professional players and/or composers Study the creation and re- creation of music through individual, small, and large group performance experiences Perform music in a variety of styles and periods of composition Demonstrate self/group confidence, discipline, and accepted performance decorum Select and listen to recordings of quality music Participate in solo, small ensemble and large group performances Participate with the band in public performances at school and in the community Attend live performances of other school and amateur groups

6TH GRADE ORCHESTRA

Developers: Music Committee Development Date: 2009-10 Instructional Level: Middle School

Description:

Students begin orchestra instruction in the summer before 6th grade with a four-week program that starts the last week of July and continues through the first three weeks of August. When school resumes in September, orchestra class begins and will meet every other day during Academy time at the end of the day. In addition, students will have individual/small group lessons once each week for twenty minutes each. First year instruction centers on developing tonal concept, counting fundamental rhythmic patterns, and proper playing technique. The students will be involved in two-three evening concert programs per year. Attendance and performance at these concerts is a required part of the course. Various other performances and activities may happen throughout the year.

The materials and resources for this course were chosen based on the two selection questions of the CMP Model: What concepts of music or period of time do the materials and resources represent? (<u>Essential Repertoire</u>) and/or what concepts of music, level of difficulty, and standards do the materials and resources cover? (<u>Essential Musicianship</u>). The course was developed to answer the following questions:

- <u>What do students need to know?</u> Students need to an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards).
- How will students learn? Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes.
- <u>How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?</u> Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching frameworks.

- Play with good tone and technique.
- Perform necessary rhythms.
- Perform in necessary keys and time signatures.
- Understand terms required in music.
- Perform a variety of music with an ensemble.
- Improvise and compose music.
- Read, analyze, evaluate, and describe music.
- Identify and define terms and standard notation.
- Compare music and art of different cultures.

Sixth Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Performance Singing and Instrumental Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre			
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies & Assessments	
 B.8.8 Perform on at least one instrument accurately and independently, alone and in small and large ensembles, and with good posture, good playing position, and good breath, bow, or stick control B.8.9 Perform, with expression and technical accuracy on a band or orchestral instrument, a repertoire of instrumental literature with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six* B.8.10 Perform music representing diverse genres and cultures, with appropriate expression and style* B.8.11 Play by ear simple melodies on a band or orchestral instrument 	 Play with good tone and technique Demonstrate proper fingering using hi and lo two fingering pattern. Demonstrate proper bowing technique. Demonstrate appropriate playing position of instrument. Demonstrate legato, two-note slur, bow lifts and pizzicato. Perform necessary rhythms Perform music with whole, half, dotted half, quarter and eighth notes and rests. Can perform in necessary keys and time signatures Perform music in 4/4, 3/4, 2/4 meters. Understand terms required in music Perform a variety of music with an ensemble Perform grade level 1 music. Demonstrate appropriate care of instrument. Perform music in a variety of styles and periods of composition. Demonstrate appropriate care decorum. Participate with the orchestra in public performances at school. 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment	

Sixth Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Create Improvisation and Composition Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre			
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies & Assessments	
C.8.7 Improvise melodic embellishments and simple rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic*	 Improvise music Play variations on short melodies. Improvise over simple jazz tunes. 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons	
 melodies, blues melodies, and melodies in major and/or minor keys C.8.8 Improvise short melodies, unaccompanied and over given rhythmic accompaniments, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality D.8.8 Compose short pieces within specific guidelines, demonstrating use of the elements of music D.8.9 Arrange simple pieces for two or more instruments from a concert key, demonstrating spacing of voices and balance D.8.10 Use a variety of traditional and nontraditional sound sources and electronic 	 Compose music Complete musical line of a given piece of music. Compose simple melodies for their own instrument. 	Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment	

	Sixth Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Literacy Reading and Notating Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre		
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies & Assessments	
E.8.9 Read whole, half, quarter, eighth, sixteenth, and dotted notes and rests in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 3/8, and alla breve (2/2) meter signatures E.8.10 Sight-read simple melodies in the treble and/or bass clefs E.8.11 Identify and define standard notation symbols for pitch, rhythm, dynamic, tempo, articulation, and expression E.8.12 Use standard notation to record their musical ideas and the musical ideas of others E.8.13 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of two on a scale of one to six*	 Read music Identify names of notes learned. Identify musical elements; melody, harmony, rhythm and form. Interpret given tempo markings and alterations in music being studied. Count rhythms in grade level 1 music (written and orally) using 1 & 2 counting systems. Identify and define standard notation Describe 4/4, 3/4, 2/4 time signature by the number of beats per measure and the beat unit. Identify and define standard notation symbols for pitch, rhythm, dynamic, tempo, articulation, and expression. 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment	

Sixth Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Response Analysis and Evaluation Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre			
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies & Assessments	
F.8.8 Listen to and describe specific music events in a given example, using appropriate terminology F.8.9 Listen to and analyze the uses of the elements of music in examples representing diverse genres and cultures F.8.10 Demonstrate knowledge of the basic principles of meter, rhythm, tonality, intervals, chords, and harmonic progressions in their analyses of music G.8.5 & G.8.6	 Analyze and describe music Identify articulation patterns. Identify music in major or minor tonality. Identify simple musical devices, such as form, contrast and texture. 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric	
	 Evaluate music Aurally evaluate individual tone quality to the needs of the music. Evaluate the quality of their own performance and the performance of others and offer suggestions for improvement. 	Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment	

Sixth Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Connections The Arts and History and Culture Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre		
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies & Assessments
 H.8.7 Compare how the characteristic media of two or more arts can be used to transform similar events, scenes, emotions, or ideas into works of art H.8.8 Compare the terminology and contrasting definitions of various elements in each of two or more arts H.8.9 Describe ways in which the principles and subject matter of other school disciplines interrelate with those of music I.8.7 Describe distinguishing characteristics of representative music genres and styles from a variety of cultures I.8.8 Classify by genre and style (and, if applicable, by historical period, composer, and title) a varied body of high-quality and characteristic musical works and explain the characteristics that cause each work to be exemplary I.8.9 Compare, in several cultures of the world including their own, functions music serves, roles of music is typically created and performed 	 Compare music and art of different cultures Identify terms common in the arts such as texture, color, form, and movement. Recognize relationship of music to principles in other disciplines. Attend live and/or videotaped performances by professional players. 	Orchestra rehearsal. Individual/Small Group Lessons. Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment

• Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

• <u>Strategies</u> – The strategies are based on best practices and supportive of the learning.

7th GRADE ORCHESTRA

Developers: Music Committee Development Date: 2009-10 Instructional Level: Middle School

Description:

In their second year of orchestra, instruction continues with increased scale study and progression into more challenging music. Students also complete a major unit emphasizing solo and small ensemble playing and have the opportunity to participate in the WSMA Solo & Ensemble Festival. Orchestra meets every other day throughout the year. The students will be involved in two-three evening concert programs per year. Attendance and performance at these concerts is a required part of the course. Various other performances and activities may happen throughout the year. Individual/small group lessons continue once every week for twenty minutes each.

The materials and resources for this course were chosen based on the two selection questions of the CMP Model: What concepts of music or period of time do the materials and resources represent? (<u>Essential Repertoire</u>) and/or what concepts of music, level of difficulty, and standards do the materials and resources cover? (<u>Essential Musicianship</u>). The course was developed to answer the following questions:

- <u>What do students need to know?</u> Students need to an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards).
- <u>How will students learn?</u> Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes.
- <u>How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?</u> Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching frameworks.

- Play with good tone and technique.
- Perform necessary rhythms.
- Perform in necessary keys and time signatures.
- Understand terms required in music.
- Perform a variety of music with an ensemble.
- Improvise and compose music.
- Read, analyze, evaluate, and describe music.
- Identify and define terms and standard notation.
- Write D and G major scales using whole, half, quarter and eighth notes
- Compare music and art of different cultures.

Seventh Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Performance Singing and Instrumental			
Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre			
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment	
 B.8.8 Perform on at least one instrument accurately and independently, alone and in small and large ensembles, and with good posture, good playing position, and good breath, bow, or stick control B.8.9 Perform, with expression and technical accuracy on a band or orchestral instrument, a repertoire of instrumental literature with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six* B.8.10 Perform music representing diverse genres and cultures, with appropriate expression and style* B.8.11 Play by ear simple melodies on a band or orchestral instrument 	 Play with good tone and technique Demonstrate correct fingering technique in High 3 and Low 1 finger patterns Perform open string double stops Perform necessary rhythms Perform music containing the following notes and rests: dotted quarter and eighth Can perform in necessary keys and time signatures Perform one octave C G & D major scales at quarter = 100 Perform one octave E and A minor scales at quarter = 100 Understand terms required in music Perform a variety of music with an ensemble Perform music in a variety of styles and periods of composition Demonstrate self/group confidence, discipline and accepted performance decorum 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment	
	 Participate in solo, ensemble and large group performances at school and in the community 		

Seventh Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Create Improvisation and Composition				
	Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre			
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment		
 C.8.7 Improvise melodic embellishments and simple rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic* melodies, blues melodies, and melodies in major and/or minor keys C.8.8 Improvise short melodies, unaccompanied and over given rhythmic accompaniments, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality D.8.8 Compose short pieces within specific guidelines, demonstrating use of the elements of music D.8.9 Arrange simple pieces for two or more instruments from a concert key, demonstrating spacing of voices and balance D.8.10 Use a variety of traditional and nontraditional sound sources and electronic media when composing and arranging 	 Improvise music Improvise melodies Compose music Complete musical line of a given piece of music Fill in missing notes of a song Compose short pieces within specific guidelines, demonstrating use of the elements of music 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment		

Seventh Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Literacy Reading and Notating Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre		
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment
 E.8.9 Read whole, half, quarter, eighth, sixteenth, and dotted notes and rests in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 3/8, and alla breve (2/2) meter signatures E.8.10 Sight-read simple melodies in the treble and/or bass clefs E.8.11 Identify and define standard notation symbols for pitch, rhythm, dynamic, tempo, articulation, and expression E.8.12 Use standard notation to record their musical ideas and the musical ideas of others E.8.13 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of two on a scale of one to six* 	 Read music Interpret and count (orally and written) given rhythms from grade 2 music using 1&2& counting system Perform music containing first & second endings, D.C., D.S., codas Perform at sight Grade Level 1 music and demonstrate correct rhythm, bowing and fingering patterns in the given music Identify and define terms and notation Identify and define terms and notation Identify and notate some of the following interpretive symbols: Accents, marcato, staccato, tenuto, dynamic markings, crescendo and decrescendo Identify the five elements of music (melody, harmony, rhythm, form and timbre) Interpret and perform dynamic changes as indicated in given music selections Demonstrate appropriate articulation patterns as required by music selections Describe given mosical terms used in music being studied Write/spell scales in the following major keys: C, G, D Write/spell scales in the following minor keys: A and E 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment

Seventh Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Response Analysis and Evaluation Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre			
Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment		
 Analyze and describe music Identify correct performance of 4/4, 3/4, 2/4 meters Visually identify and diagram conducting patterns for the following meters: 4/4,3/4, 2/4 Aurally discriminate among various instrumental timbres Listen to and describe specific music events in a given example, using appropriate terminology Evaluate music Evaluate (in written form) his/her individual and/or 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment		
	 Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression Essential Learning Outcomes Analyze and describe music Identify correct performance of 4/4, 3/4, 2/4 meters Visually identify and diagram conducting patterns for the following meters: 4/4,3/4, 2/4 Aurally discriminate among various instrumental timbres Listen to and describe specific music events in a given example, using appropriate terminology Evaluate music 		

Seventh Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Connections The Arts and History and Culture Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre		
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment
H.8.7 Compare how the characteristic media of two or more arts can be used to transform similar events, scenes, emotions, or ideas into works of art H.8.8 Compare the terminology and contrasting definitions of various elements in each of two or more arts H.8.9 Describe ways in which the principles and subject matter of other school disciplines interrelate with those of music I.8.7 I.8.8 I.8.9	 Compare music and art of different cultures Study the creation and re-creation of music through individual, small and large group performances Attend live and/or videotaped performances by professional players Identify major periods in the history of Western European music Describe ways in which the principles and subject matter of other school disciplines interrelate with those Select and listen to recordings of quality music 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment

8th GRADE ORCHESTRA

Developers: Music Committee Development Date: 2009-10 Instructional Level: Middle School

Description:

In the third year of orchestra instruction, advanced scales and technical studies are combined with more advanced literature. Chamber music, and jazz study are all continued, as are other occasional performance opportunities in the school and community. The orchestra meets every other day throughout the school year. Orchestra students will be involved in two-three evening concert programs per year. Attendance and performance at these concerts is a required part of the course. Various other performances and activities may happen throughout the year. Individual/small group lessons continue once every week for twenty minutes each.

The materials and resources for this course were chosen based on the two selection questions of the CMP Model: What concepts of music or period of time do the materials and resources represent? (<u>Essential Repertoire</u>) and/or what concepts of music, level of difficulty, and standards do the materials and resources cover? (<u>Essential Musicianship</u>). The course was developed to answer the following questions:

- <u>What do students need to know?</u> Students need to an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards).
- <u>How will students learn?</u> Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes.
- <u>How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?</u> Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching frameworks.

- Play with good tone and technique.
- Perform necessary rhythms.
- Perform in necessary keys and time signatures.
- Understand terms required in music.
- Perform a variety of music with an ensemble.
- Improvise and compose music.
- Create harmonies by choosing specific notes of a given chord(s).
- Read, analyze, evaluate, and describe music.
- Identify and define terms and standard notation.
- Write D and G major scales using whole, half, quarter and eighth notes
- Compare music and art of different cultures.

Eighth Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Performance Singing and Instrumental			
Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre			
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment	
 B.8.8 Perform on at least one instrument accurately and independently, alone and in small and large ensembles, and with good posture, good playing position, and good breath, bow, or stick control B.8.9 Perform, with expression and technical accuracy on a band or orchestral instrument, a repertoire of instrumental literature with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six* B.8.10 Perform music representing diverse genres and cultures, with appropriate expression and style* B.8.11 Play by ear simple melodies on a band or orchestral instrument 	 Play with good tone and technique Demonstrate all performance objectives from sixth and seventh grade Demonstrate a tone quality characteristic of the instrument Demonstrate appropriate care and proper tuning of instrument Demonstrate third position Demonstrate the ability to play easy fingered double stops Match pitch to a standard given note in the practical range of the instrument Perform necessary rhythms Perform music containing the following notes and rests: dotted eighth, sixteenth and triplets Can perform in necessary keys and time signatures Perform Major scales to 3 sharps and 2 flats over practical range of instrument at mm. quarter = 100 Perform mior scales to 2 sharps and 1 flat in all forms (natural, harmonic and melodic) Perform music selections containing the following meters: 4/4, 2/2, 3/4, 2/4, 6/8 Understand terms required in music Identify standard preparatory conducting beats, release motions, entrance cues, and expressive gestures Perform music from the following compositional periods: Baroque, classical, romantic Perform music at Grade Level 3 Perform with other instrumentalists to achieve a refined ensemble sound including volume, timbre, balance and blend Demostrate Grave Level 3 Perform with other instrumentalists to achieve a refined ensemble sound including volume, timbre, balance and blend 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment	

Eighth Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Create Improvisation and Composition			
	Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre		
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment	
C.8.7 Improvise melodic embellishments and simple rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic* melodies, blues melodies, and	 Improvise music Play variations on short melodies Play familiar music by ear given the starting note Create harmonies by choosing specific notes of a given chord(s) 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric	
melodies in major and/or minor keys C.8.8 Improvise short melodies, unaccompanied and	 Improvise melodic embellishments and simple rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic melodies, blues melodies, and melodies in major and/or minor keys 	Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment	
over given rhythmic accompaniments, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality	 Compose music Compose short pieces within specific guidelines, demonstrating use of the elements of music Arrange simple pieces for two or more instruments from a concert 		
D.8.8 Compose short pieces within specific guidelines, demonstrating use of the elements of music	 key, demonstrating spacing of voices and balance Use a variety of traditional and nontraditional sound sources and electronic media when composing and arranging 		
D.8.9 Arrange simple pieces for two or more instruments from a concert key, demonstrating spacing of voices and balance			
D.8.10 Use a variety of traditional and nontraditional sound sources and electronic media when composing and arranging			

State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment
E.8.9 Read whole, half, quarter, eighth, sixteenth, and dotted notes and rests in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 3/8, and alla breve (2/2) meter signatures E.8.10 Sight-read simple melodies in the treble and/or	 Read music Interpret and count (orally and in written form) given rhythms from Grade Level 3 music using the 1&2& etc. counting system Interpret and perform at sight, music at the Grade 2 level Demonstrate legato, tenuto, staccato, and marcato articulation and bowing patterns as required by a music selection 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off
E.8.11 Identify and define standard notation symbols for pitch, rhythm, dynamic, tempo, articulation, and expression E.8.12 Use standard notation to record their musical ideas and the musical ideas of others E.8.13 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of two on a scale of one to six*	 Identify and define terms and notation Identify and notate the following interpretive symbols: accents, marcato, staccato, tenuto, dynamic markings, crescendo and decrescendo Identify and notate all pitches on grand staff Identify aurally and visually, key changes in a given composition Identify and describe the five elements of music (melody, harmony, rhythm, form and timbre) Interpret and perform dynamic changes as indicated in given music selections Interpret given tempo markings and alterations as indicated in music selections Describe given musical terms used in music being studied Describe the following meters by the number of beats per measure and the beat unit: 2/2, 6/8, 3/8 Visually identify and diagram conducting patterns for the following meters: 4/4, 3/4, 2/4, 2/2, 6/8 Describe the basic form of all music being studied Identify the order of sharps and flats in a key signature Interpret and write key signatures for major and minor keys Write/spell scale and key signature in all forms of the following minor keys: A, D, E 	Recorded Assessment Self Assessment

Eighth Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Response Analysis and Evaluation Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre				
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment		
F.8.8 Listen to and describe specific music events in a given example, using appropriate terminology F.8.9 Listen to and analyze the uses of the elements of music in examples representing diverse genres and cultures F.8.10 Demonstrate knowledge of the basic principles of meter, rhythm, tonality, intervals, chords, and harmonic progressions in their analyses of music G.8.5 & G.8.6	 Analyze and describe music Identify correct performance of 4/4, 2/2, 3/4, 2/4, 6/8, 3/8 meters Identify articulation patterns Listen to and describe specific music events in a given example, using appropriate terminology Demonstrate knowledge of the basic principles of meter, rhythm, tonality, intervals, chords, and harmonic progressions in their analyses of music Aurally discriminate among various instrumental timbres Evaluate musical performances (written) using the elements of music Develop criteria for evaluating the quality and effectiveness of a performance Evaluate (in written form) his/her individual and or group performance/rehearsals using established criteria 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment		

Eighth Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Connections The Arts and History and Culture Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre				
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment		
H.8.7 Compare how the characteristic media of two or more arts can be used to transform similar events, scenes, emotions, or ideas into works of art H.8.8 Compare the terminology and contrasting definitions of various elements in each of two or more arts H.8.9 Describe ways in which the principles and subject matter of other school disciplines interrelate with those of music I.8.7 I.8.8 I.8.9	 Compare music and art of different cultures Observe and describe live and/or videotaped performances by professional players Study the creation and re-creation of music through individual, small and large group performances Select and listen to recordings of quality music Attend live and/or videotaped performances by professional players Describe distinguishing characteristics of representative music genres and styles from a variety of cultures Classify by genre and style (and, if applicable, by historical period, composer, and title) a varied body of musical works, and explain the characteristics that make each work exemplary Compare in several cultures of the world including their own, functions music serves, roles of musicians, and conditions under which music is typically created and performed Describe ways in the matter other school disciplines interrelate with music 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment		

6th-8th CHOIR

Developers: Music Committee Development Date: 2009-10 Instructional Level: Middle School

The School District of Holmen music teachers have chosen the "Comprehensive Musicianship Through Performance" or "CMP" process (Figure 1A/1B) to implement the comprehensive sequential music curriculum based on Wisconsin's Model Academic Standards for Music. The Wisconsin "CMP" project was initiated through WMEA and WSMA to promote "performance with understanding" in the performance ensemble setting. In the resource book "Planning Curriculum in Music", circulated by the Wisconsin Public Department of Public Instruction, it is stated that this model of instruction/assessment offers a structure for the teacher to organize a plan for rehearsing, sharing musical understandings, and including the students in the learning process.

This guide also emphasizes the importance of addressing the following three questions when writing a state standards based music curriculum:

1) What do students need to know?

2) How will students learn?

3) How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?

The Holmen Middle School vocal music curriculum responds to the above questions in the following way:

1) Students need an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards). ("Comprehensive Musicianship"- Figure 2&3)

2) Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes. ("Through the Performance of Essential Musicianship Literature and Essential Repertoire Literature in 6th, 7th & 8th grade choirs"- Figure 4)

3) Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching strategies. (Figure 5)

The "Curriculum Map" (Figure 6) presents an overview of the Holmen Middle School vocal music sequential curriculum plan . This graph provides the term timelines for a year-long course of teaching/learning action and the alignment of the teaching strategies, essential learner outcomes, and assessments to the elements of music and the state standards.

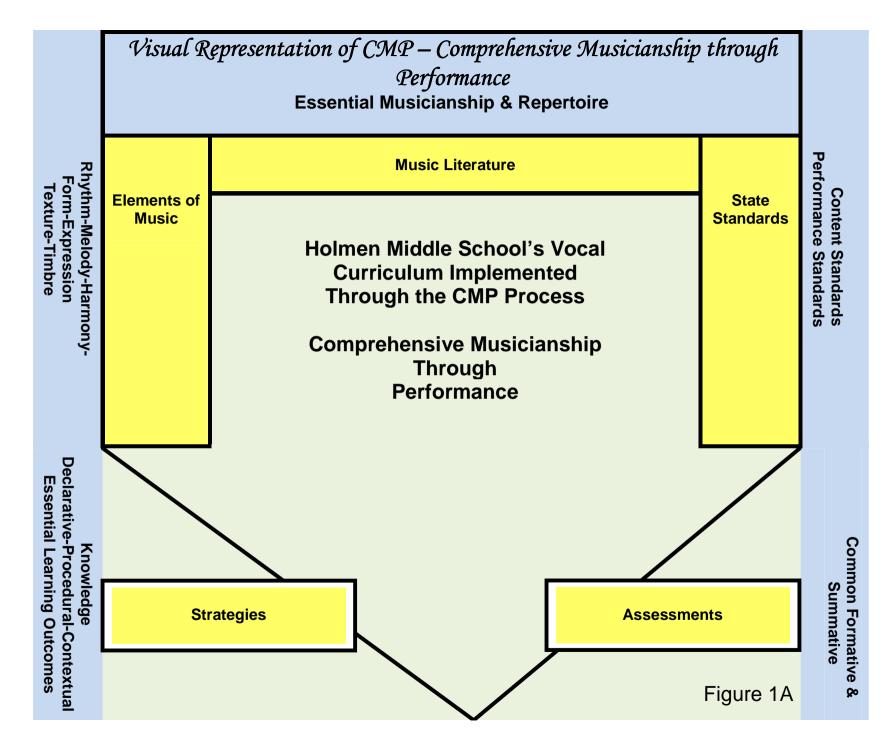
The "Curriculum Plan" (Figures 6-1 thru 6-4) expands the teaching strategy component of the graph by including the next step in the curriculum sequence which is the development of material content and strategies of instruction

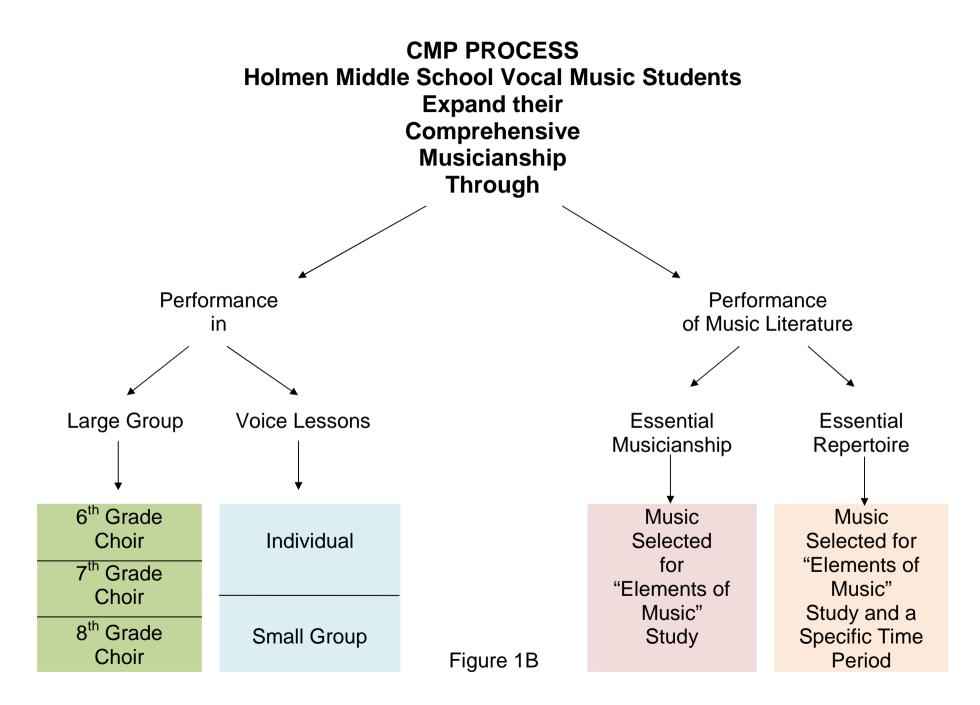
Essential Learning Outcomes:

Students will apply gained knowledge of the music fundamentals to the following teaching strategies:

- Large Group Literature "Elements of Music" Study
- Large Group Rehearsal
- Individual/Small Group Voice Lessons

Students will apply gained knowledge of the music fundamentals through performing and responding to music.





WHAT STUDENTS NEED TO KNOW IN $6^{\text{TH}},\,7^{\text{TH}},\,\text{AND}\,8^{\text{TH}}$ GRADE CHOIRS AND INDIVIDUAL/SMALL GROUP LESSONS

Elements of Music	State Content Standard	State Performance Standard
	Performance A: Singing B: Instrumental	A.8.5-A.8.8 B.8.5-B.8.7
1) Rhythm 2) Melody 3) Harmony	Creativity C: Improvisation D: Composition	C.8.4-C.8.6 D.8.4-D.8.7
4) Form5) Expression	Literacy E: Reading and Notating —	E.8.5-E.8.8
6) Texture7) TImbre	Response F: Analysis G: Evaluation	F.8.4-F.8.7 G.8.3-G.8.4
	Connections H: The Arts I: History and Culture	H.8.4-H.8.6 I.8-4-I.8.6
	(see Figure 3 for the WI Content and Performance Standard	ls for Learning in Music)

The State Standards B, C, D, and H are addressed in General Music.

Figure 2

Wisconsin's Model Academic Standards for Music These content and performance standards are addressed in 6th, 7th, and 8th Choir classes

Content Standard A: Singing	Content Standard F: Analysis
Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes	Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes
A.8.5 Sing accurately and with good breath control throughout their singing ranges, alone and in	F.8.4 Identify and discuss commonly used musical forms (such as AB [binary] and ABA
small and large ensembles	[ternary], rondo, theme and variations, and fugue)
A.8.6 Sing expressively and with technical accuracy a varied repertoire of vocal literature, with a	F.8.5 Listen to and describe specific music events in a given example, using appropriate
level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six,* including some songs performed from	terminology F.8.6 Analyze the uses of elements of music upon listening to given examples representing
memory A.8.7 Sing music written in two, three, and four parts	diverse genres and cultures
A.8.8 Sing music representing diverse genres and cultures, with expression appropriate for the	F.8.7 Identify and describe stylistic elements heard in folk, popular, and nonwestern music
music	1.5.1 rachtry and describe stylistic cicinents near an noix, popular, and nonwestern masic
	Content Standard G: Evaluation
Content Standard B: Instrumental	Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes
Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes	G.8.3 Know specific criteria that affect the quality and effectiveness of musical performances
B.8.5 Play accurately and independently on a classroom instrument, alone and in small and	and compositions
large ensembles	G.8.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of their own and others Õ performances and offer
B.8.6 Play music representing diverse genres and cultures, with expression appropriate for the	constructive suggestions for improvement
music B.8.7 Play simple melodies and accompaniments on an instrument	Operations (Other Joned U.) The Aster
	Content Standard H: The Arts
Content Standard C: Improvisation	Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes
Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes	H.8.4 Compare how the characteristic materials of two or more arts can be used to transform
C.8.4 Improvise simple harmonic accompaniments	similar events, scenes, emotions, or ideas into works of art
C.8.5 Improvise simple rhythmic variations and simple melodic embellishments on given	H.8.5 Describe ways in which the principles and subject matter of other school disciplines interrelate with those of music
pentatonic* melodies and melodies in major keys	H.8.6 Compare the terminology and contrasting definitions of various elements in each of two or
C.8.6 Improvise short melodies, unaccompanied and over given rhythmic accompaniments,	more arts
each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality	
Content Standard D: Composition	Content Standard I: History and Culture
Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes	Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes
D.8.4 Compose short pieces within specified guidelines, demonstrating the use of the elements	I.8.4 Describe distinguishing characteristics of representative music genres and styles from a
of music	variety of cultures
D.8.5 Arrange simple pieces for voices and instruments other than those for which the pieces	1.8.5 Compare and classify exemplary musical works by genre, style, historical period,
were written	composer, and title
D.8.6 Use traditional or nontraditional notation to represent compositions or arrangements	I.8.6 Compare, in several cultures of the world, the functions music serves, roles of musicians, and conditions under which music is typically created and performed
D.8.7 Use a variety of sound sources and electronic media when composing and arranging	and conditions under which music is typically created and performed
Content Standard E: Reading and Notating	
Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes	
E.8.5 Read notation sufficiently to perform simple melodies or rhythms accurately after practice	
Use a system (syllables, numbers, or letters) to sight-read simple melodies in both the treble	
and bass clefs, accurately and expressively, with a level of difficulty of two on a scale of one to	
six*	
E.8.7 Identify and define standard notation symbols for pitch, rhythm, dynamics, tempo,	
articulation, and expression	
E.8.8 Use standard notation to record musical ideas	

HOW STUDENTS WILL LEARN IN 6^{TH} , 7^{TH} , AND 8^{TH} GRADE CHOIRS AND INDIVIDUAL/SMALL GROUP LESSONS

	TEACHING STRATEGIES	ESSENTIAL LEARNING OUTCOMES
Declarative Knowledge (Foundation of Music)	1 – Music Fundamentals	 A) Acquisition of Knowledge Students will achieve a higher level of music appreciation, skill achievement, and music independence by expanding their music foundation
Procedural/Contextual Knowledge (Applied Music)	 2 – Large Group Literature "Elements of Music" Study 3 – Large Group Rehearsal 4 – Individual/Small Group Voice Lessons 	 B) Using Declarative Knowledge Appropriately Students will develop and demonstrate their basic understandings through the three modes of musical learning: Performing Creating Responding

Figure 4

HOW TO MEASURE STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT IN 6^{TH} , 7^{TH} , AND 8^{TH} GRADE CHOIRS AND INDIVIDUAL/SMALL GROUP LESSONS

FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS	SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENTS
F1 Short Answer Quiz F2 Projects and Performance A) Checklists B) Rubrics	 S Performance Rubrics A) Voice B) District Solo/Ensemble Festival C) State Solo/Ensemble Festival D) Large Group Festival/Clinic E) Concert

Figure 5

CURRICULUM MAP OVERVIEW OF FIGURES 2-5

TEACHING STRATEGY	ELO	TERM	ELEMENTS OF MUSIC	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD		SSMENTS D TERM Summative
					ATION OF MUSIC)		
		ſ			Γ	ſ	
1. Music Fundamentals	A	1-4	1-7	E F G I	8.7 8.4 8.7 8.3 8.4 8.5	F-1 Term 1-4	
	PROCEDURAL/CONTEXTUAL KNOWLEDGE (APPLIED MUSIC)						
2. Large Group Literature "Elements of Music" Study	A-B	1-4	1-7	E F G I	8.7 8.4 8.7 8.3 8.4 8.5	F-2A Term 1-4	
3. Large Group Rehearsal	A-B	1-4	1-7	A E G	8.5, 8.6, 8.7, 8.8 8.5 8.7 8.3 8.4	F-2A F-2B Term 1-4	S-D Term 3 S-E Term 2-4
4. Individual/ Small Group Voice Lessons	A-B	1-4	1-7	A E G	8.5, 8.6, 8.7, 8.8 8.5 8.5 8.3 8.4	F-2A F-2B Term 1-4	S-A Term 1-4 S-B Term 3 S-C Term 4

$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{CURRICULUM PLAN} \\ \mbox{TEACHING STRATEGY: MUSIC FUNDAMENTALS} \\ \mbox{LARGE GROUP} - 6^{\text{TH}}, 7^{\text{TH}}, \& 8^{\text{TH}} \mbox{GRADE CHOIRS} \end{array}$

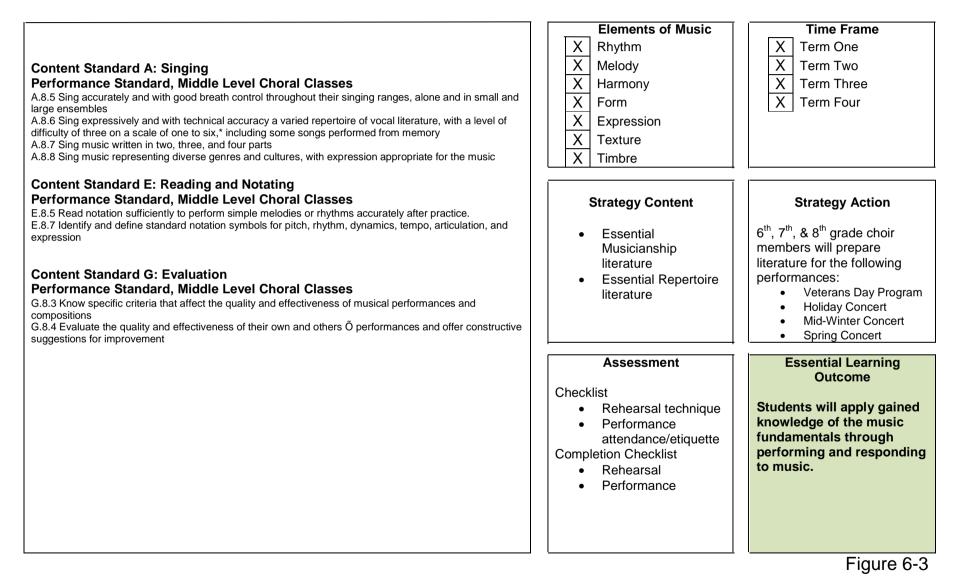
Content Standard E: Reading and Notating Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes Rhythm Rhythm X Term One E.8.7 (Jennity and define standard notation symbols for pitch, rhythm, dynamics, tempo, articulation, and expression X Rhythm X Melody X Term One Content Standard F: Analysis Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes Form X Form X Term Three Content Standard G: Evaluation Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes Form X Term Three Content Standard J, Middle Level Choral Classes Strategy Content Strategy Content X Term Sour Content Standard I: History and Culture Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes Strategy Content Strategy Content Content Standard I: History and Culture Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes Strategy content Music Dictionary All components: Nusci Chassing and Essential Music Instantiang and Standard Standar		Elements of Music	Time Frame
Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes E.3.7 Identity and define standard notation symbols for pitch, rhythm, dynamics, tempo, articulation, and expression Content Standard F: Analysis Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes F.8.4 Identity and discuss commonly used musical forms (such as AB [binary] and ABA [ternary], rondo, theme and variations, and tugue) F.8.4 Identity and describe stylistic elements heard in folk, popular, and nonwestern music Content Standard G: Evaluation Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes G.3.4 Kow specific criteria that affect the quality and effectiveness of musical performances and offer constructive suggestions for improvement Content Standard I: History and Culture Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes G.3.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of their own and others Õ performances and offer constructive suggestions for improvement L8.4 Describe distinguishing characteristics of representative music genres and styles from a variety of cultures I.8.4 Compare, in several cultures of the work, the functions music genres and styles from a variety of cultures of the work, the functions music genres and styles from a variety of cultures of the work, the function period, composer, and tite. I.8.4 Compare, in several cultures of the work, the functions music genres and styles from a variety of cultures of the work the function single performance and compositions (under which music is typically created and performed		X Rhythm	X Term One
Expression Under Content Standard F: Analysis Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes F.3.4 Identity and discuss commonly used musical forms (such as AB [binary] and ABA [ternary], rondo, theme and variations, and fugue) F.3.7 Identity and discuss commonly used musical forms (such as AB [binary] and ABA [ternary], rondo, theme and variations, and fugue) F.3.7 Identity and discuss commonly used musical forms (such as AB [binary] and ABA [ternary], rondo, theme and variations, and fugue) F.3.7 Identity and describe stylistic elements heard in folk, popular, and nonwesterm music Content Standard 3: Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of musical performances and compositions G.8.3 Know specific criteria that affect the quality and effectiveness of their own and others 0 performances and offer constructive suggestions for improvement Content Standard 1: History and Culture Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes 18.4 Departies and classify exemplary musical works by genre, style, historical period, composer, and title L8.6 Compare, in several cultures of the works, the functions music serves, roles of musicians, and conditions under which music is typically created and performed Million under which music is typically created and performed Million under which music is typically created and performed Million under which music is typically created and performed Million under which music is typically created and performed Million under which music is t			
Content Standard F: Analysis Form Image: Content Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes F.8.4 Identify and discuss commonly used musical forms (such as AB [binary] and ABA [ternary], rondo, theme and variations, and type) Image: Content Standard G: Evaluation Image: Content Standard G: Evaluation Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes G.8.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of musical performances and other constructive suggestions for improvement Strategy Content Image: Content Standard G: Evaluation Content Standard I: History and Culture Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes Strategy Content The "Music Fundamentals" study outline will include the following components: 0 their own and others 0 performances and offer constructive suggestions for improvement Strategy Content All components of this study outline will include the following components: 0 the related to examples of Essential Repertoire large group vocal music large group vocal music literature. L8.4 Describe distinguishing characteristics of representiative music serves, roles of musicians, and conditions under which music is typically created and performed Assessment Students will apply gained knowledge of the music fundamentals to the following teaching strategies: 0 Large Group Literature "Elements of Music" Study and get of the strategies: 0 Large Group Literature "Elements of Music" Study and Elements of Music Study and Element			
With the control of the marked of the mar	expression		
Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes F.8.4 Identify and discuss commonly used musical forms (such as AB [binary] and ABA [ternary], rondo, theme and variations, and fugue) F.8.7 Identify and describe stylistic elements heard in folk, popular, and nonwestern music Content Standard G: Evaluation Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes G.8.3 Know specific criteria that affect the quality and effectiveness of musical performances and others Ö performances and offer constructive suggestions for improvement Content Standard I: History and Culture Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes I.8.4 Describe distinguishing characteristics of representative music genres and styles from a variety of cultures I.8.4 Compare, in several cultures of the word, the functions music serves, roles of musicians, and conditions under which music is typically created and performed Assessment Ouiz Quiz Essential Learning Outcome Student will apply gained knowledge of the music is typically created and performed	Content Standard F: Analysis		X Term Four
theme and variations, and typue) F.8.7 Identify and describe stylistic elements heard in folk, popular, and nonwestern music Content Standard G: Evaluation Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes G.8.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of musical performances and offer constructive suggestions for improvement Content Standard I: History and Culture Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes I.8.4 Describe distinguishing characteristics of representative music genres and styles from a variety of cultures I.8.6 Compare and classify exemplary musical works by genre, style, historical period, composer, and title I.8.6 Compare, in several cultures of the world, the functions music serves, roles of musicians, and conditions under which music is typically created and performed	Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes	X Expression	
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Group Voice Lessons			
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Figure 6-1			Figure 6-1

CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: LARGE GROUP LITERATURE LARGE GROUP – 6^{TH} , 7^{TH} , & 8^{TH} GRADE CHOIRS

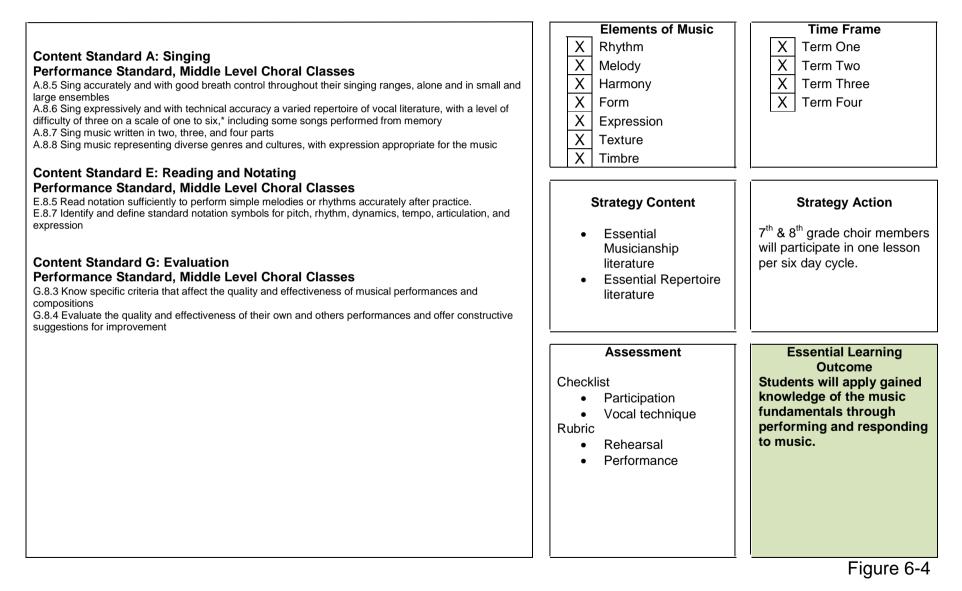
Content Standard E: Reading and Notating Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes E.8.7 Identify and define standard notation symbols for pitch, rhythm, dynamics, tempo, articulation, and expression Content Standard F: Analysis Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes F.8.4 Identify and discuss commonly used musical forms (such as AB [binary] and ABA [ternary], rondo, theme and variations, and fugue) F.8.7 Identify and describe stylistic elements heard in folk, popular, and nonwestern music	Elements of MusicXRhythmXMelodyXHarmonyXFormXExpressionXTextureXTimbre	Time FrameXTerm OneXTerm TwoXTerm ThreeXTerm Four
Content Standard G: Evaluation Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes G.8.3 Know specific criteria that affect the quality and effectiveness of musical performances and compositions G.8.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of their own and others Õ performances and offer constructive suggestions for improvement Content Standard I: History and Culture Performance Standard, Middle Level Choral Classes I.8.4 Describe distinguishing characteristics of representative music genres and styles from a variety of cultures	Strategy Content Large group Essential Musicianship and Essential Repertoire vocal music literature is selected for the study of the music elements.	Strategy Action This action plan is the study of the large group festival literature.
I.8.5 Compare and classify exemplary musical works by genre, style, historical period, composer, and title	Assessment Completion checklist	Essential Learning Outcome Students will apply gained knowledge of the music fundamentals through performing and responding to music.

Figure 6-2

CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: LARGE GROUP REHEARSAL LARGE GROUP – 6TH, 7TH, & 8TH GRADE CHOIRS



CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: INDIVIDUAL/SMALL GROUP VOICE LESSONS 6^{TH} , 7^{TH} , & 8^{TH} GRADE CHOIRS



Instructional Strategies and Assessment Information

Curriculum and assessment are connected by the teaching and learning that takes place day to day and year to year. The improvement of integrated language arts achievement for all students requires effective teaching in all classrooms. Effective teaching means that students use a variety of processes to deepen their understanding, engage in thoughtful conversations and reflection, and connect previous learning and strategies to new knowledge. These processes on the following pages will be used in classrooms across the District.

Vocabulary Instruction

A SIX-STEP PROCESS FOR TEACHING ACADEMIC VOCABULARY

1. Provide a description, explanation or example of the new term.

2. Ask students to restate the description, explanation, or example in their own words.

3. Ask students to construct a picture, symbol, or graphic representing the term or phrase.

4. Engage students periodically in activities that help them add to their knowledge of the terms in their notebooks.

5. Periodically ask students to discuss the terms with one another.

6. Involve students periodically in games that allow them to play with terms.

Source: Building Academic Vocabulary, Marzano and Pickering, ASCD, 2005.

Grade 6-8 Common Assessments

Assessment, both formative and summative, provides evidence of what students know and are able to do as defined in the curriculum. Progress Monitoring–a systematic process by which student performance data are frequently and repeatedly collected and analyzed—helps to identify whether students are meeting the expectations and what will be the course of action if they are not meeting them. The following assessment plan outlines the present 6-8 common assessment plan. This is a work in progress. See Appendix F for sample common assessments.

Grade Level	Assessment
	General Music Elements of Music (Teaching Framework)
	Worksheets/Puzzles: Peer assessment / Assessment of Knowledge
6	Composition: Peer assessment / Assessment rubric of Knowledge / Performance Rubric of Skills
	Vocal range: Self assessment
	Ear training: Drills and melodic/rhythmic dictation / Assessment of Knowledge
	World Music Drumming
7	Worksheets: Assessment of Knowledge
1	Performance: Self assessment / peer assessment / Observation
	Performance: Group assessment rubrics of Skills
	Music Through Time
	Describing musical examples: Peer assessment
	Written test matching terms: Assessment of Knowledge
	Listening test matching musical examples: Assessment of Knowledge
8	
	Careers in Music and American Popular Music
	Worksheets: Peer assessment / Assessment of Knowledge
	Written test / matching terms: Assessment of Knowledge
	Projects and presentations relating to careers in music or various styles and artists of American Pop
	Music: Peer assessment / Grading Rubric of Knowledge

Middle School Instructional Strategies and Assessment Information

Curriculum and assessment are connected by the teaching and learning that takes place day to day and year to year. The improvement of social studies achievement for all students requires effective teaching in all classrooms. Effective teaching means that students use a variety of processes to deepen their understanding, engage in thoughtful conversations and reflection, and connect previous learning and strategies to new knowledge. These processes on the following pages will be used in classrooms across the District.

Vocabulary Instruction

A SIX-STEP PROCESS FOR TEACHING ACADEMIC VOCABULARY

- 7. Provide a description, explanation or example of the new term.
- 8. Ask students to restate the description, explanation, or example in their own words.
- 9. Ask students to construct a picture, symbol, or graphic representing the term or phrase.
- 10. Engage students periodically in activities that help them add to their knowledge of the terms in their notebooks.
- 11. Periodically ask students to discuss the terms with one another.
- 12. Involve students periodically in games that allow them to play with terms.

Source: Building Academic Vocabulary, Marzano and Pickering, ASCD, 2005.

Holmen High School Current Program Description of Music

Vocal Music: The 9-12 vocal music program meets current Wisconsin State Standards through performing groups and keyboard/theory courses. The emphasis of Keyboard/ Theory I will be the study of the musical concepts, rhythm, melody, and harmony through the application skills of playing, sight-singing, and ear training. This course will form the knowledge base to enable students to focus on a high appreciation of music through improvising, composing, arranging, analyzing, describing, and evaluating music in Keyboard/Theory II.

Concert Choir will perform a variety of music at scheduled concerts and events throughout the school year. This group also participates at District Large Group Festival. All Concert Choir members are encouraged to perform at District and State solo/Ensemble Festival.



Show Choir and Vocal Jazz are groups that are offered as after school activities. Both groups are auditioned and perform at concerts, festivals, and competitions.



Instrumental Music: The 9-12 instrumental music program meets current Wisconsin State Standards through performing groups consisting of orchestra, marching, concert, jazz, and pep band, small ensembles, sectionals, individual lessons, and music theory courses. Performance of music to develop the concepts of proper tone production, note reading ability, balance within an ensemble, musical term comprehension, proper playing techniques, and playing in the appropriate style will be stressed in the performing groups. An understanding of notation, harmony, melodic development, composition techniques, use of musical symbols, improvisation skills and arranging techniques will be emphasized in the Music Theory courses.

Marching band performs at several local parades, community celebrations, and for football games. Pep band performs for pep rallies and basketball games. Concert band and orchestra perform two to three concerts a year in addition to participating in the Wisconsin Large Group Festival. Jazz band performs several concerts, participates in the Wisconsin Solo and Ensemble Contest and also jazz festivals. Individuals have the opportunity to perform a solo or participate in small ensembles for the Wisconsin Solo and Ensemble Contest.

Comprehensive Musicianship through Performance (CMP)

The Comprehensive Musicianship through Performance Project (CMP) was initiated in Wisconsin in 1977 as a means of assisting teachers with the development of "performance with understanding" in school music programs. In the CMP process, students develop an understanding of musical concepts such as expression, melody, rhythm, harmony, texture, timbre, and form by being involved in a variety of roles including performing, improvising, composing, transcribing, arranging, conducting, rehearsing, and analyzing music.

In the designing a teaching plan for a piece of music, music educators examine the five points of the CMP model: music selection, assessment, classroom strategies, outcomes for student learning, and analysis of the piece. Music educators begin planning from the point that best serves the needs of the students. This model offers a structure for the teacher to organize a thorough plan for rehearsing, sharing musical understandings, and including the student in the learning process.

The CMP research indicated that "in order to have an impact on musical behavior, there must be a planned effort by the teacher to enrich the performing experience with additional kinds of musical understanding." The need is even more critical today in view of the emphasis on standards-based education and the call for verification of the developmental effects of music learning.

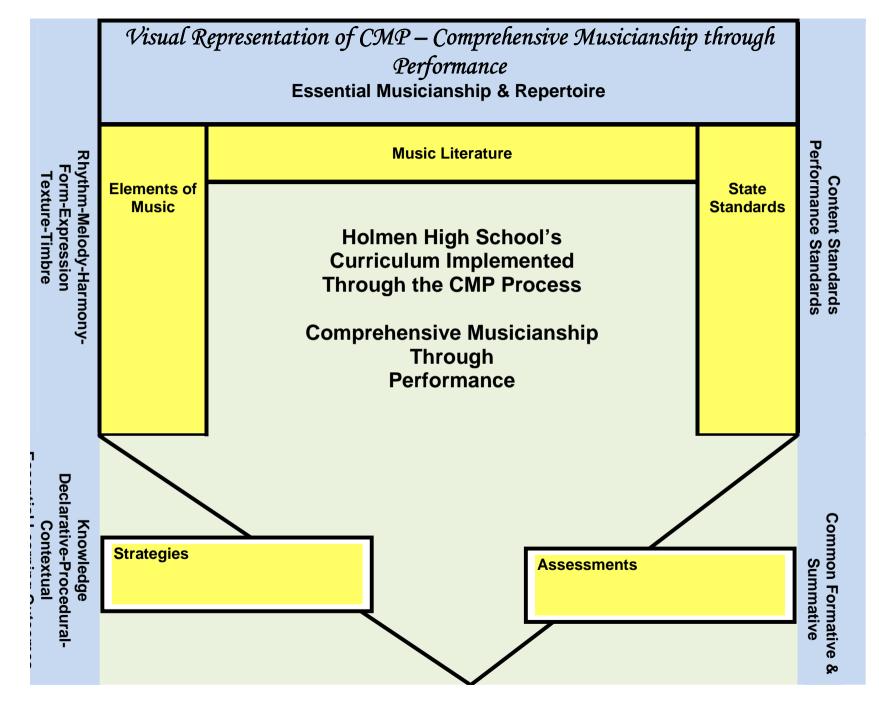
The CMP Steering Committee continues to refine the process and has joint sponsorship by three state-level agencies: The Wisconsin School Music Association, the Wisconsin Music Educators Association, and the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.

In the School District of Holmen the CMP Model Consists of Five Major Elements:

11. Essential Music Selection Question:

Why was the music chosen: Was it <u>Essential Repertoire</u> (what concepts or period of time does it represent) or Was it <u>Essential Musicianship</u> (what concepts, level of difficulty, and standards does it cover.)

- 12. Concept of Music (expression, melody, rhythm, harmony, texture, timbre, and form).
- 13. State Standards (determined by the DPI with input from Music Association & Music Educators Association)
- 14. Assessments & Essential Learning Outcomes (What do we want our students to know and how will we know)
- 15. Strategies (tasks, projects, rehearsals, performances, curriculum mapping).



BAND

Developers: Music Committee Dev

Development Date: 2009-10

Description:

Basic knowledge of the fundamentals associated with music is stressed and then correlated with performance and listening through the concert/marching band and pep band. The band meets five periods each week. The band also presents concerts each year and participates in Wisconsin School Music Association Music Festival. The Marching Vikings march at area parades selected by the director and the school administration and they perform at home football and basketball games, pep assemblies, and selected other sporting events. Students are encouraged to participate in a solo ensemble event or events each year. Jazz band is offered outside the school day is a co-curricular activity. There is a class A and a class B jazz band. Students will be placed in the corresponding group, which best suites their playing level. Playing in the correct music styles: jazz, rock, and Latin beats in an ensemble format will be emphasized along with developing skills for improvisation. Instrumentation includes trap set, electric bass, guitar, piano, trombone, saxophone and trumpet. In addition to playing two concerts a year, the jazz bands will perform at two jazz festivals and also participate in solo ensemble contests.

The music for this course was chosen based on the two selection questions of the CMP Model: What concepts of music or period of time does the music represent? (Essential Repertoire) and/or what concepts of music, level of difficulty, and standards does the music cover? (Essential Musicianship). The course was developed to answer the following questions:

- <u>What do students need to know?</u> Students need to an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards).
- <u>How will students learn?</u> Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes.
- <u>How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?</u> Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching frameworks.

- Students will achieve a higher level of music appreciation, skill achievement, and music independence by expanding their music foundation.
- Students will develop and demonstrate their basic understandings through the three modes of musical learning performing, creating, and responding.

 <u>Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments</u>: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

^{• &}lt;u>Strategies</u> – The strategies are based on best practices and supportive of the learning.

Elements of Music	Assessment Expectations	Strategies
1) Rhythm	Demonstrate correct fingerings including alternate fingerings for all notes within the practical range of the instrument	One on one lessons
2) Melody	Demonstrate the use of appropriate sticking for the following snare	Sectionals composed of:
3) Harmony	drum rudiments: 5, 7, 9, 13, 15, 17 stroke roll, flam, flam accent, flam	A. One specific type of instrument
4) Form	paradiddle, single and double drags, single and double paradiddles,	B. One group of instruments
5) Expression	single, double triple ratamacues, and flamaques.	a. High Woodwinds
6) Timbre		b. Low Woodwinds
7) Technique		c. High Brass
		d. Low Brass
		e. Percussion Section
		f. Different instruments with similar or
		same part
		g. Instruments involving difficult
		compositional
		elements such as bell tones or
	Demonstrate eitherte en it entries to tend envictment for these	imitations
	Demonstrate vibrato as it relates to tonal enrichment for those instruments where it is characteristic.	Music auditions involving
	instruments where it is characteristic.	A. Scales B. Etudes
		C. Sight reading
	Demonstrate a controlled long roll at all dynamic levels on the	Music checks which consist of auditions
	following instruments: snare drum and related instruments, timpani	requiring the performing of specific
	and keyboard percussion	measures and passages of music to be
		performed by the band
	Demonstrate the attack and release of a tone or roll, in accordance with	Participate in WSMA sponsored solo and
	needs of given music selections at Grade 4 and 5 levels.	ensemble
	Demonstrate the proper playing position for the instrument.	Participate in WSMA sponsored large group festival
	Demonstrate a tone quality characteristic of the instrument in all registers and at all dynamic levels.	Prepare and perform three concerts
	Demonstrate a tone production and stick control at all dynamic levels on all basic percussion instruments.	Prepare and perform in area parades
	Demonstrate the ability to adjust the pitch of the instrument to a given	Prepare and perform pep band
	standard during actual performance and with the use of a tuning device.	arrangements at athletic events
	Tuning the timpani to the following intervals: perfect 4 th and 5 th , octave,	Prepare jazz band for contest and
	major and minor seconds, thirds and sixths when given one note.	concerts
	Perform all major scales and a chromatic scale over the range of the instrument.	
	Perform with other instrumentalists to achieve a refined ensemble sound	
	including volume, timbre, balance and blend.	

	Demonstrate legato, tenuto, staccato, marcato, tonguing patterns as required in given pieces of music.Demonstrate sticking patterns as required in music that employs legato and marcato styles.	
	Interpret dynamic changes as notated in given music selections. Interpret tempo markings and alterations as notated in appropriate music selections.	
	Memorize musical terms used for tempo and style of a piece. Students will improvise melodies, variations and accompaniments.	
	Students will improvise melodies to given basic tones with pentatonic and chromatic passing tones against a traditions rhythm section.	
	Students will improvise their own solos for jazz band over a given chord progression	
	Content & State Standards	
Performance Instrumental	 B.12.1 Play a varied repertoire of music expressively and with technical and stylistic accuracy B.12.2 Play on a classroom instrument, using ensemble skills such as balance, intonation, and rhythmic unity 	

Elements of Music	Assessment Expectations	Strategies		
 1) Rhythm 2) Melody 3) Harmony 4) Form 5) Expression 6) Timbre 7) Technique 	Perform music in the following time signatures: 4/4, ¾, 2/2, 3/2, 2/4, 3/8, 6/8, 5/4, 5/8, 7/4, 7/8. Write and count rhythmic notations involving whole, half, quarter, eighth, sixteenth, and thirty second notes and rests including their dotted equivalents. Perform at sight, rhythms containing the following notes and rests including and also in their dotted format: Whole, half, quarter, eight, sixteenth and thirty second. Perform music at grade 3 and 4 levels	Strategies in the literacy category are the same as for performance strategies.		
Content & State Standards				
Literacy	 E.12.10 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six* E.12.11 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20th century composers E.12.12 Demonstrate the ability to read a full instrumental score by describing how the elements of music are used and explaining all transpositions and clefs 			

Elements of Music	Assessment Expectations	Strategies
 Rhythm Melody Harmony Form Expression Timbre Technique 	Identify, define and notate all interpretive symbols appropriate to the music.	1. Lessons
	Describe the following time signatures by the number of beats per measure and the beat unit: $4/4$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $2/2$, $3/2$, $2/4$, $3/8$, $6/8$, $5/4$, $5/8$, $7/4$, $7/8$ and be able to aurally identify them.	 Sectionals Discussions, worksheets and exams in music theory Full band rehearsals and performances Ensemble rehearsals and performances Music terms worksheet and exams
	Understand first and second endings, measure rests, and repeats, D.C. and D.S. indications, codas, and rhythmic abbreviations.	
	Count orally and in written form, rhythms from Grade 4 level music using the 1&2&3&4& counting system.	
	-Write the key signatures for the following major scales: C, D, A, E, B, F, Bb, Ab, Db, Gb.	
	-Describe music performances of the Baroque, Classical, Romantic, Impressionistic and 20 th Century periods of composition.	
	Describe the basic form of all music being performed,	
	Describe the harmonic functions of tonic, dominant, and subdominant chords.	
	Describe the five elements of music: Melody, Harmony, Rhythm, Pitch, and Timbre.	
	Describe and construct major, minor, augmented, diminished chords on any given note.	
	Visually identify and diagram conducting patterns for the following meters: 4/4, 4/2, ³ /4, 3/2, 2/4, 2/2, 5/4, 6/8.	
	Describe the type of compositions performed on given recordings and/or live music examples.	
	Aurally evaluate individual tone quality as it applies to a particular passage or needs of the music being performed.	
	Content Standard & State Standards	
Response/	alysis the uses of the elements of music and expressive devices F.12.12 Demonstrate extensive knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music	
Analysis		
	F.12.13 Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques used to provide unity and variety and tension and release in a musical work and give examples of other works that make similar uses of these devices and techniques	
	F.12.14 Demonstrate the ability to perceive and remember music events by describing in detail significant events occurring in a	
	given example F.12.15 Compare how musical materials are used in a given example relative to how they are used in other works of the same genre or style	
	F.12.16 Analyze and describe uses of the elements of music in a given work	that make it unique, interesting, and expressive

Elements of Music	Assessment Expectations	Strategies	
1) Rhythm	Observe and describe live and/or videotaped performances by professional players and /or composers.	Students listen to musical works and observe art works or design of the same time period and write a paper	
2) Melody 3) Harmony	Study the creation and recreation of music through individual, small and large group performances.	comparing similarities and differences. (Renaissance art and music; Rococo art and music)	
4) Form	Perform music in a variety of styles and periods of composition.		
5) Expression	Select and listen to recording of quality music.		
6) Timbre 7) Technique	Participate in solo, small ensembles, and large group performances.		
	Participate in extra curricular school music events, which enhance performance opportunities in instrumental music		
	Participate with the band in public performances at school and in the community.		
	Identify opportunities for individual and group music opportunities in the community.		
	Attend live and/or videotaped performances by professional players and/or composers.		
	Theory class-study the genealogy, characteristics, and composers the musical periods.	Written tests on the music periods, on the great composers of the music periods and on musical form.	
	Study the scores of symphonies by the masters and listen to recordings of them.		
	Do reports on the famous composers of the musical periods including their biographies and historical events and inventions of the time.		
	Content Standard & State Standards		
The Arts/	H.12.10 Explain how elements, artistic processes, and organizational principle	es are used in similar and distinctive ways in the	
History Culture	various arts H.12.11 Compare characteristics of two or more arts within a particular histor	ical period or style and cite examples from various	
	cultures		
	H.12.12 Explain ways in which the principles and subject matter of various dis	sciplines outside the arts interrelate with those of	
	 music I.12.1 Classify music by culture or historical period based on characteristic sty 	vles or genres and justify their classification	
	1.12.8 Identify and describe music genres or styles that show the influence of		
	source of each influence, and trace the historical conditions that produced the synthesis of influences		

<u>Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments</u>: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

• <u>Strategies</u> –The strategies are based on best practices and supportive of the learning.

CHOIR

Developers: Music Committee Development Date: 2009-10 Instructional Level: High School

Description:

Any person who enjoys singing and wants to know more about music is welcome to join Concert Choir. It offers the opportunity to sing all types of music in at least four-art harmony. Performances include concerts and participation in the district large group festival. Choir members are also encouraged to participate in the district solo ensemble festival. Show Choir is offered outside of the school day and is a co-curricular activity. Midwest Express is an auditioned group selected in the spring of the year. Students rehearse during a scheduled summer camp and outside of the school day during the school year. Performances include concerts, festivals, competitions, and community functions. All singer/dancers are required to participate in Concert Choir.

The music for this course was chosen based on the two selection questions of the CMP Model: What concepts of music or period of time does the music represent? (<u>Essential Repertoire</u>) and/or what concepts of music, level of difficulty, and standards does the music cover? (<u>Essential Musicianship</u>). The course was developed to answer the following questions:

- <u>What do students need to know?</u> Students need to an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards).
- <u>How will students learn?</u> Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes.
- <u>How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?</u> Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching frameworks.

Essential Learning Outcomes:

- Students will achieve a higher level of music appreciation, skill achievement, and music independence by expanding their music foundation.
- Students will develop and demonstrate their basic understandings through the three modes of musical learning performing, creating, and responding.

Teaching Framework:

- 1. Music Fundamentals
- 2. One Minute Theory
- 3. Large Group Literature Concept Study
- 4. Time Period Study
- 5. Large Group Rehearsal
- 6. Individual/Small Group Voice Lessons
- 7. Individual Solo/Ensemble Timetable

Concepto of Music	State Content Standard	State Performance Standard	
Concepts of Music	State Content Standard	Grades 9-10	Grades 11-12
 Expression Melody Rhythm Harmony Form Texture (Style) Timbre (Style) 	Performance A. Singing B. Instrumental Creativity C. Improvisation D. Composition Literacy E. Reading and Notating Response F. Analysis G. Evaluation Connections	A.12.3-A.12.5 B.12.4 & B.12.5 C.12.4-C-12.6 D.12.4-D.12.6 E.12.4-E.12.6 F.12.5-F.12.7 G. 12.4 & G.12.5	A.12.6-A.12.8 B.12.4 & B.12.5 C.12.7 & C.12.8 D. 12.7 & D.12.8 E.12.7 & E.12.8 F.12.8 & F.12.10 G.12.6
	H. The Arts I. History and Culture	H. 12.5-H. 12.7 I.12.4-I.12.6	H.12.8 & H.12.9 I.12.7 & I.12.8

WHAT DO STUDENTS NEED TO KNOW IN CHOIR?

HOW WILL STUDENTS LEARN IN CHOIR?

Teaching Framework	Essential Learning Outcomes	Knowledge Level
103 Music Fundamentals	A. Students will achieve a higher level of music appreciation, skill achievement, and music	Declarative Knowledge
2. One Minute Theory	independence by expanding their music foundation.	(acquisition of knowledge)
 3. Large Group Literature Concept Study 4. Time Period Study 5. Large Group Rehearsal 6. Individual/Small Group Voice Lessons 7. Individual Solo/Ensemble Timetable 	B. Students will develop and demonstrate their basic understanding through the three modes of musical learning: performing, creating, and responding.	Procedural Knowledge Contextual Knowledge (using declarative knowledge appropriately)

HOW WILL THEY AS STUDENTS, AND WE AS EDUCATORS, KNOW THEY ARE LEARNING IN CHOIR?

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments
F1 Quizzes – F1A. Short Answer; F1B. Essay	S1 Tests – S1A. Short Answer Posttest; S1B. Short Answer/Essay Term Test
F2 Projects and Performances –	
F2A. Checklists; F2B. Rubrics;	S2 Performance Rubrics – S2A. Music Skills; S2B. Voice;
F2C. Individual Vocal Performance Recordings	S2C. District Solo/ Ensemble Festival; S2D. State Solo/Ensemble Festival; S2E.
F3 Short Answer Pretest	Large Group Festival/Clinic; S2F. Concert
F4 Music Skill Rubric	
F5 Individual	

CURRICULUM OUTLINE FOR CHOIR

Teaching Framework	Essential Learning Outcome	Term Time Line	Music Concept	Content Standard	Performanc 9-10	e Standard 11-12	Formative Assessment & Timeline	Summative Assessment & Timeline
1) <u>Music Fundamentals</u> a) Overview – music time periods: Renaissance, Baroque, Classical, Romantic, Contemporary	A. Students will achieve a higher level of music appreciation, skill achievement, and	1	Expression Melody Rhythm Harmony	F. Analysis H. The Arts I. History & Culture			Quizzes: Short Answer for both 1a&b	Short Answer and Essay Term Test for both 1a&b
 b) "Music Dictionary" concepts/ dynamic & tempo marks, terms, symbols 	music independence by expanding their music foundation.	1	Form Texture(Style) Timbre (Style)	F. Analysis			Term 1	Term 1
 "<u>One Minute Theory</u>" a) In-depth study of the music concepts – rhythm, melody, harmony 	A. (same as above) B. Students will develop and demonstrate their	1	Rhythm Melody Harmony	E. Reading and Notating			Short Answer Pretest Quizzes: Short Answer	Short Answer Posttest
b) Practice of the music skills – sight reading, sight singing, and ear training	basic understanding through the three modes of musical learning: performing, creating, & responding.	1-4	Rhythm Melody Harmony	A. Singing E. Reading and Notating	12.3-12.5 12.4 & 12.5	12.6-12.8 12.7 & 12.8	Projects & Performances Checklist all for both 2a&b Term 1	for both 2a&b
3) <u>Large Group Literature</u> <u>Concept Study</u> (treble choir, concert choir, vocal music selected for in-depth concept study.	Both outcomes (A & B)	1-4	Expression Melody Rhythm Harmony Form Texture(Style) Timbre (Style)	E. Reading and Notating F. Analysis G. Evaluation I. History & Culture	12.4 & 12.6 12.5-12.7 12.4 & 12.5 12.4	12.7 12.8-12.10 12.6 12.7	Projects & Performances Checklist All 4 quarters	Short Answer Essay Term Test All 4 quarters

COMMON VOCABULARY

• Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

• Strategies – The vocabulary words listed are necessary for understanding and learning. The strategies are based on best practices and supportive of the learning.

9th and 10th GRADE ORCHESTRA

Developers: Music Committee Development Date: 2009-10 Instructional Level: High School

Description:

The string orchestra is an instrumental group of string players. The string players, including performers on the violin, viola, cello, and string bass. The string orchestra meets five times a week. In addition to the weekly rehearsals, strings have weekly lessons. The orchestra will perform at least two home concerts a school year. Members also participate in the annual district orchestra contest and are also encouraged to participate in the district solo-ensemble contest.

The materials and resources for this course were chosen based on the two selection questions of the CMP Model: What concepts of music or period of time do the materials and resources represent? (<u>Essential Repertoire</u>) and/or what concepts of music, level of difficulty, and standards do the materials and resources cover? (<u>Essential Musicianship</u>). The course was developed to answer the following questions:

- <u>What do students need to know?</u> Students need to an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards).
- <u>How will students learn?</u> Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes.
- <u>How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?</u> Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching frameworks.

Essential Learning Outcomes:

- Play with good tone and technique.
- Perform necessary rhythms.
- Perform in necessary keys and time signatures.
- Understand terms required in music.
- Perform a variety of music with an ensemble.
- Improvise and compose music.
- Read, analyze, evaluate, and describe music.
- Identify and define terms and standard notation.
- Compare music and art of different cultures.

9 th -10 th Grad	9 th -10 th Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Performance Singing and Instrumental				
	Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture,				
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment			
 B.12.6 Perform, with expression and technical accuracy, a large and varied repertoire of instrumental literature with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six* B.12.7 Perform an appropriate part in an ensemble, demonstrating well-developed ensemble skills 	 Play with good tone and technique Demonstrate correct fingering with all patterns in first, second and third positions Demonstrate the ability to adjust the pitch of the instrument to a given standard during actual performance and with the use of a tuning device Perform all two octave Major scales to 3 sharps and 2 flats at quarter = 120 Perform all forms of the two octave minor scales to 2 sharps and 1 flat at mm quarter = 120 Perform a chromatic scale from lowest note through third position at 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment			
B.12.8 Perform in small ensembles	 mm quarter = 120 Perform various bow strokes as required by level 4 music Perform necessary rhythms Can perform in necessary keys and time signatures Perform music containing the following time signatures: 3/2, 3/8 and 5/4 				
	Understand terms required in music				
	 Perform a variety of music with an ensemble Perform Grade level 4 music Perform works from the Baroque, Classical, Romantic, Impressionistic and 20th century with characteristic interpretive elements Perform with other instruments to achieve a refined ensemble sound including volume, timbre, balance and range Identify and respond to standard preparatory conducting beats, release motions, entrance cues, and expressive gestures Demonstrate self/group confidence, discipline, and accepted performance decorum Participate in solo, small ensemble, and large group performances Participate in public performances at school and in the community 				

9 th -10 th Grad	9 th -10 th Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Create Improvisation and Composition Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre				
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment			
C.12.9 Improvise rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic* melodies and melodies in major and minor keys C.12.10 Improvise original melodies over given chord progressions, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality D.12.9 Compose music in several distinct styles, demonstrating creativity in using the elements of music for expressive effect D.12.10 D.12.11	 Improvise music Improvise melodies, variations and accompaniments Improvise rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic melodies and melodies in major and minor keys Improvise original melodies over given chord progressions, each in a consistent style, meter and tonality 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment			
	 Compose music Compose their own jazz solos using given chord progressions Compose music in several distinct styles, demonstrating creativity in using the elements of music for expressive effect Arrange pieces for instruments other than those for which the pieces were written in ways that preserve or enhance the expressive effect of the music 				

9 th -10 th Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Literacy Reading and Notating Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre				
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment		
E.12.9 Demonstrate the ability to read an instrumental score of up to four staves by describing how the elements of music are used E.12.10 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six* E.12.11	 Read music Interpret and perform dynamic changes as notated in given music selections Interpret and count (orally and in written form) given rhythms from grade level 4 music using the 1&2& counting system Interpret and perform at sight at the Grade level 3 Interpret and perform rhythms containing the following notes and rests, including dotted notes and rests and tuplets: whole, half, quarter, eighth, 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment		

Identify and define terms and notation
 Identify, define and notate all interpretive symbols appropriate to the music being studied
 Identify the harmonic function of tonic, subdominant, and dominant chords
 Describe and construct major, minor, augmented and diminished chords on
any given note
 Describe the following time signatures by the number of beats per measure and the beat unit: 3/8, 5/4, 7/4, 7/8
 Demonstrate the ability to read an instrumental score of up to four staves by describing how the elements of music are used
 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some twentieth century
composers

9 th -10 th Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Response Analysis and Evaluatior Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre					
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment			
F.12.11 Listen to and analyze examples of a varied repertoire of music, representing diverse genres and cultures, by describing the uses of the elements of music and expressive devices F.12.12 Demonstrate extensive knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music F.12.13 Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques used to provide unity and variety and tension and release in a musical work and give examples of other works that make similar uses of these devices and techniques	 Analyze and describe music Aurally identify performance of given rhythmic notation in the following meters: 4/4, 2/4, 3/4, 2/2, 6/8, 3/8 Aurally identify the following performance styles given the written music notation; tenuto, legato, staccato, marcato Aurally discriminate among various instrumental timbres Listen to and analyze examples of a varied repertoire of music, representing diverse genres and cultures, by describing the uses of the elements of music and expressive devices Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques used to provide unity and variety and tension and release in a musical work and give examples of other works that make similar uses of these devices and techniques Evaluate students musical performance in group performances or rehearsals verbally and in written form Demonstrate extensive knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music Apply and refine specific criteria for making informed, critical evaluations of 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment			
	 the quality and effectiveness of performances, compositions, arrangements, and improvisations and apply the criteria in their participation of music Evaluate a performance, composition, arrangement, or improvisation by comparing it to similar or exemplary models 				

9"-10" Orchestra Content Standards: Connections The Arts and History and Culture					
Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timbre State Standards for Essential Learning Outcomes this Concent Accomment					
this Concept H.12.10 Explain how elements, artistic processes, and organizational principles are used in similar and distinctive ways in the various arts H.12.11 Compare characteristics of two or more arts within a particular historical period or style and cite examples from various cultures H.12.12 Explain ways in which the principles and subject matter of various disciplines outside the arts interrelate with those of music I.12.9 Classify music by culture and historical period based on characteristic styles or genres and justify their classification I.12.10 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name well-known musicians associated with them I.12.11 Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have functioned in each role, and describe their activities and achievements	 Compare music and art of different cultures Observe and describe live and /or videotaped performances by professional players and/or composers Identify opportunities for individual and group music performances in the community Attend live and/or videotaped performances by professional players and/or composers Explain how elements, artistic processes, and organizational principles are used in similar and distinctive ways in the various arts Compare characteristics of two or more arts within a particular historical period or style and cite examples from various cultures Explain ways in which the principles and subject matter of various disciplines outside the arts interrelate with those of music Classify music by culture and historical period based on characteristic styles or genres and justify their classification Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name well-known musicians associated with them Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have functioned in each role, and describe their activities and achievements 	Assessment Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment			

9th-10th Orchestra Content Standards: Connections The Arts and History and Culture

Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

• <u>Strategies</u> – The strategies are based on best practices and supportive of the learning.

11th and 12th GRADE ORCHESTRA

Developers: Music Committee Development Date: 2009-10 Instructional Level: High School

Description:

The string orchestra is an instrumental group of string players. The string players, including performers on the violin, viola, cello, and string bass. The string orchestra meets five times a week. In addition to the weekly rehearsals, strings have weekly lessons. The orchestra will perform at least two home concerts a school year. Members also participate in the annual district orchestra contest and are also encouraged to participate in the district solo-ensemble contest.

The materials and resources for this course were chosen based on the two selection questions of the CMP Model: What concepts of music or period of time do the materials and resources represent? (<u>Essential Repertoire</u>) and/or what concepts of music, level of difficulty, and standards do the materials and resources cover? (<u>Essential Musicianship</u>). The course was developed to answer the following questions:

- <u>What do students need to know?</u> Students need to an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards).
- <u>How will students learn?</u> Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes.
- <u>How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?</u> Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching frameworks.

Essential Learning Outcomes:

- Play with good tone and technique.
- Perform necessary rhythms.
- Perform in necessary keys and time signatures.
- Understand terms required in music.
- Perform a variety of music with an ensemble.
- Improvise and compose music.
- Read, analyze, evaluate, and describe music.
- Identify and define terms and standard notation.
- Compare music and art of different cultures.

11 th -12 th G	rade Orchestra Content Standards: Performance Singing a	
State Standards for	Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Time Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/
this Concept B.12.6 Perform, with expression and technical accuracy, a large and varied repertoire of instrumental literature with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six* B.12.7 Perform an appropriate part in an ensemble, demonstrating well-developed ensemble skills B.12.8 Perform in small ensembles	Play with good tone and technique • Demonstrate vibrato as it relates to tonal enrichment Perform necessary rhythms Can perform in necessary keys and time signatures • Perform all forms of the two octave minor scales to 2 sharps and 2 flats at mm quarter = 120 • Perform 5 three octave major scales (bass 3) • Perform a chromatic scale through fifth position • Perform all two octave Major scales to 5 sharps and 3 flats at quarter = 120 Understand terms required in music Perform Grade Level 5 music • Perform works from the following compositional periods with characteristic interpretive elements: Baroque, Classical, Romantic, Impressionistic, 20 th	Assessment Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment
11 th -12 th G	 Century(contemporary and modern) Participate in solo, small ensembles, and large group performances Participate in extracurricular school music events which enhance performance opportunities in instrumental music Participate with the orchestra in public performances at school and in the community Frade Orchestra Content Standards: Create Improvisation ar Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Time 	
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment
C.12.9 Improvise rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic* melodies and melodies in major and minor keys C.12.10 Improvise original melodies over given chord progressions, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality D.12.9 Compose music in several distinct styles, demonstrating creativity in using the elements of music for expressive effect	 Improvise music Improvise original melodies in a variety of styles, over given chord progressions, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality 	Assessment Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment
D.12.10 , D.12.11		

11 th	-12 th Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Literacy Reading ar Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Timb				
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment			
E.12.9 Demonstrate the ability to read an instrumental score of up to four staves by describing how the elements of music are used E.12.10 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six* E.12.11	 Read music Perform and count (orally and in written form) rhythms from Grade –Level 5 music using the 1&2& counting system Sight read, accurately and expressively, Grade Level 4 music Demonstrate the ability to read a full instrumental score by describing how the elements of music are used and explaining all transpositions and clefs Identify and define terms and notation Identify, define and notate all interpretive symbols appropriate to the music being performed Describe music performances of the Baroque, Classical, Romantic, Impressionistic and 20th Century periods of composition Describe the basic form of all music being performed 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment			
11 th -12	2 th Grade Orchestra Content Standards: Response Analysis ar Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Tim				
State Standards for this Concept	Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment			
F.12.11 Listen to and analyze examples of a varied repertoire of music, representing diverse genres and cultures, by describing the uses of the elements of music and expressive devices F.12.12 Demonstrate extensive knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music F.12.13 Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques used to provide unity and variety and tension and release in a musical work and give examples of other works that make similar uses of these devices and techniques	 Analyze and describe music Aurally identify correct performance of given rhythmic notation in the following meters: 4/4, 3/4, 2/2, 2/4, 3/8, 6/8, 5/4, 5/8, 7/8 Aurally identify the following styles of attack and release given the written music notation: tenuto, legato, staccato and marcato Describe the type of compositions performed on given recording and/or live music examples. Demonstrate the ability to perceive and remember music events by describing in detail significant events occurring in a given example Compare how musical materials are used in a given example relative to how they are used in other works of the same genre or style Evaluate music Evaluate music performances (written) by use of the elements of music (melody, harmony, rhythm, form, and timbre) Evaluate verbally and in written form individual or group performances/rehearsal Aurally evaluate individual tone quality as it applies to a particular passage or needs of the music being performed Analyze and describe uses of the elements of music in a given work that make it unique, interesting, and expressive Evaluate a given musical work in terms of its aesthetic qualities and explain the musical means it uses to evoke feelings and emotions 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment			

State Standards for this Concept	Elements: Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, Form, Expression, Texture, Ti Essential Learning Outcomes	Strategies/ Assessment
H.12.10 Explain how elements, artistic processes, and organizational principles are used in similar and distinctive ways in the various arts H.12.11 Compare characteristics of two or more arts within a particular historical period or style and cite examples from various cultures H.12.12 Explain ways in which the principles and subject matter of various disciplines outside the arts interrelate with those of music I.12.9 Classify music by culture and historical period based on characteristic styles or genres and justify their classification I.12.10 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name well-known musicians associated with them I.12.11 Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have functioned in each role, and describe their activities and achievements	 Compare music and art of different cultures Observe and describe live and/or videotaped performances by professional players and/or composers Study the creation and recreation of music through individual, small and large group performances -identify opportunities for individual and group music opportunities in the community Attend live and/or videotaped performances by professional players and/or composers Compare the characteristic elements, artistic processes, and organizational principles among the arts in different historical periods and cultures Explain how the roles of creators, performers, and others involved in the production and presentation of the arts are similar to and different from one another Identify and explain the stylistic features of a given musical work that define its aesthetic tradition and its historical or cultural context Identify and describe music genres or styles that show the influence of two or more cultural traditions, identify the cultural source of each influences Select and listen to recordings of quality music 	Orchestra Rehearsal Individual/Small Group Lessons Rubric Check off Recorded Assessment Self Assessment

11th-12th Orchestra Content Standards: Connections The Arts and History and Culture

• Essential Learning Outcomes & Assessments: The big idea; major skills, knowledge or attitudes that identify what students will need to learn. The assessments are a combination of formative and summative assessments and are consistent across the District.

• <u>Strategies</u> – The strategies are based on best practices and supportive of the learning.

KEYBOARDING/MUSIC THEORY I & II

Developers: Music Committee Development Date: 2009-10 Instructional Level: High School

The School District of Holmen music teachers have chosen the "Comprehensive Musicianship Through Performance" or "CMP" process to implement the comprehensive sequential music curriculum based on *Wisconsin's Model Academic Standards for Music*. The Wisconsin "CMP" project was initiated through WMEA and WSMA to promote "performance with understanding" in the performance ensemble setting. In the resource book "Planning Curriculum in Music," circulated by the Wisconsin Public Department of Public Instruction, it is stated that this model of instruction/assessment offers a structure for the teacher to organize a plan for rehearsing, sharing musical understandings, and including the students in the learning process. This guide also emphasizes the importance of addressing the following three questions when writing a state standards based music curriculum:

- 1. What do students need to know?
- 2. How will students learn?
- 3. How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?

The Holmen High School vocal music curriculum responds to the above questions in the following way:

- 1. Students need an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards).
- 2. Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes.
- 3. Assessments with reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching strategies.

The Keyboarding/Music Theory class was created as an extension of the vocal music program. It is offered for students to get more experience with notation, playing instruments, and creating compositions. Because it is an extension of the vocal music program, it follows the vocal state standards.

The "Curriculum Map" presents an overview of the Holmen High School Keyboarding/Music Theory sequential curriculum plan. This graph provides the term timelines for a year-long course of teaching/learning action and the alignment of the teaching strategies, essential learner outcomes, and assessments to the elements of music and the state standards

The "Curriculum Plan" expands the teaching strategy components of the graph by including the next step in the curriculum sequence, which is development of material content and strategies of instruction.

HOW STUDENTS WILL LEARN IN Keyboarding/Music Theory I & II

	Teaching Strategies	Essential Learner Outcomes
Declarative Knowledge (Foundation of Music)	1. Written Theory	A) Acquisition of Knowledge Students will achieve a higher level of music appreciation, skill achievement, and music independence by expanding their music foundation.
Procedural/Contextual Knowledge (Applied Music)	 Keyboarding Skills Ear Training/Sight Reading Composition Projects Improvisation 	 B) Using Declarative Knowledge Appropriately Students will develop and demonstrate their basic understandings through the three modes of musical learning – Performing Creating Responding

HOW TO MEASURE STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT IN Keyboarding/Music Theory I & II

Summative Assessments
S1 – Test
A) Short Answer
B) Term Test
,
S2 – Performance Rubrics
A) Keyboard Skills
B) Composition
, ,

WHAT STUDENTS NEED TO KNOW IN Keyboarding/Music Theory I & II

Elements of Music	State Content Standard	State Performance	e Standard
		Grades 9-10	Grades 11-12
	Performance		
1. Rhythm	A: Sing*	A.12.3-A.12.5	A.12.6-A.12.8
2. Melody	B: Play Instruments		B.12.4-B.12.5
3. Harmony	-		
4. Form	Creativity		
5. Expression	C: Improvise	C.12.4-C.12.6	C.12.7 & C.12.8
6. Texture	D: Compose & Arrange	D.12.4-D.12.6	D.12.7 & D.12.8**
7. Timbre			
	Literacy		
	E: Read & Notate	E.12.4-E.12.6	E.12.7 & E.12.8
	Response		
	F: Analyze & Describe	F.12.5-F.12.7	F.12.8 & F.12.10
	G: Evaluate	G.12.4 & G.12.5	G.12.6
	Connections		
	H. The Arts & Disciplines	H.12.5-H.12.7	H.12.8 & H.12.9
	Outside the Arts*		
	I: History & Culture*	I.12.4-I.12.6	I.12.7 & I.12.8

*These State Standards are addressed in Treble Choir & Concert Choir

**This standard cannot be met because the technology needed is unavailable at Holmen High School at this time

WISCONSIN'S MODEL ACADEMIC STANDARDS FOR MUSIC Performance Standards 9-10

Content Standard F: Analysis

uses of these devices and techniques.

Performance Standards, grades 11-12

F.12.5 Listen to and analyze examples of a varied repertoire of music, representing divers

F.12.6 Demonstrate knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music

describing in detail significant events in a given example.

used in other works of the same genre or style.

genres and culture, by describing the uses of the elements of music and expressive devices.

F.12.7 Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques used to provide unity and

tension and release in a musical work and give examples of other works that make similar

F.12.8 Demonstrate the ability to perceive and remember music events by listening to and

F.12.9 Compare how musical materials are used in a given example relative to how they are

Content Standard B: Instrumental	F.12.10 Analyze and describe uses of the elements of music in a given work that make it
B.12.4 Play their voice part on a melodic instrument	unique, interesting, and expressive.
B.12.5 Play accompaniments on melodic, rhythmic, or harmonic instruments.	
	Content Standard G: Evaluate
Content Standard C: Improvisation C.12.4 Improvise stylistically appropriate harmonizing parts. C.12.5 Improvise rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic melodies and melodies in major and minor keys. C.12.6 Improvise original melodies over given chord progressions, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality. Performance Standards, grades 11-12 C.12.7 Improvise stylistically appropriate harmonizing parts in a variety of styles. C.12.8 Improvise original melodies in a variety of styles, over given chord progressions, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality.	 G.12.4 Apply and refine specific criteria for making informed, critical evaluations of the quality and effectiveness of performances, compositions, arrangements, and improvisations and apply the criteria in their participation in music. G.12.5 Evaluate a performance, composition, arrangement, or improvisation by comparing it to similar or exemplary models. Performance Standards, grades 11-12 G.12.6Evaluate a given musical work in terms of its aesthetic qualities and explain the musical means it uses to evoke feelings and emotions. Content Standard H: The Arts
	H.12.5 Explain how elements, artistic processes (such as imagination or craftsmanship), and organizational principles (such as unity and variety or repetition and contrast) are used in
 Content Standard D: Composition D.12.4 Compose music in several distinct styles, demonstrating creativity in using the elements of music for expressive effect. D.12.5 Arrange pieces for voices in ways that preserve or enhance the expressive effect of the music. D.12.6 Compose and arrange music for voices and various accompaniment instruments, demonstrating knowledge of the ranges and traditional usage of the sound sources. Performance Standards, grades 11-12 D.12.7 Compose music, demonstrating imagination and technical skill in applying the principles of composition. D.12.8 Demonstrate proficiency in the use of computer technology – notation and sequencing programs – to compose and arrange music for various vocal and instrumental ensembles and solos. 	 similar and distinctive ways in the various arts and cite examples. H.12.6 Compare characteristics of two or more arts within a particular historical period or style and cite examples from various cultures. H.12.7 Explain how the principles and subject matter of various disciplines outside the arts interrelate with those in music. Performance Standards, grades 11-12 H.12.8 Compare the characteristic elements, artistic processes, and organizational principles among the arts in different historical periods and cultures. H.12.9 Explain how the roles of creators, performers, and others involved in the production and presentation of the arts are similar to and different from one another. Content Standard I: History & Culture I.12.4 Classify music by culture or historical period based on characteristic styles or genres
 Content Standard E: Reading and Notation E.12.4 Demonstrate the ability to read a vocal score of up to four staves by describing how the elements of music are used. E.12.5 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six E.12.6 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20th century composers. Performance Standards, grades 11-12 E.12.7 Demonstrate the ability to read a full vocal score by describing how the elements of music are used and explaining all transpositions and clefs. 	 and justify their classification. I.12.5 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name will-known musicians associated with them. I.12.6 Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have functioned in each role, and describe their activities and achievements. Performance Standards, grades 11-12 I.12.7 Identify and explain the stylistic features of a given work that define its aesthetic tradition and its historical or cultural contest. I.12.8 Identify and describe music genres or styles that show the influence of two or more cultural traditions, identify the cultural source of each influence, and trace the historical
E.12.8 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six	conditions that produced the synthesis of influences.

Content Standard A: Singing

Performance Standards, grades 11-12

A.12.5 Demonstrate well-developed ensemble skills.

A.12.7 Sing music written in more than four parts.

literature with a level of difficulty of five on a scale of one to six.

A.12.8 Sing in small ensembles with one student on a part.

performed from memory.

A.12.3 Sing with expression and technical accuracy a large and varied repertoire of vocal

A.12.6 Sing with expression and technical accuracy a large and varied repertoire of vocal

literature with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six, including some songs

A.12.4 Sing music written for four parts, with and without accompaniment.

Curriculum Map Overview for Keyboarding/Music Theory I & II

Teaching Strategy	ELO/ Term Timeline	Elements of Music	Content Standard	Performance Standard	Formative Assessment/Term	Summative Assessment/Term
1. Written Theory	A/Term 1-4	1-5	E F G	E.12.6-E.12.7 F.12.6; F.12.9-F.12.10 G.12.4	F1/Term 1-4 F2/Term 1-4	S1A/Term 1-4 S1B/Term 1-4
2. Keyboard Skills	B/Term 1-4	1-6	B E	B.12.5 E.12.5-E.12.6; E.12.8	F3B/Term 1-4	S2A/Term 1-4
3. Ear Training/ Sight Reading	B/Term 1-4	1-3	E	E.12.5; E.12.8	F2B/Term 1-4 F3A/Term 1-4 F3B/Term 1-4	
4. Composition Projects	B/Term 1-4	1-7	D F G	D.12.4; D.12.6-D.12.7 F.12.6-F.12.7 G.12.6	F3A/Term 1-4 F3B/Term 1-4	S2B/Term 1-4
5. Improvisation	B/Term 4	1-3	С	C.12.4-C.12.8	F3A/Term 4	

Curriculum Plan – Keyboarding and Music Theory I & II Teaching Strategy: Written Theory

Content Standard E: Reading & Notation

E.12.5 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six

E.12.6 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20th century composers.

Content Standard F: Analysis

F.12.6 Demonstrate knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music **F.12.9** Compare how musical materials are used in a given example relative to how they are used in other works of the same genre or style.

F.12.10 Analyze and describe uses of the elements of music in a given work that make it unique, interesting, and expressive.

Content Standard G: Evaluate

G.12.4 Apply and refine specific criteria for making informed, critical evaluations of the quality and effectiveness of performances, compositions, arrangements, and improvisations and apply the criteria in their participation in music.

Elements of Music

- Rhythm
- Melody
- Harmony
- Form
- Expression

Strategy Content

The in-depth study of the elements of music and music notation.

Time Frame

- Term One
- Term Two
- Term Three
- Term Four

Strategy Action

Units are divided into Rhythm, Melody, Harmony, and Musical Terms.

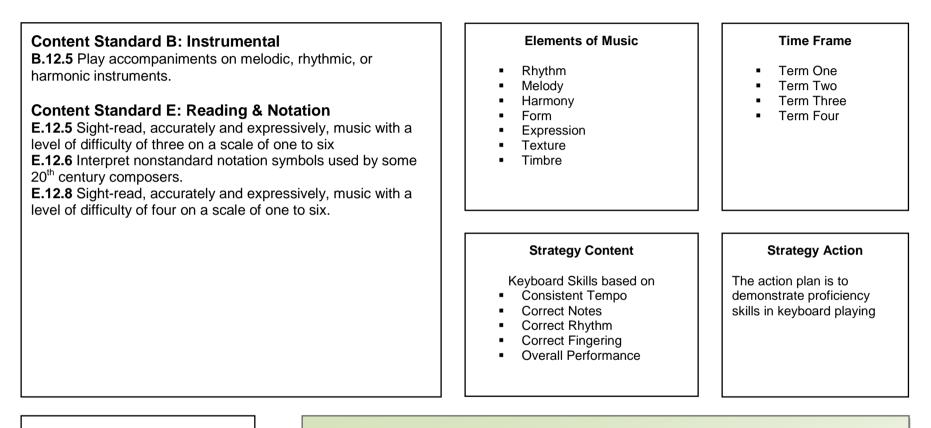
Assessment

- Assignments
- Quiz
- Term Test

Essential Learning Outcome

Students will be able to read and write common music notation.

Curriculum Plan -- Keyboarding and Music Theory I & II Teaching Strategy: Keyboarding Skills



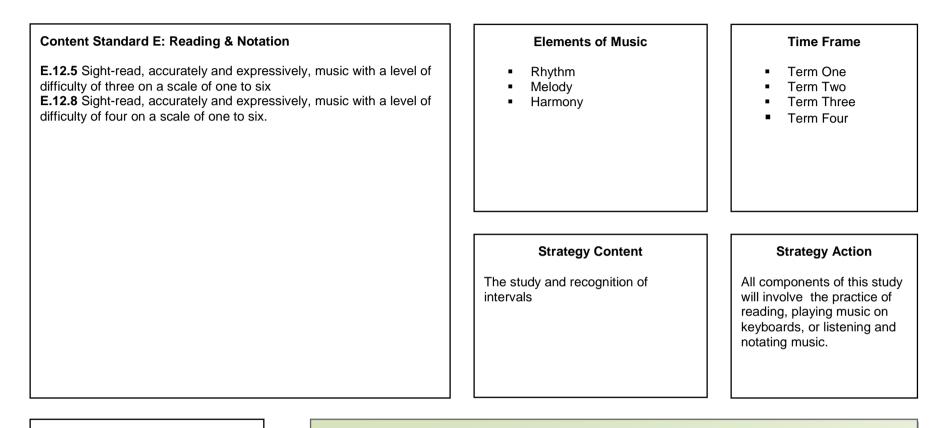
Assessment

Rubric

Essential Learning Outcome

Students will apply gained knowledge of written theory to the keyboard.

Curriculum Plan – Keyboarding and Music Theory I & II Teaching Strategy: Ear Training/Sight Reading



Assessment

Rubric

Quiz

Essential Learning Outcome

Sight Reading:

- Students will improve the rate of reading music notation and applying to the keyboard. Ear Training:
 - Students will be given the opportunity to study interval recognition and notate what they hear.

Curriculum Plan – Keyboarding and Music Theory I & II **Teaching Strategy: Composition Projects**

used to provide unity and tension and release in a musical work and give examples of other works that make similar uses of these devices and techniques. Content Standard G: Evaluate G.12.6Evaluate a given musical work in terms of its aesthetic qualities and explain the musical means it uses to evoke feelings and emotions. Strategy Content The in-depth study of music notation and use of creativity. Strategy Action The in-depth study of music notation and use of creativity. Completion of at least two original compositions per semester.	Content Standard D: Composition D.12.4 Compose music in several distinct styles, demonstrating creativity in using the elements of music for expressive effect. D.12.6 Compose and arrange music for voices and various accompaniment instruments, demonstrating knowledge of the ranges and traditional usage of the sound sources. D.12.7 Compose music, demonstrating imagination and technical skill in applying the principles of composition. Content Standard F: Analysis F.12.6 Demonstrate knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music F.12.7 Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques	Elements of Music Rhythm Melody Harmony Form Expression Texture Timbre 	Time Frame Term One Term Two Term Three Term Four
G.12.6Evaluate a given musical work in terms of its aesthetic qualities and explain the musical means it uses to evoke feelings andand use of creativity.original compositions per semester.	give examples of other works that make similar uses of these devices	Strategy Content	Strategy Action
	G.12.6 Evaluate a given musical work in terms of its aesthetic qualities and explain the musical means it uses to evoke feelings and		

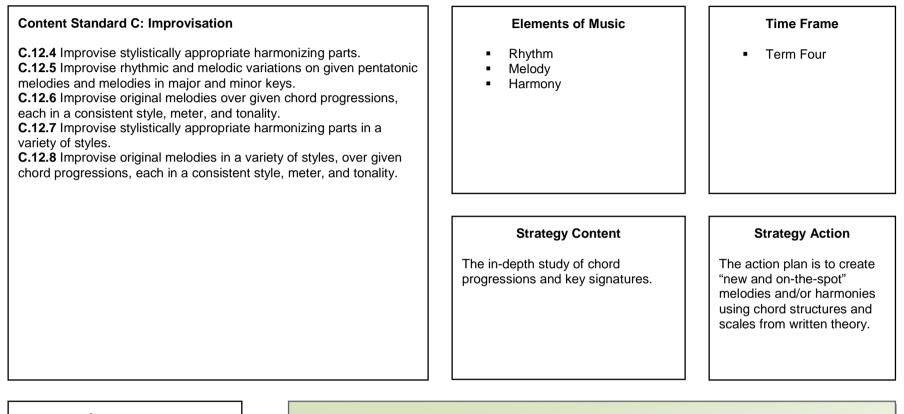
Assessment

Rubric Check List .

Essential Learning Outcome

Students will demonstrate the knowledge of written theory by creating and notating an original musical work for keyboard.

Curriculum Plan – Keyboarding and Music Theory I & II Teaching Strategy: Improvisation



Assessment

Check List

Essential Learning Outcome

The student will be able to create melody lines or chord progressions "on-the-spot" without notation.

TREBLE AND CONCERT CHOIR

Developers: Music Committee Development Date: 2009-10 Instructional Level: Middle School

The School District of Holmen music teachers have chosen the "Comprehensive Musicianship Through Performance" or "CMP" process (Figure 1A/1B) to implement the comprehensive sequential music curriculum based on Wisconsin's Model Academic Standards for Music. The Wisconsin "CMP" project was initiated through WMEA and WSMA to promote "performance with understanding" in the performance ensemble setting. In the resource book "Planning Curriculum in Music", circulated by the Wisconsin Public Department of Public Instruction, it is stated that this model of instruction/assessment offers a structure for the teacher to organize a plan for rehearsing, sharing musical understandings, and including the students in the learning process.

This guide also emphasizes the importance of addressing the following three questions when writing a state standards based music curriculum:

1) What do students need to know?

2) How will students learn?

3) How will they as students, and we as educators, know they are learning?

The Holmen High School vocal music curriculum responds to the above questions in the following way:

1) Students need an understanding of the fundamentals of music (music concepts/state content standards) to attain a higher level of cognitive thinking and skill achievement (state performance standards). ("Comprehensive Musicianship"- Figure 2&3)

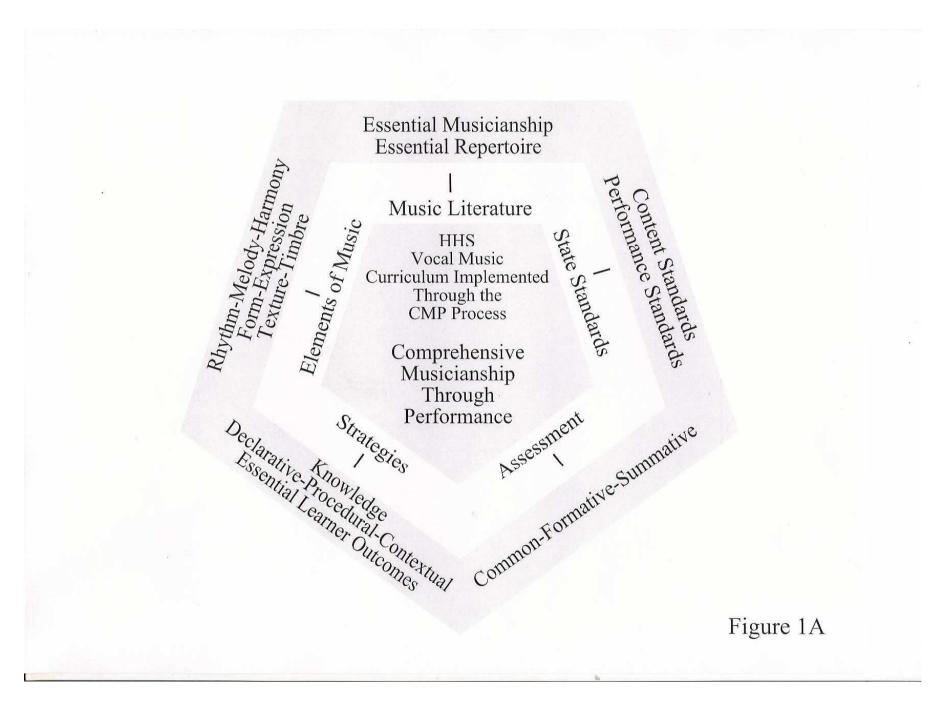
2) Students gain the ability to use knowledge appropriately through teaching strategies and essential learner outcomes. ("Through the Performance of Essential Musicianship Literature and Essential Repertoire Literature in 6th, 7th & 8th grade choirs"- Figure 4)

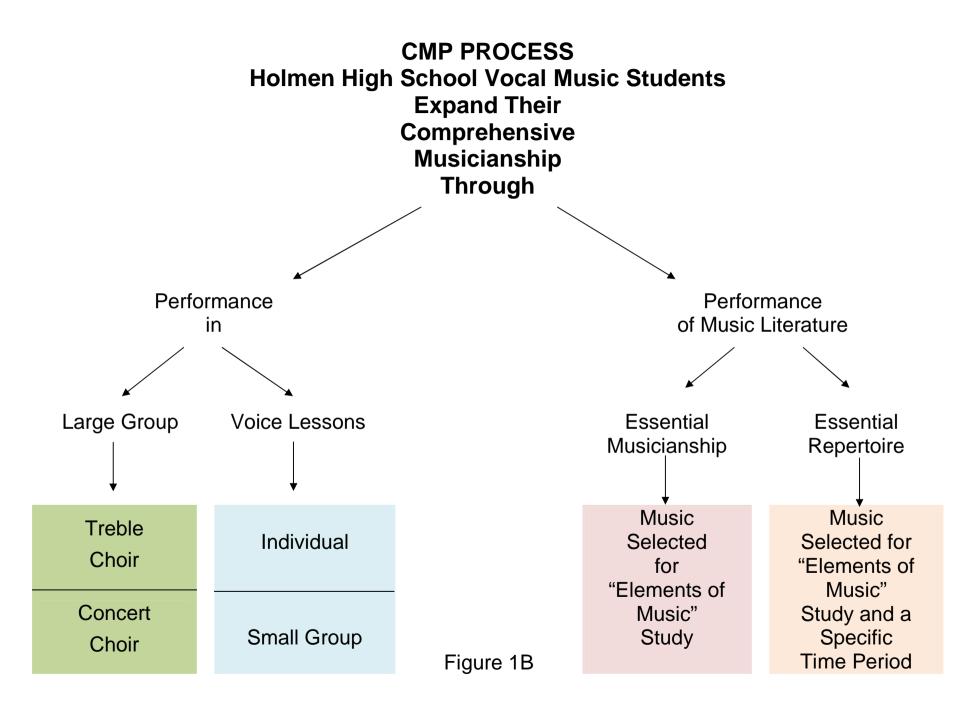
3) Assessments will reveal where students are in relationship to the essential learner outcomes of the teaching strategies. (Figure 5)

The "Curriculum Map" (Figure 6) presents an overview of the Holmen High School vocal music sequential curriculum plan. This graph provides the term timelines for a year-long course of teaching/learning action and the alignment of the teaching strategies, essential learner outcomes, and assessments to the elements of music and the state standards.

The "Curriculum Plan" (Figures 6-1 thru 6-8) expands the teaching strategy component of the graph by including the next step in the curriculum sequence which is the development of material content and strategies of instruction. A student portfolio will assess the student-centered "CMP" process of implementing the music curriculum by providing evidence of student progress and achievement. Every member of the Treble Choir and Concert Choir will have a student portfolio comprised of the following contents as it pertains to vocal music:

- 1) Vocal information sheet (individual student goals, voice rubric, music skills rubrics)
- 2) Work/performance/assessment samples
- 3) Record of achievement





WHAT STUDENTS NEED TO KNOW IN TREBLE CHOIR/CONCERT CHOIR AND INDIVIDUAL/SMALL GROUP LESSONS

		State Perform	ance Standard
Elements of Music	State Content Standard	Grades 9-10	Grades 11-12
	Performance		
	A: Singing —	A.12.3-A.12-5 →	A.12.6-A.12.8
1. Rhythm	B: Instrumental*	B.12.4 & B12.5→	B.12.4 & B12.5
2. Melody	Creativity		
-	C: Improvisation*	C.12.4-C.12.6 →	C.12.7 & C.12.8
3. Harmony	D: Composition***	D.12.4-D.12.6	D.12.7 & D.12.8
4. Form	Literacy		
	E: Reading and Notating —	E.12.4-E.12.6 →	E.12.7 & E.12.8
5. Expression	Response		
6. Texture	F: Analysis	F.12.5-F.12.7 →	F.12.8-F.12.10
	G: Evaluation —	G.12.4 & G.12.5	G.12.6
7. TImbre	Connections		
	H: The Arts →	H.12.5-H.12.7 -	H.12.8 & H.12.9
	I: History and Culture	1.12.4-I.12.6 →	1.12.7 & 1.12.8
	(see Figure 3 for the WI Content and Performance Standards	for Learning in Music	.)

*Instrumental Performance will be addressed in Keyboard Theory

**Improvisation will be addressed in Vocal Jazz and Keyboard Theory

***Composition will be addressed in Keyboard Theory

Figure 2

WISCONSIN'S MODEL ACADEMIC STANDARDS FOR MUSIC

Content Standard A: Singing Performance Standards, grades 9-10

A.12.3 Sing with expression and technical accuracy a large and varied repertoire of vocal literature with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six, including some songs performed from memory.

A.12.4 Sing music written for four parts, with and without accompaniment.

A.12.5 Demonstrate well-developed ensemble skills.

Performance Standards, grades 11-12

A.12.6 Sing with expression and technical accuracy a large and varied repertoire of vocal literature with a level of difficulty of five on a scale of one to six.

A.12.7 Sing music written in more than four parts.

A.12.8 Sing in small ensembles with one student on a part.

Content Standard B: Instrumental

B.12.4 Play their voice part on a melodic instrument B.12.5 Play accompaniments on melodic, rhythmic, or harmonic instruments.

Content Standard C: Improvisation Performance Standards, grades 9-10

C.12.4 Improvise stylistically appropriate harmonizing parts.

C.12.5 Improvise rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic melodies and melodies in major and minor keys.

C.12.6 Improvise original melodies over given chord progressions, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality.

Performance Standards, grades 11-12

C.12.7 Improvise stylistically appropriate harmonizing parts in a variety of styles.

C.12.8 Improvise original melodies in a variety of styles, over given chord progressions, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality.

Content Standard D: Composition

Performance Standards, grades 9-10

D.12.4 Compose music in several distinct styles, demonstrating creativity in using the elements of music for expressive effect.

D.12.5 Arrange pieces for voices in ways that preserve or enhance the expressive effect of the music.

D.12.6 Compose and arrange music for voices and various accompaniment instruments, demonstrating knowledge of the ranges and traditional usage of the sound sources.

Performance Standards, grades 11-12

D.12.7 Compose music, demonstrating imagination and technical skill in applying the principles of composition.

D.12.8 Demonstrate proficiency in the use of computer technology – notation and sequencing programs – to compose and arrange music for various vocal and instrumental ensembles and solos.

Content Standard E: Reading and Notation Performance Standards, grades 9-10

E.12.4 Demonstrate the ability to read a vocal score of up to four staves by describing how the elements of music are used.

E.12.5 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six

E.12.6 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20th century composers. **Performance Standards, grades 11-12**

E.12.7 Demonstrate the ability to read a full vocal score by describing how the elements of music are used and explaining all transpositions and clefs.

E.12.8 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six.

Content Standard F: Analysis

Performance Standards, grades 9-10

F.12.5 Listen to and analyze examples of a varied repertoire of music, representing divers genres and culture, by describing the uses of the elements of music and expressive devices. F.12.6 Demonstrate knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music

F.12.7 Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques used to provide unity and tension and release in a musical work and give examples of other works that make similar uses of these devices and techniques.

Performance Standards, grades 11-12

F.12.8 Demonstrate the ability to perceive and remember music events by listening to and describing in detail significant events in a given example.

F.12.9 Compare how musical materials are used in a given example relative to how they are used in other works of the same genre or style.

F.12.10 Analyze and describe uses of the elements of music in a given work that make it unique, interesting, and expressive.

Content Standard G: Evaluate

Performance Standards, grades 9-10

G.12.4 Apply and refine specific criteria for making informed, critical evaluations of the quality and effectiveness of performances, compositions, arrangements, and improvisations and apply the criteria in their participation in music.

G.12.5 Evaluate a performance, composition, arrangement, or improvisation by comparing it to similar or exemplary models.

Performance Standards, grades 11-12

G.12.6 Evaluate a given musical work in terms of its aesthetic qualities and explain the musical means it uses to evoke feelings and emotions.

Content Standard H: The Arts

Performance Standards, grades 9-10

H.12.5 Explain how elements, artistic processes (such as imagination or craftsmanship), and organizational principles (such as unity and variety or repetition and contrast) are used in similar and distinctive ways in the various arts and cite examples.

H.12.6 Compare characteristics of two or more arts within a particular historical period or style and cite examples from various cultures.

H.12.7 Explain how the principles and subject matter of various disciplines outside the arts interrelate with those in music.

Performance Standards, grades 11-12

H.12.8 Compare the characteristic elements, artistic processes, and organizational principles among the arts in different historical periods and cultures.

H.12.9 Explain how the roles of creators, performers, and others involved in the production and presentation of the arts are similar to and different from one another.

Content Standard I: History & Culture

Performance Standards, grades 9-10

I.12.4 Classify music by culture or historical period based on characteristic styles or genres and justify their classification.

1.12.5 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name will-known musicians associated with them.

I.12.6 Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have functioned in each role, and describe their activities and achievements.

Performance Standards, grades 11-12

I.12.7 Identify and explain the stylistic features of a given work that define its aesthetic tradition and its historical or cultural contest.

I.12.8 Identify and describe music genres or styles that show the influence of two or more cultural traditions, identify the cultural source of each influence, and trace the historical conditions that produced the synthesis of influences. Figure 3

HOW STUDENTS WILL LEARN IN TREBLE CHOIR/CONCERT CHOIR AND INDIVIDUAL/SMALL GROUP LESSONS

	TEACHING STRATEGIES	ESSENTIAL LEARNING OUTCOMES
Declarative Knowledge (Foundation of Music)	 1 – Introduction to the Time Periods 2 – "Music Dictionary 3 – "One Minute Theory" 	 A) Acquisition of Knowledge Students will achieve a higher level of music appreciation, skill achievement, and music independence by expanding their music foundation
Procedural/Contextual Knowledge (Applied Music)	 4 – Large Group Literature "Elements of Music" Study 5 – Time Period Study 6 – Large Group Rehearsal 7 – Individual/Small Group Voice Lessons 8 – Individual Solo/Ensemble Timetable 	 B) Using Declarative Knowledge Appropriately Students will develop and demonstrate their basic understandings through the three modes of musical learning: Performing Creating Responding

Figure 4

HOW TO MEASURE STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT IN TREBLE CHOIR/CONCERT CHOIR AND INDIVIDUAL/SMALL GROUP LESSONS

COMMON ASSESSMENTS	FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS	SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENTS
C1 Short Answer Pretest	F1 Short Answer Quiz A) Short Answer B) Essay	S1 Tests A) Short Answer Posttest (C1) B) Short Answer/Essay Term Test
C2 Music Skill Rubrics	52 Droisets and Derformance	S2 Performance Rubrics
C3 Individual Voice Rubric	F2 Projects and PerformanceA) ChecklistsB) RubricsC) Individual vocal performance recordings	 A) Music Skills (C2) B) Individual Voice (C3) C) District Solo/Ensemble Festival D) State Solo/Ensemble Festival E) Large Group Festival/Clinic F) Concert

				Pro	ocedural/Con (Appl	ntextual Kn ied Music)	owledge				Dec (For	arative K undation c	nowle of Mu	dge sic)	
g. 4th performance of selected literature of in-depth study	f. 3rd performance of selected literature of in-depth study	e. 2nd performance of selected literature of in-depth study	 d. 1st performance of selected literature of in-depth study 	 c. "Elements of music" study- on selected literature of in-depth study 	 b. Report- on selected literature of in-depth study 	 8. Individual Solo/Ensemble Timetable a. Select literature of in-depth study 	7. Individual/Small Group Voice Lessons	6. Large Group Rehearsal	5. Time Period Study	4. Large Group Literature "Elements of Music"Study	b. Music skill practice	3. "One Minute Theory" a. "Elements of music" study	2. "Music Dictionary"	I. Introduction to the Time Periods	Teaching Strategy
B/Term 4	B/Term 3 or 4	B/Term 3	B / Term 2	B/Term 2	B / Tenn 2	B / Tem 1	B/Term 1-4	B/Term 1-4	B/Term I or 4	B/Term 1-4	A/I Term	A / I Term	A/Term I	A / Term I	Essential Term Elements Content Learner Time of Music Standard Outcome Line
E	ĿJ	1-7	1-7	1-7	1-7	1.7	157	1-7	1-7	1-7	5	1-3	1-7	15	of Music
۵۶	ΩŅ	GN	G	- G	H G F B	GEA	G P	GEA	- но в	- C 7 m	m	E	ы	- z 0 m m	Standard
123 12.6 12.4	123 126 124	12.3 12.6 12.4	12.3 12.6 12.4	12.4 12.6 12.7 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.10 12.6 12.4 12.7	12.4 12.6 12.7 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 12.10 12.5 12.6 12.5 12.6 12.5 12.6 12.5 12.6 12.4 12.6 12.7 12.8	123 126 125 128 125 126	12.3 12.6 12.8 12.5 12.6 12.8 12.4 12.5	12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8	12.4 12.6 12.7 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 12.10 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.9 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.9 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8	12.4 12.6 12.7 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.10 12.6 12.4 12.7	12.5 12.8	12.4 12.6 12.7	12.6	12.4 12.6 12.7 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 12.10 12.5 12.6 12.8 12.9 12.5 12.6 12.8 12.9 12.4 12.7	121000050
		1	Ţ	1	I	I	C-2&C-3 / Term	1	1	1	I	C-1 / 1 Term	I	1	Common/Term
1	1	F-2AB / Term 3	F-2AB/Term 2	F-2A / Term 2	F-2A / Term 2	F-2A / Term 1	F-2A / Term 1-4 F-2C / Term 3 or 4	F-2AB / Term 1-4	F-1AB &F-2 A / Tem 1 or 4	F-2A / Term 1-4	F-2A / 1 Term	F-1A&F-2A / 1 Term	F-1A/Term 1	F-1A / Term 1	on/Term Formative / Term S
S-2D / Term 4	S-2C / Term 3 or 4	1	ł	ŀ	I	I	S-2A & S-2B / Term 4	S-2E / Term 3 or 4 S-2F / Term 2 & 4	4 S-IB / Terni I or 4	S-1B/Term 1-4	1	S-IA / I Term	S-IB/Term I	S-IB/Term 1	Summative / Term

Curriculum Map Overview of Figures 2-5

Figure 6

CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: INTRODUCTION TO THE TIME PERIODS LARGE GROUP – TREBLE CHOIR & CONCERT CHOIR

	Elements of Music	Time Frame
Content Standard E: Reading and Notation	X Rhythm	X Term One
Performance Standards, grades 9-10 E.12.4 Demonstrate the ability to read a vocal score of up to four staves by describing how the elements of music are	-	
L. 12.4 Demonstrate the ability to read a vocal score of up to four staves by describing now the elements of music are used.	X Melody	Term Two
E.12.6 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20 th century composers.		
Performance Standards, grades 11-12	X Harmony	Term Three
E.12.7 Demonstrate the ability to read a full vocal score by describing how the elements of music are used and	X Form	Term Four
explaining all transpositions and clefs.		
Content Standard F: Analysis	X Expression	
Performance Standards, grades 9-10	X Texture	
F.12.5 Listen to and analyze examples of a varied repertoire of music, representing divers genres and culture, by		
describing the uses of the elements of music and expressive devices.	X Timbre	
F.12.6 Demonstrate knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music		
F.12.7 Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques used to provide unity and tension and release in a		1
musical work and give examples of other works that make similar uses of these devices and techniques. Performance Standards, grades 11-12	Strategy Content	
F.12.8 Demonstrate the ability to perceive and remember music events by listening to and describing in detail	The "Introduction to the Time Periods"	Strategy Action
significant events in a given example.	is an overview of the following eras of	3,
F.12.9 Compare how musical materials are used in a given example relative to how they are used in other works of	music:	
the same genre or style.	Renaissance, Baroque, Classical,	This study will include a
F.12.10 Analyze and describe uses of the elements of music in a given work that make it unique, interesting, and	Romantic, and Contemporary	minimum of two examples for
expressive.	The following outline will provide a	each component of the
Content Standard G: Evaluate	topical guide to the essence of each	
Performance Standards, grades 9-10	time period:	strategy outline.
G.12.5 Evaluate a performance, composition, arrangement, or improvisation by comparing it to similar or exemplary	Life and times	
models. Performance Standards, grades 11-12	Important figures	
G.12.6 Evaluate a given musical work in terms of its aesthetic qualities and explain the musical means it uses to	· ·	
evoke feelings and emotions.	The arts	
Content Standard H: The Arts	Assessment	Essential Learning Outcome
Performance Standards, grades 9-10		
H.12.5 Explain how elements, artistic processes (such as imagination or craftsmanship), and organizational	Quiz	Students will apply gained
principles (such as unity and variety or repetition and contrast) are used in similar and distinctive ways in the various		
arts and cite examples.	Term test	knowledge of the music
H.12.6 Compare characteristics of two or more arts within a particular historical period or style and cite examples		fundamentals to the following
from various cultures.		teaching strategies:
Performance Standards, grades 11-12 H.12.8 Compare the characteristic elements, artistic processes, and organizational principles among the arts in		Large Group Literature
different historical periods and cultures.		"Elements of Music"
H.12.9 Explain how the roles of creators, performers, and others involved in the production and presentation of the		Study
arts are similar to and different from one another.		-
Content Standard I: History & Culture		Time Period Study
Performance Standards, grades 9-10		Large Group Rehearsal
I.12.4 Classify music by culture or historical period based on characteristic styles or genres and justify their		Individual/Small Group
classification.		Voice Lessons
Performance Standards, grades 11-12		
I.12.7 Identify and explain the stylistic features of a given work that define its aesthetic tradition and its historical or		Individual
cultural contest.		Solo/Ensemble
		Timetable

Figure 6-1

CURRICULUM PLAN		
TEACHING STRATEGY: MUSIC DICTIONARY		
LARGE GROUP – TREBLE CHOIR & CONCERT CHOIR		
Elements of Music		

LARGE GROUP – TREBLE CHOIR & CONCERT CHOIR		
Content Standard F: Analysis Performance Standards, grades 9-10 F.12.6 Demonstrate knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music	Elements of Music X Rhythm X Melody X Harmony X Form X Expression X Texture	Time Frame X Term One Term Two Term Three Term Three Term Four
	X Timbre Strategy Content The Music Dictionary outline will include the following components: • Elements of music	Strategy Action All components of this study will be related to examples from Essential Musicianship
	Dynamic marks Tempo marks Terms Symbols Assessment Quiz	Essential Repertoire vocal music literature. Essential Learning Outcome Students will apply gained
	Term test	knowledge of the music fundamentals to the following teaching strategies: • Large Group Literature "Elements of Music" Study • Large Group Rehearsal • Individual/Small Group Voice Lessons • Individual Solo/Ensemble Timetable

CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: ONE MINUTE THEORY (A. Elements of Music Study) LARGE GROUP – TREBLE CHOIR & CONCERT CHOIR

	Elements of Music	Time Frame
Content Standard E: Reading and Notation	X Rhythm	X Term One
Performance Standards, grades 9-10	X Melody	
E.12.4 Demonstrate the ability to read a vocal score of up to four staves by	X Harmony	
describing how the elements of music are used.		
E.12.6 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20 th century	Form	Term Four
composers.	Expression	
Performance Standards, grades 11-12	Texture	
E.12.7 Demonstrate the ability to read a full vocal score by describing how the elements of music are used and explaining all transpositions and clefs.	Timbre	
	Strategy Content	
		Strategy Action
	One minute Theory is the in-	
	depth study of the following	This four year action plan
	music elements:	includes four levels of study,
	Rhythm Maladu	one unit per level, and four lessons per unit.
	Melody	
	Harmony	
	Assessment	Essential Learning Outcome
	Pretest-Posttest for each level	Students will apply gained
	of study	knowledge of the music fundamentals to the following
		teaching strategies:
	One quiz per lesson	Large Group Literature "Flow on to of Music"
		"Elements of Music" Study
		Time Period Study
		Large Group Rehearsal
		Individual/Small Group Voice Lessons
		Individual Solo/Ensemble
		Timetable
		Music literacy decreases aural imitation and rote singing in focal
		music.

CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: ONE MINUTE THEORY (B. Music Skills Practice) LARGE GROUP – TREBLE CHOIR & CONCERT CHOIR

Content Standard E: Reading and Notation Performance Standards, grades 9-10 E.12.5 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six. Performance Standards, grades 11-12	X Rhythm X Melody X Harmony Form Form	Time Frame X Term One Term Two Term Three Term Four
E.12.8 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six.	Expression Texture Timbre	
	Strategy Content One Minute Theory is the in- depth study of the music elements Melody, Rhythm, Harmony through the following music skills: • Sight singing • Sight reading • Eartraining	Strategy Action This four year action plan includes four levels of study, one unit per level, and four lessons per unit.
	Assessment Completion checklist	Essential Learning Outcome Students will apply gained knowledge of the music fundamentals to the following teaching strategies: • Large Group Rehearsal • Individual/Small Group Voice Lessons • Individual Solo/Ensemble Timetable Music literacy decreases aural imitation and rote singing in vocal music.

CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: LARGE GROUP LITERATURE "ELEMENTS OF MUSIC" STUDY LARGE GROUP – TREBLE CHOIR & CONCERT CHOIR

	Elements of Music	Time Frame
Content Standard E: Reading and Notation	X Rhythm	X Term One
Performance Standards, grades 9-10		
E.12.4 Demonstrate the ability to read a vocal score of up to four staves by describing how		
the elements of music are used.	X Harmony	X Term Three
E.12.6 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20 th century composers.	X Form	X Term Four
Performance Standards, grades 11-12 E.12.7 Demonstrate the ability to read a full vocal score by describing how the elements of	X Expression	
music are used and explaining all transpositions and clefs.		
	X Texture	
Content Standard F: Analysis	X Timbre	
Performance Standards, grades 9-10		IE
F.12.5 Listen to and analyze examples of a varied repertoire of music, representing divers		
genres and culture, by describing the uses of the elements of music and expressive	Strategy Content	Strategy Action
devices.	5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
F.12.6 Demonstrate knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music	Essential Musicianship and	This action plan is the study of
F.12.7 Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques used to provide unity	Essential Repertoire vocal	three vocal pieces per term.
and tension and release in a musical work and give examples of other works that make	music literature is selected for	
similar uses of these devices and techniques.	the in-depth study of the music	
Performance Standards, grades 11-12	elements.	
F.12.8 Demonstrate the ability to perceive and remember music events by listening to and	elements.	
describing in detail significant events in a given example.		
F.12.10 Analyze and describe uses of the elements of music in a given work that make it		
unique, interesting, and expressive.	Accessment	Feeential Learning Outcome
Content Standard G: Evaluate	Assessment	Essential Learning Outcome
Performance Standards, grades 9-10		
Performance Standards, grades 5-10 Performance Standards, grades 11-12	Completion checklist	Students will apply gained
G.12.6 Evaluate a given musical work in terms of its aesthetic qualities and explain the	Term test	knowledge of the music
musical means it uses to evoke feelings and emotions.		fundamentals through performing and responding to
		music.
Content Standard I: History and Culture		inusic.
Performance Standards, grades 9-10		
I.12.4 Classify music by culture or historical period based on characteristic styles or genres		
and justify their classification.		
Performance Standards, grades 11-12		
I.12.7 Identify and explain the stylistic features of a given work that define its aesthetic		
tradition and its historical or cultural contest.		
		Figure 6-4

CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: TIME PERIOD STUDY LARGE GROUP – TREBLE CHOIR & CONCERT CHOIR

	Elements of Music	Time Frame
Content Standard E: Reading and Notation	X Rhythm	X Term One or
Performance Standards, grades 9-10 E.12.4 Demonstrate the ability to read a vocal score of up to four staves by describing how the elements of music are		
L. 12.4 Demonstrate the ability to read a vocal score of up to four staves by describing how the elements of music are used.	X Melody	X Term Two
E.12.6 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20 th century composers.	X Harmony	Term Three
Performance Standards, grades 11-12		
E.12.7 Demonstrate the ability to read a full vocal score by describing how the elements of music are used and	X Form	Term Four
explaining all transpositions and clefs. Content Standard F: Analysis	X Expression	
Performance Standards, grades 9-10		
F.12.5 Listen to and analyze examples of a varied repertoire of music, representing divers genres and culture, by	X Texture	
describing the uses of the elements of music and expressive devices.	X Timbre	
F.12.6 Demonstrate knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music	X TIMble	
F.12.7 Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques used to provide unity and tension and release in a		
musical work and give examples of other works that make similar uses of these devices and techniques. Performance Standards, grades 11-12	Strategy Content	
F.12.8 Demonstrate the ability to perceive and remember music events by listening to and describing in detail		Strategy Action
significant events in a given example.	The in-depth "Time Period Study"	
F.12.9 Compare how musical materials are used in a given example relative to how they are used in other works of	encompasses the following great	This study will follow a four
the same genre or style.	eras of music:	year rotating schedule:
F.12.10 Analyze and describe uses of the elements of music in a given work that make it unique, interesting, and	Renaissance	
expressive. Content Standard G: Evaluate		• Baroque 2010=11
Performance Standards, grades 9-10	Baroque	 Classical/ Romantic
G.12.5 Evaluate a performance, composition, arrangement, or improvisation by comparing it to similar or exemplary	 Classical 	2011-12
models.	Romantic and	
Performance Standards, grades 11-12	Contemporary	Contemporary
G.12.6 Evaluate a given musical work in terms of its aesthetic qualities and explain the musical means it uses to		2012-13
evoke feelings and emotions. Content Standard H: The Arts		Renaissance 2013-14
Performance Standards, grades 9-10	·	
H.12.5 Explain how elements, artistic processes (such as imagination or craftsmanship), and organizational	Assessment	Essential Learning Outcome
principles (such as unity and variety or repetition and contrast) are used in similar and distinctive ways in the various	/1000001110111	Looonna Loannig Outoomo
arts and cite examples.		
H.12.6 Compare characteristics of two or more arts within a particular historical period or style and cite examples from various cultures.	Completion Checklist	Students will apply gained
Performance Standards, grades 11-12	Quiz	knowledge of the music
H.12.8 Compare the characteristic elements, artistic processes, and organizational principles among the arts in	Term test	fundamentals through
different historical periods and cultures.		performing, creating, and
H.12.9 Explain how the roles of creators, performers, and others involved in the production and presentation of the		responding to music.
arts are similar to and different from one another.		
Content Standard I: History & Culture Performance Standards, grades 9-10		
I.12.4 Classify music by culture or historical period based on characteristic styles or genres and justify their		
classification.		
I.12.5 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name well-known		
musicians associated with them.		
I.12.6 Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have functioned in each role, and describe their activities and achievements.		
Performance Standards, grades 11-12		
1.12.7 Identify and explain the stylistic features of a given work that define its aesthetic tradition and its historical or		
cultural contest.		
	·	Eiguro 6 5
		Figure 6-5

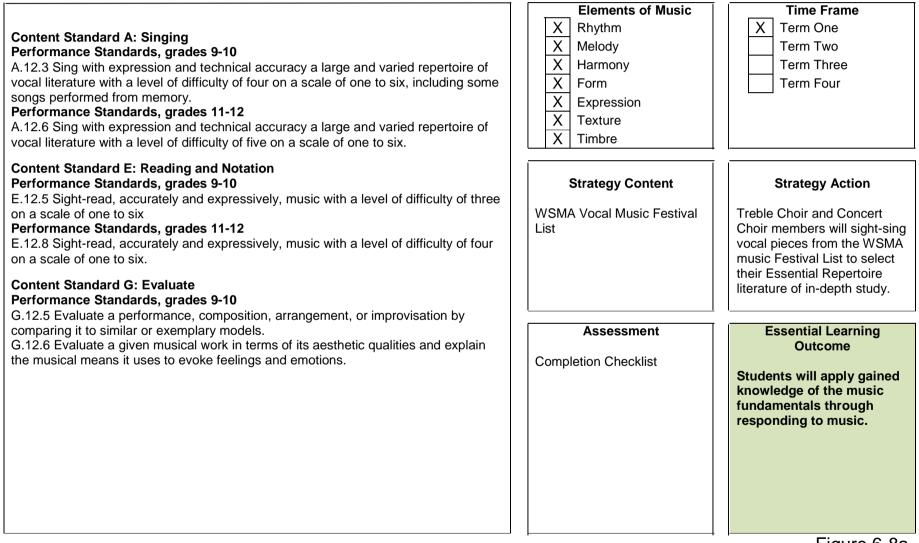
CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: LARGE GROUP REHEARSAL LARGE GROUP – TREBLE CHOIR AND CONCERT CHOIR

	Elements of Music	Time Frame
Content Standard A: Singing Performance Standards, grades 9-10 A.12.3 Sing with expression and technical accuracy a large and varied repertoire of vocal literature with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six, including some songs performed from memory. A.12.4 Sing music written for four parts, with and without accompaniment. A.12.5 Demonstrate well-developed ensemble skills. Performance Standards, grades 11-12 A.12.6 Sing with expression and technical accuracy a large and varied repertoire of vocal literature with a level of difficulty of five on a scale of one to six. A.12.7 Sing music written in more than four parts. A.12.8 Sing in small ensembles with one student on a part.	XRhythmXMelodyXHarmonyXFormXExpressionXTextureXTimbre	X Term One X Term Two X Term Three X Term Four
Content Standard E: Reading and Notation	Strategy Content	Strategy Action
Performance Standards, grades 9-10 E.12.4 Demonstrate the ability to read a vocal score of up to four staves by describing how the elements of music are used. E.12.5 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six E.12.6 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20 th century composers. Performance Standards, grades 11-12 E.12.7 Demonstrate the ability to read a full vocal score by describing how the elements of music are used and explaining all transpositions and clefs. E.12.8 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six.	 Essential Musicianship literature Essential Repertoire literature 	Treble Choir and Concert Choir members will prepare literature for the following performances: Fall/Winter Concert Large Group Festival Spring Concert
Content Standard G: Evaluate	Assessment	Essential Learning
 Performance Standards, grades 9-10 G.12.4 Apply and refine specific criteria for making informed, critical evaluations of the quality and effectiveness of performances, compositions, arrangements, and improvisations and apply the criteria in their participation in music. G.12.5 Evaluate a performance, composition, arrangement, or improvisation by comparing it to similar or exemplary models. 	Checklist • Rehearsal technique • Performance attendance/etiquette Completion Checklist • Rehearsal • Performance	Outcome Students will apply gained knowledge of the music fundamentals through performing and responding to music.
		Figure 6-6

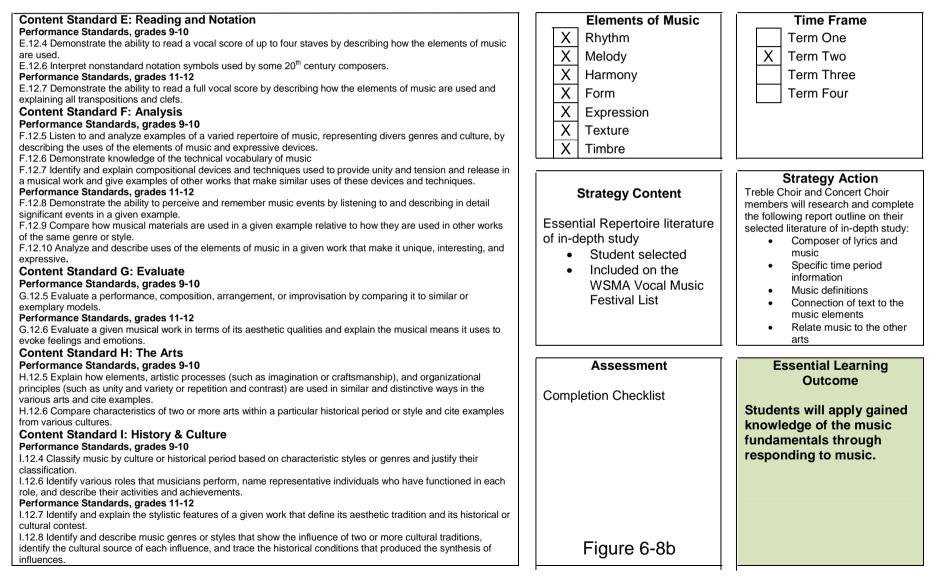
CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: INDIVIDUAL/SMALL GROUP VOICE LESSONS TREBLE CHOIR AND CONCERT CHOIR

	Elements of Music	Time Frame
Content Standard A: Singing Performance Standards, grades 9-10 A.12.3 Sing with expression and technical accuracy a large and varied repertoire of vocal literature with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six, including some songs performed from memory. Performance Standards, grades 11-12 A.12.6 Sing with expression and technical accuracy a large and varied repertoire of vocal literature with a level of difficulty of five on a scale of one to six. A.12.8 Sing in small ensembles with one student on a part. Content Standard E: Reading and Notation Performance Standards, grades 9-10 E.12.5 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six E.12.6 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20 th century composers. Performance Standards, grades 11-12 E.12.8 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six	Elements of Music X Rhythm X Melody X Harmony X Form X Expression X Texture X Timbre Strategy Content • Essential Musicianship	Time Frame X Term One X Term Two X Term Three X Term Four Strategy Action Treble Choir and Concert Choir members will
Content Standard G: Evaluate Performance Standards, grades 9-10 G.12.4 Apply and refine specific criteria for making informed, critical evaluations of the quality and effectiveness of performances, compositions, arrangements, and improvisations and apply the criteria in their participation in music.	literature Essential Repertoire literature 	participate in a minimum of three vocal lessons per term.
G.12.5 Evaluate a performance, composition, arrangement, or improvisation by comparing it to similar or exemplary models	Assessment Checklist • Participation • Vocal technique Rubric • Music Skills • Individual Voice • Rehearsal • Performance Performing Recording	Essential Learning Outcome Students will apply gained knowledge of the music fundamentals through performing and responding to music.
		Figure 6-7

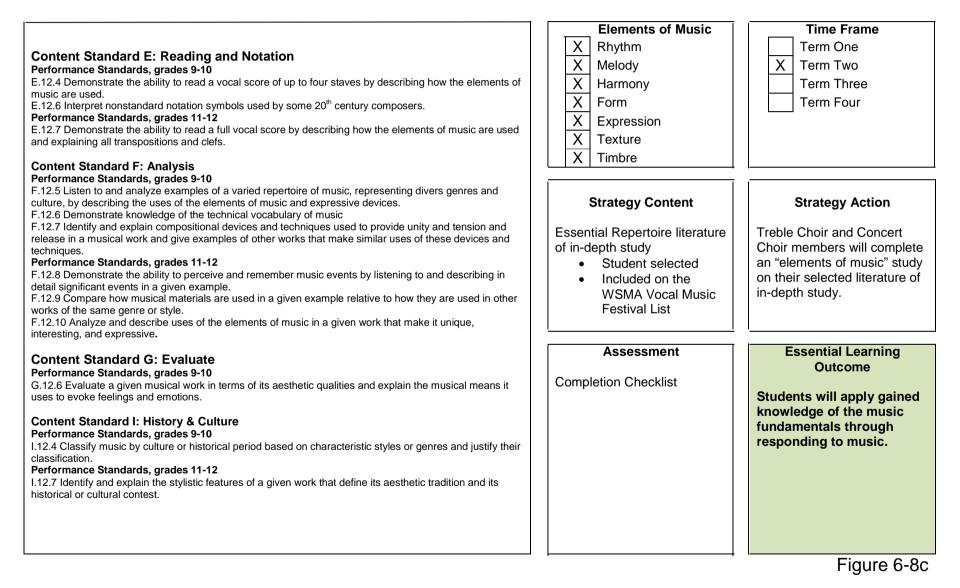
CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: INDIVIDUAL SOLO/ENSEMBLE TIMETABLE (A. Select literature of in-depth study) TREBLE CHOIR AND CONCERT CHOIR



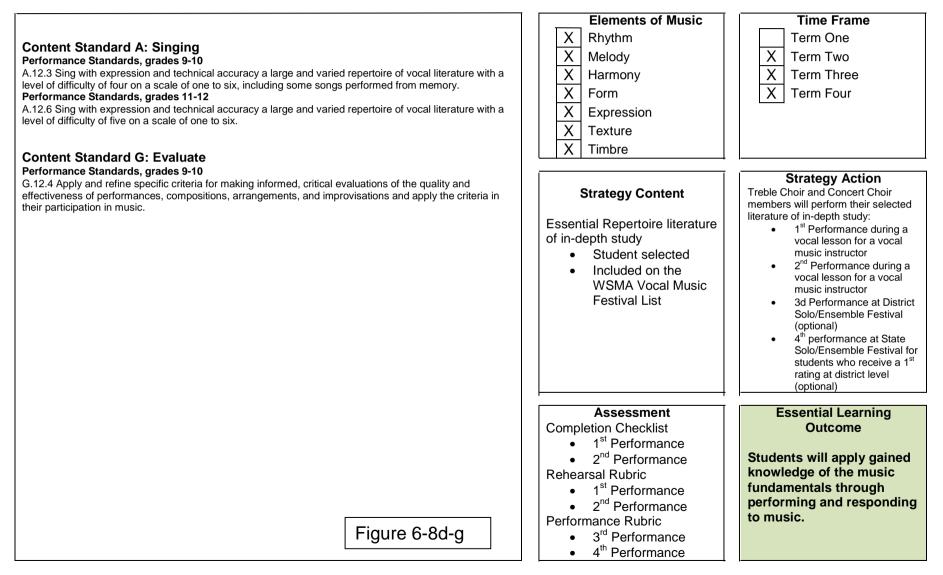
CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: INDIVIDUAL SOLO/ENSEMBLE TIMETABLE (B. Report on selected literature of in-depth study) TREBLE CHOIR AND CONCERT CHOIR



CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: INDIVIDUAL SOLO/ENSEMBLE TIMETABLE (C. "Elements of Music" study on selected literature of in-depth study) TREBLE CHOIR AND CONCERT CHOIR



CURRICULUM PLAN TEACHING STRATEGY: INDIVIDUAL SOLO/ENSEMBLE TIMETABLE (D-G. Performance of literature of in-depth study) TREBLE CHOIR AND CONCERT CHOIR



Instructional Strategies and Assessment Information

Curriculum and assessment are connected by the teaching and learning that takes place day to day and year to year. The improvement of integrated language arts achievement for all students requires effective teaching in all classrooms. Effective teaching means that students use a variety of processes to deepen their understanding, engage in thoughtful conversations and reflection, and connect previous learning and strategies to new knowledge. These processes on the following pages will be used in classrooms across the District.

Vocabulary Instruction

A SIX-STEP PROCESS FOR TEACHING ACADEMIC VOCABULARY

- 1. Provide a description, explanation or example of the new term.
- 2. Ask students to restate the description, explanation, or example in their own words.
- 3. Ask students to construct a picture, symbol, or graphic representing the term or phrase.
- 4. Engage students periodically in activities that help them add to their knowledge of the terms in their notebooks.
- 5. Periodically ask students to discuss the terms with one another.
- 6. Involve students periodically in games that allow them to play with terms.

Source: Building Academic Vocabulary, Marzano and Pickering, ASCD, 2005.



Music Curriculum

2009-10 Appendix





Appendix A	Wisconsin Model Academic Standards for Music	Page 148-157
Appendix B	Blooms Taxonomy	Page 158-159
Appendix C	Glossary of Terms	Page 160-162
Appendix D	District Policy on Use of Sacred Music	Page 163
Appendix E	Statutes and Policies Addressing Student Needs	Page 164-165
Appendix F	Sample K-12 Common Assessments	Page 166-172
Appendix G	Resources and References	Page 173

Appendix A

WISCONSIN'S MODEL ACADEMIC STANDARDS FOR MUSIC

PERFORMANCE A: SINGING

By the End of Grade 4

Students in general music classes will:	Students in instrumental classes will:
 A.4.1. Sing independently, on pitch, and in rhythm with appropriate timbre, diction, and posture, and maintain a steady tempo A.4.2 Sing expressively with appropriate dynamics, phrasing, and interpretation A.4.3 Sing from memory a varied repertoire of songs representing genres and styles from diverse 	A.4.6 Sing on pitch using neutral syllables, note names, or solfege** A.4.7 Sing with rhythmic accuracy
cultures A.4.4 Sing ostinati,* partner songs, and rounds A.4.5 Sing in groups, blending vocal timbres, matching dynamic levels, and responding to the cues of he conductor	

By the End of Grade 8

Students in general music classes will:	Students in choral classes will:
A.8.1 Sing accurately and with good breath control throughout their singing ranges, alone and in small and large ensembles	A.8.5 Sing accurately and with good breath control throughout their singing ranges, alone and in small and large ensembles
A.8.2 Sing expressively and with technical accuracy a repertoire of vocal literature with a level of difficulty of two on a scale of one to six,* including some songs performed from	A.8.6 Sing expressively and with technical accuracy a varied repertoire of vocal literature, with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six,* including some songs performed
memory	from memory
A.8.3 Sing music representing diverse genres and cultures, with expression appropriate for the work being performed	A.8.7 Sing music written in two, three, and four parts A.8.8 Sing music representing diverse genres and cultures, with expression appropriate for the
A.8.4 Sing music written in two and three parts	music
Students in instrumental classes will:	
A.8.9 Sing accurately and with good breath control, alone and/or in small and large ensembles	
A.8.10 Sing with expression and technical accuracy	
A.8.11 Sing music written in two and three parts	

Students in general music classes will: A.12.1 Sing expressively, with technical and stylistic accuracy, a varied repertoire of music A.12.2 Demonstrate effective use of ensemble skills such as balance, intonation, rhythmic unity, and part singing when performing as part of a group	 Students in choral classes who have completed one year of study will: A.12.3 Sing with expression and technical accuracy a large and varied repertoire of vocal literature with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six,* including some songs performed from memory A.12.4 Sing music written for four parts, with and without accompaniment A.12.5 Demonstrate well-developed ensemble skills
Students in choral classes who have completed more than one year of study will:	Students in instrumental classes will: A.12.9 Demonstrate well-developed ensemble skills
 A.12.6 Sing with expression and technical accuracy a large and varied repertoire of vocal literature with a level of difficulty of five on a scale of one to six* A.12.7 Sing music written in more than four parts A.12.8 Sing in small ensembles with one student on a part 	

B: INSTRUMENTAL

By the End of Grade 4

Students in general music classes will:	Students in instrumental classes will:
B.4.1 Play on pitch, in rhythm, with appropriate dynamics and timbre, and maintain a steady tempo	B.4.7 Perform on at least one instrument, alone and in small groups and large ensembles, with
B.4.2 Play easy rhythmic, melodic, and chordal patterns accurately and independently on rhythmic,	correct posture and playing position
melodic, and harmonic classroom instruments	B.4.8 Perform a repertoire of instrumental literature with a level of difficulty of one on a scale of
B.4.3 Play expressively a varied repertoire of music representing diverse genres and styles	one to six,* using dynamic control and demonstrating a basic understanding of key and time
B.4.4 Echo short rhythmic and melodic patterns	signatures
B.4.5 Play in groups, blending instrumental timbres, matching dynamic levels, and responding to	B.4.9 Perform independently against contrasting parts
the cues of a conductor	B.4.10 Demonstrate basic characteristic tone on their instrument
B.4.6 Play independent instrumental parts while other students sing or play contrasting parts	

By the End of <u>Grade 8</u>

Students in general music classes will: B.8.1 Perform on at least one classroom instrument accurately and independently, alone and in small and large ensembles, and with good posture, good playing position, and good breath, bow, or stick control B.8.2 Perform, with expression and technical accuracy on at least one classroom instrument, a repertoire of instrumental literature with a level of difficulty of two on a scale of one to six* B.8.3 Perform music representing diverse genres and cultures, with appropriate expression B.8.4 Play by ear simple melodies on a melodic instrument and simple accompaniments on a harmonic instrument	Students in choral classes will: B.8.5 Play accurately and independently on a classroom instrument, alone and in small and large ensembles B.8.6 Play music representing diverse genres and cultures, with expression appropriate for the music B.8.7 Play simple melodies and accompaniments on an instrument
Students in instrumental classes will: B.8.8 Perform on at least one instrument accurately and independently, alone and in small and large ensembles, and with good posture, good playing position, and good breath, bow, or stick control B.8.9 Perform, with expression and technical accuracy on a band or orchestral instrument, a repertoire of instrumental literature with a level of difficulty of three on a scale of one to six* B.8.10 Perform music representing diverse genres and cultures, with appropriate expression and style*	

B.8.11 Play by ear simple melodies on a band or orchestral instrument

Students in general music classes will:	Students in choral classes will:
B.12.1 Play a varied repertoire of music expressively and with technical and stylistic accuracy on a	B.12.4 Play their voice part on a melodic instrument
classroom instrument	B.12.5 Play accompaniments on melodic, rhythmic, or harmonic instruments
B.12.2 Play on a classroom instrument, using ensemble skills such as balance, intonation, rhythmic	
unity, and independence when performing in a group	
B.12.3 Play by ear accompaniments on a harmonic instrument while singing or playing the melody	
Students in instrumental classes who have completed one year of study	Students in instrumental classes who have completed more than one year
will:	of study will:
B.12.6 Perform, with expression and technical accuracy, a large and varied repertoire of instrumental literature with a level of difficulty of four on a scale of one to six*	B.12.9 Perform with expression and technical accuracy a large and varied repertoire of instrumental literature with a level of difficulty of five, on a scale of one to six*
B.12.7 Perform an appropriate part in an ensemble, demonstrating well-developed ensemble skills	include with a level of difficulty of five, on a scale of one to six
B.12.8 Perform in small ensembles	

MUSIC CREATIVITY C: IMPROVISATION

By the End of Grade 4

Students in general music classes will: C.4.1 Improvise in the same style answers to given rhythmic and melodic questions C.4.2 Improvise simple rhythmic and melodic ostinato* accompaniments C.4.3 Improvise simple rhythmic variations and melodic embellishments on given pentatonic** melodies C.4.4 Improvise short songs and instrumental pieces, using a variety of sound sources, including traditional sounds, sounds available in the classroom, body sounds, and sounds produced	Students in instrumental classes will: C.4.5 Echo simple rhythmic and melodic patterns C.4.6 Play and embellish simple melodies by ear
by electronic means	

By the End of Grade 8

Students in general music classes will:	Students in choral classes will:	
C.8.1 Improvise simple harmonic accompaniments	C.8.4 Improvise simple harmonic accompaniments	
C.8.2 Improvise melodic embellishments and simple rhythmic and melodic variations on given	C.8.5 Improvise simple rhythmic variations and simple melodic embellishments on given	
pentatonic* melodies and melodies in major keys	pentatonic* melodies and melodies in major keys	
C.8.3 Improvise short melodies, unaccompanied and over given rhythmic accompaniments, each	C.8.6 Improvise short melodies, unaccompanied and over given rhythmic accompaniments, each	
in a consistent style, meter, and tonality	in a consistent style, meter, and tonality	
Students in instrumental classes will:		
C.8.7 Improvise melodic embellishments and simple rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic* melodies, blues melodies, and melodies in major and/or minor keys		
C.8.8 Improvise short melodies, unaccompanied and over given rhythmic accompaniments, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality		

Students in general music classes will: C.12.1 Improvise stylistically appropriate harmonizing parts C.12.2 Improvise rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic* melodies and melodies in major and minor keys C.12.3 Improvise original melodies over given chord progressions, each in a variety of styles (such as classical, blues, standard pop songs, folk, gospel), meter (such as duple or triple), and tonality	Students in choral classes who have completed one year of study will: C.12.4 Improvise stylistically appropriate harmonizing parts C.12.5 Improvise rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic* melodies and melodies in major and minor keys C.12.6 Improvise original melodies over given chord progressions, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality
Students in choral classes who have completed more than one year of study will: C.12.7 Improvise stylistically appropriate harmonizing parts in a variety of styles C.12.8 Improvise original melodies in a variety of styles, over given chord progressions, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality	Students in instrumental classes who have completed one year of study will: C.12.9 Improvise rhythmic and melodic variations on given pentatonic* melodies and melodies in major and minor keys C.12.10 Improvise original melodies over given chord progressions, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality
	Students in instrumental classes who have completed more than one year of study will: C.12.11 Improvise original melodies in a variety of styles, over given chord progressions, each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality

D: COMPOSITION

By the End of Grade 4

Students in general music classes will:	Students in instrumental classes will:
D.4.1 Create and arrange music to accompany readings and dramatizations	D.4.4 Explore, in large group settings, compositional devices using sound effects
D.4.2 Create and arrange short songs and instrumental pieces within specified	D.4.5 Compose simple melodies for their own instrument
guidelines	
D.4.3 Use a variety of sound sources when composing and arranging	

By the End of Grade 8

Students in general music classes will:	Students in choral classes will:	
D.8.1 Compose short pieces within specified guidelines, demonstrating the use of the elements	D.8.4 Compose short pieces within specified guidelines, demonstrating the use of the elements	
of music	of music	
D.8.2 Arrange simple pieces for voices or instruments other than those for which the pieces were	D.8.5 Arrange simple pieces for voices and instruments other than those for which the pieces	
written	were written	
D.8.3 Use a variety of traditional and nontraditional sound sources and electronic media when	D.8.6 Use traditional or nontraditional notation to represent compositions or arrangements	
composing and arranging	D.8.7 Use a variety of sound sources and electronic media when composing and arranging	
Students in instrumental classes will:		
D.8.8 Compose short pieces within specific guidelines, demonstrating use of the elements of music		
D.8.9 Arrange simple pieces for two or more instruments from a concert key, demonstrating spacing of voices and balance		
D.8.10 Use a variety of traditional and nontraditional sound sources and electronic media when composing and arranging		

By the End of <u>Grade 12</u>

Students in general music classes will: D.12.1 Compose music in several distinct styles, demonstrating creativity in using the elements of music for expressive effect D.12.2 Arrange simple pieces for acoustic or electronic instruments D.12.3 Use computer and electronic technology in composing and arranging music	Students in choral classes who have completed one year of study will: D.12.4 Compose music in several distinct styles, demonstrating creativity in using the elements of music for expressive effect D.12.5 Arrange pieces for voices in ways that preserve or enhance the expressive effect of the music D.12.6 Compose and arrange music for voices and various accompaniment instruments, demonstrating knowledge of the ranges and traditional usage of the sound sources
Students in choral classes who have completed more than one year of study will: D.12.7 Compose music, demonstrating imagination and technical skill in applying the principles of composition D.12.8 Demonstrate proficiency in the use of computer technologynotation and sequencing programsto compose and arrange music for various vocal and instrumental ensembles and solos	Students in instrumental classes who have completed one year of study will: D.12.9 Compose music in several distinct styles, demonstrating creativity in using the elements of music for expressive effect D.12.10 Arrange pieces for instruments other than those for which the pieces were written in ways that preserve or enhance the expressive effect of the music D.12.11 Compose and arrange music for instruments other than their own, demonstrating knowledge of the ranges and traditional uses of the sound sources Students in instrumental classes who have completed more than one year of study will: D.12.12 Compose music, demonstrating imagination and technical skill in applying the principles of composition D.12.13 Demonstrate proficiency in the use of computer technologynotation and sequencing programsto compose and arrange music for instruments

MUSIC LITERACY E: READING AND NOTATING

By the End of <u>Grade 4</u>	
Students in instrumental classes will:	
E.4.5 Invent a system of nontraditional music notation	
E.4.6 Read whole, half, quarter, and eighth notes in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4 meter signatures	
E.4.7 Recognize standard musical symbols of pitch, rhythm, dynamics, and articulation	

By the End of Grade 8

By the End of Grade 8		
Students in general music classes will:	Students in choral classes will:	
E.8.1 Read whole, half, quarter, eighth, sixteenth, and dotted notes and rests in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 6/8,	E.8.5 Read notation sufficiently to perform simple melodies or rhythms accurately after practice	
3/8, and alla breve (2/2) meter signatures	Use a system (syllables, numbers, or letters) to sight-read simple melodies in both the treble and	
E.8.2 Sight-read simple melodies in both the treble and bass clefs	bass clefs, accurately and expressively, with a level of difficulty of two on a scale of one to six*	
E.8.3 Identify and define standard notation symbols for pitch, rhythm, dynamics, tempo,	E.8.7 Identify and define standard notation symbols for pitch, rhythm, dynamics, tempo,	
articulation, and expression	articulation, and expression	
E.8.4 Use standard notation and nontraditional notation to record their musical idea and the	E.8.8 Use standard notation to record musical ideas	
musical ideas of others		
Students in instrumental classes will:		
E.8.9 Read whole, half, quarter, eighth, sixteenth, and dotted notes and rests in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 3/8, and alla breve (2/2) meter signatures		
E.8.10 Sight-read simple melodies in the treble and/or bass clefs		
E.8.11 Identify and define standard notation symbols for pitch, rhythm, dynamic, tempo, articulation, and expression		

E.8.12 Use standard notation to record their musical ideas and the musical ideas of others

E.8.13 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of two on a scale of one to six*

J	
Students in general music classes will:	Students in choral classes who have completed one year of study will:
E.12.1 Continue to use standard and nontraditional notation to record their musical ideas and the	E.12.4 Demonstrate the ability to read a vocal score of up to four staves by describing how the
musical ideas of others	elements of music are used
E.12.2 Read and notate chord symbols on harmonic classroom instruments E.12.3 Read an	E.12.5 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of three on a scale
instrumental or vocal score of up to four staves	of one to six*
	E.12.6 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20th century composers
	* In music education, musical pieces are rated on a scale of difficulty from one to six
Students in choral classes who have completed more than one year of	Students in instrumental classes who have completed one year of study
study will:	will:
E.12.7 Demonstrate the ability to read a full vocal score by describing how the elements of	E.12.9 Demonstrate the ability to read an instrumental score of up to four staves by describing
music are used and explaining all transpositions and clefs	how the elements of music are used
E.12.8 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of four on a scale	E.12.10 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of three on a
of one to six*	scale of one to six*
	E.12.11 Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20th century composers
	Students in instrumental classes who have completed more than one year
	of study will:
	E.12.12 Demonstrate the ability to read a full instrumental score by describing how the elements
	of music are used and explaining all transpositions and clefs
	E.12.13 Sight-read, accurately and expressively, music with a level of difficulty of four on a
	scale of one to six*

MUSIC RESPONSE F: ANALYSIS

By the End of Grade 4	
Students in general music classes will:	Students in instrumental classes will:
 F.4.1 Identify phrases and sections of music that are the same, similar, and/or different F.4.2 Identify simple music forms upon listening to a given example F.4.3 Demonstrate perceptual skills by listening to, answering questions about, and describing music of various styles representing diverse cultures F.4.4 Use appropriate terminology in explaining music, music notation, music instruments and voices, and music performances F.4.5 Identify the sounds of a variety of instruments, including many orchestra and band instruments and instruments from various cultures, as well as male and female adult voices F.4.6 Respond through purposeful physical movement to selected prominent music characteristics or to specific music events while listening to music 	F.4.7 Identify sounds of various band and orchestra instruments F.4.8 Identify simple musical devices, such as form, contrast, and texture
By the End	of <u>Grade 8</u>
 Students in general music classes will: F.8.1 Describe specific musical events upon listening to a given example, using appropriate terminology F.8.2 Demonstrate knowledge of the basic principles of meter, rhythm, tonality, intervals, chords, and harmonic progressions and their application in analyzing written and/or aural examples of music F.8.3 Analyze and compare the use of the elements of music upon listening to examples representing diverse genres and cultures Students in instrumental classes will: F.8.8 Listen to and describe specific music events in a given example, using appropriate terminolog F.8.9 Listen to and analyze the uses of the elements of music in examples representing diverse genres 	res and cultures
F.8.10 Demonstrate knowledge of the basic principles of meter, rhythm, tonality, intervals, chords, By the End	and harmonic progressions in their analyses of music of Grade 12
 Students in general music classes will: F.12.1 Analyze the elements of music and expressive devices used in music from diverse genres and cultures upon listening to a given musical example F.12.2 Understand the technical vocabulary of music (such as Italian terms, form, harmony, and tempo markings) F.12.3 Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques that are used to provide unity and variety and tension and release in a musical work F.12.4 Analyze and describe uses of the elements of music in a given work that make it unique, interesting, and expressive 	 Students in choral classes who have completed one year of study will: F.12.5 Listen to and analyze examples of a varied repertoire of music, representing diverse genres and cultures, by describing the uses of the elements of music and expressive devices F.12.6 Demonstrate extensive knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music F.12.7 Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques used to provide unity and variety and tension and release in a musical work and give examples of other works that make similar uses of these devices and techniques
 Students in choral classes who have completed more than one year of study will: F.12.8 Demonstrate the ability to perceive and remember music events by listening to and describing in detail significant events in a given example F.12.9 Compare how musical materials are used in a given example relative to how they are used in other works of the same genre or style F.12.10 Analyze and describe uses of the elements of music in a given work that make it unique, interesting, and expressive 	 Students in instrumental classes who have completed one year of study will: F.12.11 Listen to and analyze examples of a varied repertoire of music, representing diverse genres and cultures, by describing the uses of the elements of music and expressive devices F.12.12 Demonstrate extensive knowledge of the technical vocabulary of music F.12.13 Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques used to provide unity and variety and tension and release in a musical work and give examples of other works that make similar uses of these devices and techniques
Similar uses of these devices and techniques Students in instrumental classes who have completed more than one year of study will: F.12.14 Demonstrate the ability to perceive and remember music events by describing in detail significant events occurring in a given example F.12.15 Compare how musical materials are used in a given example relative to how they are used in other works of the same genre or style F.12.16 Analyze and describe uses of the elements of music in a given work that make it unique, interesting, and expressive	

G: EVALUATION

By the End of Grade 4

Students in general music classes will:	Students in instrumental classes will:
G.4.1 Devise criteria for evaluating performances and compositions	G.4.4 Evaluate the quality of their own performance and the performance of others
G.4.2 Explain, using appropriate music terminology, personal preferences for specific musical	G.4.5 Contribute constructive suggestions for improvement
works and styles	
G.4.3 Evaluate the quality of their own and other performances and offer constructive	
suggestions for improvement	

By the End of Grade 8

Students in general music classes will:	Students in choral classes will:	
G.8.1 Develop criteria for evaluating the quality and effectiveness of music performances and	G.8.3 Know specific criteria that affect the quality and effectiveness of musical performances	
compositions and apply the criteria to their personal listening, composing, and	and compositions	
performing	G.8.4 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of their own and others Õ performances and offer	
G.8.2 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of their own and other performances, compositions,	constructive suggestions for improvement	
arrangements, and improvisations by applying specific criteria appropriate for the style		
of the music and will offer constructive suggestions for improvement		
Students in instrumental classes will:		
G.8.5 Develop criteria for evaluating the quality and effectiveness of music performances and compositions and apply the criteria in their listening, composing, and performing		
G.8.6 Evaluate the quality and effectiveness of their own and other performances, compositions, arrangements, and improvisations by applying specific criteria appropriate for the style of the music		

and offer constructive suggestions for improvement

 Students in general music classes will: G.12.1 Apply and refine specific criteria for making informed, critical evaluations of the quality and effectiveness of performances, compositions, arrangements, and improvisations and apply the criteria in their personal participation in music G.12.2 Evaluate a performance, composition, arrangement, or improvisation by comparing it to similar or exemplary models G.12.3 Evaluate a given musical work in terms of its aesthetic qualities and explain the musical means used to evoke feelings and emotions 	 Students in choral classes who have completed one year of study will: G.12.4 Apply and refine specific criteria for making informed critical evaluations of the quality and effectiveness of performances, compositions, arrangements, and improvisations and apply the criteria in their participation in music G.12.5 Evaluate a performance, composition, arrangement, or improvisation by comparing it to similar or exemplary model Students in choral classes who have completed more than one year of study will: G.12.6 Evaluate a given musical work in terms of its aesthetic qualities and explain the musical means it uses to evoke feelings and emotions
Students in instrumental classes who have completed one year of study will: G.12.7 Apply and refine specific criteria for making informed, critical evaluations of the quality and effectiveness of performances, compositions, arrangements, and improvisations and apply the criteria in their participation in music G.12.8 Evaluate a performance, composition, arrangement, or improvisation by comparing it to similar or exemplary models	Students in instrumental classes who have completed more than one year of study will: G.12.9 Evaluate a given musical work in terms of its aesthetic qualities and explain the musical means it uses to evoke feelings and emotions

MUSIC CONNECTIONS H: THE ARTS

By the End of Grade 4

Students in general music classes will:	Students in instrumental classes will:
H.4.1 Identify similarities and differences in the meanings of common terms used in the various	H.4.3 Identify terms common in the arts, such as texture, color, form, and movement
arts	H.4.4 Recognize the relationship of music to principles in other disciplines
H.4.2 Identify ways in which the principles and subject matter of other disciplines taught in the	
school are interrelated with those of music	

By the End of Grade 8

Students in general music classes will:	Students in choral classes will:
H.8.1 Compare how the characteristic media of two or more arts can be used to transform similar events, scenes, emotions, or ideas into works of art	H.8.4 Compare how the characteristic materials of two or more arts can be used to transform similar events, scenes, emotions, or ideas into works of art
H.8.2 Compare the terminology and contrasting definitions used for various artistic elements in each of two or more arts	H.8.5 Describe ways in which the principles and subject matter of other school disciplines interrelate with those of music
H.8.3 Describe how the principles and subject matter of other school disciplines	H.8.6 Compare the terminology and contrasting definitions of various elements in each of two or more arts
Students in instrumental classes will:	
H.8.7 Compare how the characteristic media of two or more arts can be used to transform similar events, scenes, emotions, or ideas into works of art	
H.8.8 Compare the terminology and contrasting definitions of various elements in each of two or more arts	
II 9 O Describe many in which the minimized and subject motion of other school disciplines intermelate with these of music	

H.8.9 Describe ways in which the principles and subject matter of other school disciplines interrelate with those of music

 Students in general music classes will: H.12.1 Compare characteristics of two or more arts within a particular historical period or style and cite examples from various cultures H.12.2 Explain how the principles and subject matter of various disciplines outside the arts interrelate with those of music H.12.3 Explain how the roles of creators, performers, and others involved in the production and presentation of the arts are similar to and different from one another H.12.4 Compare the uses of characteristic elements and organizational principles among the various arts 	Students in choral classes who have completed one year of study will: H.12.5 Explain how elements, artistic processes (such as imagination or craftsmanship), and organizational principles (such as unity and variety or repetition and contrast) are used in similar and distinctive ways in the various arts and cite examples H.12.6 Compare characteristics of two or more arts within a particular historical period or style and cite examples from various cultures H.12.7 Explain how the principles and subject matter of various disciplines outside the arts interrelate with those of music
 Students in choral classes who have completed more than one year of study will: H.12.8 Compare the characteristic elements, artistic processes, and organizational principles among the arts in different historical periods and cultures H.12.9 Explain how the roles of creators, performers, and others involved in the production and presentation of the arts are similar to and different from one another 	Students in instrumental classes who have completed one year of study will: H.12.10 Explain how elements, artistic processes, and organizational principles are used in similar and distinctive ways in the various arts H.12.11 Compare characteristics of two or more arts within a particular historical period or style and cite examples from various cultures H.12.12 Explain ways in which the principles and subject matter of various disciplines outside the arts interrelate with those of music
Students in instrumental classes who have completed more than one year H.12.13 Compare the characteristic elements, artistic processes, and organizational principles and H.12.14 Explain how the roles of creators, performers, and others involved in the production and p	ng the arts in different historical periods and cultures

I: HISTORY AND CULTURE

Dy the Life	of offuce 4
Students in general music classes will:	Students in instrumental classes will:
I.4.1 Demonstrate audience behavior appropriate for the context and style of music performed	I.4.6 Perform a varied repertoire of music from other cultures
I.4.2 Listen to and identify, by genre or style, examples of music from various historical periods	I.4.7 Perform music from various historical periods
and world cultures	
I.4.3 Describe in simple terms how elements of music are used in music examples from various	
cultures of the world	
I.4.4 Identify various uses of music in their daily experiences and describe characteristics that	
make certain music suitable for each use	
I.4.5 Identify and describe roles of musicians in various music settings and world cultures	
	of <u>Grade 8</u>
Students in general music classes will:	Students in choral classes will:
I.8.1 Describe distinguishing characteristics of representative music genres and styles from a	I.8.4 Describe distinguishing characteristics of representative music genres and styles from a
variety of cultures	variety of cultures
I.8.2 Classify by genre and style (and if applicable, by historical periods, composer, and title) a	I.8.5 Compare and classify exemplary musical works by genre, style, historical period,
varied body of high quality and characteristic musical works and explain the	composer, and title
characteristics that cause each work to be considered exemplary	I.8.6 Compare, in several cultures of the world, the functions music serves, roles of musicians,
I.8.3 Compare, in several cultures of the world including their own, functions music serves, roles	and conditions under which music is typically created and performed
of musicians, and conditions under which music is typically created and performed	
I.8.9 Compare, in several cultures of the world including their own, functions music serves, roles on By the End	f musicians, and conditions under which music is typically created and performed of Grade 12
Students in general music classes will:	Students in choral classes who have completed one year of study will:
I.12.1 Classify music by culture or historical period based on characteristic styles or genres and	I.12.4 Classify music by culture or historical period based on characteristic styles or genres and
justify their classification	justify their classification
I.12.2 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name	I.12.5 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name
well-known musicians associated with them	well-known musicians associated with them
I.12.3 Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have	I.12.6 Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have
functioned in each role, and describe their activities and achievements	functioned in each role, and describe their activities and achievements
Students in instrumental classes who have completed one year of study	Students in choral classes who have completed more than one year of
will:	study will:
I.12.9 Classify music by culture and historical period based on characteristic styles or genres and	I.12.7 Identify and explain the stylistic features of a given musical work that define its aesthetic
justify their classification	tradition and its historical or cultural context
I.12.10 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name	tradition and its historical or cultural context I.12.8 Identify and describe music genres or styles that show the influence of two or more
I.12.10 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name well-known musicians associated with them	tradition and its historical or cultural context I.12.8 Identify and describe music genres or styles that show the influence of two or more cultural traditions, identify the cultural source of each influence, and trace the historical
 I.12.10 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name well-known musicians associated with them I.12.11 Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have 	tradition and its historical or cultural context I.12.8 Identify and describe music genres or styles that show the influence of two or more
 I.12.10 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name well-known musicians associated with them I.12.11 Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have functioned in each role, and describe their activities and achievements 	tradition and its historical or cultural context I.12.8 Identify and describe music genres or styles that show the influence of two or more cultural traditions, identify the cultural source of each influence, and trace the historical conditions that produced the synthesis of influences
 I.12.10 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name well-known musicians associated with them I.12.11 Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have functioned in each role, and describe their activities and achievements Students in instrumental classes who have completed more than one year of the statement of the stateme	tradition and its historical or cultural context I.12.8 Identify and describe music genres or styles that show the influence of two or more cultural traditions, identify the cultural source of each influence, and trace the historical conditions that produced the synthesis of influences of study will:
 I.12.10 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name well-known musicians associated with them I.12.11 Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have functioned in each role, and describe their activities and achievements Students in instrumental classes who have completed more than one year of I.12.12 Identify and explain the stylistic features of a given musical work that define its aesthetic to the stylistic features. 	tradition and its historical or cultural context I.12.8 Identify and describe music genres or styles that show the influence of two or more cultural traditions, identify the cultural source of each influence, and trace the historical conditions that produced the synthesis of influences of study will: radition and its historical or cultural context
 I.12.10 Identify sources of American music genres, trace the evolution of those genres, and name well-known musicians associated with them I.12.11 Identify various roles that musicians perform, name representative individuals who have functioned in each role, and describe their activities and achievements Students in instrumental classes who have completed more than one year of the statement of the stateme	tradition and its historical or cultural context I.12.8 Identify and describe music genres or styles that show the influence of two or more cultural traditions, identify the cultural source of each influence, and trace the historical conditions that produced the synthesis of influences of study will: radition and its historical or cultural context I traditions, identify the cultural source of each influence, and trace more cultural traditions,

Appendix B

School District of Holmen Bloom's Taxonomy

KnowledgeComprehensionApplicationAnalysisSynthesisCiteAddAcquireFigureAnalyzeAbstractImportCountApproximateAdaptGraphAuditAnimateImporveDefineArticulateAllocateHandleBlueprintArrangeIncorporateDescribeAssociateAlphabetizeIllustrateBreadboardAssembleIntegrateDrawCharacterizeApplyInterconvertBreak downBudgetInterfaceEnumerateClarifyAscertainInvestigateCharacterizeCategorizeJoinIdentifyClassifyAssignManipulateClassifyCodeLectureIndexCompareAttainModifyCompareCombineModel	Appraise Assess
CountApproximateAdaptGraphAuditAnimateImproveDefineArticulateAllocateHandleBlueprintArrangeIncorporateDescribeAssociateAlphabetizeIllustrateBreadboardAssembleIntegrateDrawCharacterizeApplyInterconvertBreak downBudgetInterfaceEnumerateClarifyAscertainInvestigateCharacterizeCategorizeJoinIdentifyClassifyAssignManipulateClassifyCodeLectureIndexCompareAttainModifyCompareCombineModel	Assess
IndicateComputeAvoidOperateConfirmCompieModifyLabelContrastBack upPersonalizeContrastComposeNetworkListConvertCalculatePlotCorrespondOrganizeMatchDefendCapturePracticeDetectCopeOutlineMeetDescribeChangeProticeDiagnonsCreatePlanNameDetailClassifyPepareDiagnosCorrespondOverhaulNameDifferentiateCompletePriceDifferentiateDebugPrpareQuoteDistinguishConstructProduceDissectDepictPrescribeRecalElaborateCostonizeProtectDocumentDevelopProgramRecciliExampleDeprociateProvideEspainDetriseRearangeRecordizeExplainDeriveRelateEspainEnhanceReferenceRepeatExtendDiscorerShowFigure outFacilitateReogaizeReviewFactorDrawSinuitateGroupFormulatReviseReviewFactorDiscorerShowFigure outFacilitateReviseStateGiveExamineSolverIllustrateGeneratizeSpecifyStateGiveExamineSolverInferGeneratizeSpecifyStateGiveExploreTabulateInterruptHandleWrite <t< th=""><th>Compare Conclude Contrast Counsel Criticize Critique Defend Determine Discriminate Estimate Estimate Evaluate Explain Grade Hire Interpret Judge Justify Measure Predict Prescribe Rank Rate Recommend Release Select Summarize Support Test Validate Verify</th></t<>	Compare Conclude Contrast Counsel Criticize Critique Defend Determine Discriminate Estimate Estimate Evaluate Explain Grade Hire Interpret Judge Justify Measure Predict Prescribe Rank Rate Recommend Release Select Summarize Support Test Validate Verify

		Affective Domain	Verbs	
Receiving	Responding	Valuing	Organization	Internalization
Ask	Accept responsibility	Associate with	Adhere to	Act
Choose	Answer	Assume esponsibility	Alter	Change behavior
Follow	Assist	Believe in	Arrange	Develop code of behavior
Give	Be willing to comply	Be convinced	Classify	Develop philosophy
Hold	Conform	Complete	Combine	Influence
Select	Enjoy	Describe	Defend	Judge problems / issues
Show interest	Greet	Differentiate	Establish	Listen
	Help	Have faith in	Form judgments	Propose
	Obey	Initiate	Identify with	Qualify
	Perform	Invite	Integrate	Question
	Practice	Join	Organize	Serve
	Present	Justify	Weigh alternatives	Show mature attitude
	Report	Participate		Solve Verify
	Select	Propose		
	Tell	Select		
		Share		
		Subscribe to		
		Work		

School District of Holmen Bloom's Taxonomy

	Psych	omotor Domain Verbs		
Activate	Correct	Loosen	Transfer	
Adjust	Create	Make	Troubleshoot	
Align	Demonstrate	Manipulate	Tune	
Apply	Design	Mend	Turn on/off	
Arrange	Dismantle	Mix	Туре	
Assemble	Drill	Nail	Saw	
Balance	Fasten	Operate	Sharpen	
Break down	Fix	Paint	Set	
Build	Follow	Press	Sew	
Calibrate	Grip	Produce	Sketch	
Change	Hammer	Pull	Start	
Close	Heat	Push	Stir	
Combine	Hook	Remove	Use	
Compose	Identify	Repair	Weigh	
Connect	Load	Replace	Wrap	
Construct	Locate	Rotate	-	

Appendix C

Glossary of Terms

<u>alternative assessment</u> – Assessments that ask students to construct, perform, or demonstrate their learning in manner that allows for a full understanding of their learning to be measured. Also termed performance assessment.

authentic assessment - Assessment that takes place in a real-life context or one that approximates how the skill or knowledge would be used in the "real world".

<u>benchmark or target</u> – any specific, measurable goals or objectives for students to meet at various points during the school year. They are sometimes represented by samples of student work—past or present. Benchmarks/targets can be used as checkpoints to monitor student progress in meeting performance goals.

 $\underline{common\ assessment}$ – Any assessment given by 2 or more teachers with the intention of collaboratively examining the results for instructional planning for individual students and/or curriculum instruction interventions. They are generally formative assessments, connected to essential outcomes and given to all students enrolled in the same class, course or grade level.

content standards – Those standards that describe the information or skills children should learn that are specific to a particular discipline or content area.

course standards – Statements that define what students at a specific school level or in a specific course should achieve by the time they leave that particular level of school.

exit standards - The academic standards that students should achieve by the time they graduate from high school; these standards set the tone and give focus for what students should learn at the underlying grade levels.

<u>formative assessment</u> – This is an assessment **for** learning and is a check of understanding and application so that, if need be, adjustments can be made to the teaching and learning activities. These are often frequent and ongoing assessments. The results are used to gain an understanding of what students know and do not know to make responsive changes in teaching and learning. Benchmarks are clearly defined in order to provide interventions/enrichments.

lesson standards - Statements that define goals for instruction and students' learning over the course of a lesson.

performance – Observable affective or psychomotor behaviors demonstrated by students.

performance indicators - The part of the content standard that defines the skill or performance desired for students to demonstrate.

performance standards- The measure of how well students know and are able to work with (apply) the desired content standards. The standards describe what students must do, and how well they must do this, in order to show they have achieved the content standard.

<u>performance task</u> – used interchangeably with alternative assessment task and performance assessment task; those specific assessment tasks that require students to apply or do something with their learning in order to show their progress toward meeting desired standards.

portfolio - A collection of a student's work over time that demonstrates his or her progress toward the attainment of specific learning standards.

program standards – Broad statements that delineate the overall K-12 goals for a specific subject area for students in a particular state or district.

progress monitoring – An ongoing process that involves collecting and analyzing student work to determine the progress toward specific skills or outcomes. Instruction and intervention decisions are made based on these results.

<u>Response to Intervention (RtI)</u> - RtI is an individualized, comprehensive assessment and intervention process, utilizing a problem-solving framework to identify and address student academic difficulties using effective, efficient, research-based instruction

<u>running record</u> - observation notes made by the teacher about a student's oral reading ability. By looking at the running record, the teacher can analyze the type of reading and instruction that is best suited for the student.

rubric – A scale of criteria that explains in detail the possible levels of performance for an alternative assessment task.

standards – Statements that delineate what students should know and be able to do by the time they graduate from K-12 education.

<u>S.M.A.R.T. goals</u> – Originally coined by Peter Drucker in 1954, this acronym is used to help educators write quality goals. <u>Specific or Strategic, Measurable, Attainable,</u> <u>Results-focused, Time-bound</u>. An example: By the end of this year, at least 90% of students will meet the grade-level benchmark for running records.

summative assessment – This is an assessment of learning and is intended to measure end-of-unit or end-of-course knowledge and understanding; usually require students to demonstrate proficiency of all the essential knowledge and skills.

SCHOOL BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE RULE FILE: 384

Appendix D

School District of Holmen Holmen, WI 54636

Instruction

USE OF SACRED MUSIC IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Philosophical Foundation:

It is the position of the School District of Holmen that the inclusion of significant sacred and secular music is imperative to facilitate a total music experience for Holmen's youth.

Administrative Rule Provisions:

The Wisconsin Music Educators Association supports the study of religious music as a vital and appropriate part of the total music experience in both performing and listening. The omission of sacred music from the repertoire or study of music would present an incorrect and incomplete concept of the comprehensive nature of the art form. The Music Educators National Conference (MENC) believes that religious music is an important component of the musical repertoire of all cultures. The study of such music, chosen on the basis of its musical quality and focusing on its musical characteristics, is important and appropriate for the development of broad musical literacy.

Music educators in Holmen support the position of state and national music educators' organizations. They teach music for its educational value, musically and historically, rather than for the purpose of teaching religion or promoting religious holidays.

Music teachers in the School District of Holmen have adapted the State of Wisconsin State Content Standards for Music Education and these Content Standards align with the District's Program Goals. In addition, the issue of the use of Sacred Music in Public Schools is supported in their responsibility to teach Content Standard Nine and Program Goal Nine, i.e., students will understand music in relationship to history and culture.

During the planning phase of instruction or programming, the following points are considered by each teacher in determining if a program is acceptable:

- The music is selected on the basis of its musical and educational value rather than its religious context.
- The traditions of different people are shared and respected.
- The excessive use of sacred music, religious symbols or scenery, and performance in devotional settings is avoided.
- The role of sacred music is a neutral one, neither promoting nor inhibiting religious views.
- Local and school policies regarding religious holidays are observed.
- There is understanding of the various religious beliefs and sensitivities represented by the school children and parents.
- Legal Ref: Wisconsin Statute 120.12(14) Curriculum; 121.02(1j) Music Instruction

Cross Ref: Curriculum Development, 330 Use of Copyrighted Materials, 771.1 Approved: May 17, 1993 Approved: January 27, 2003 Approved: November 24, 2008

School District of Holmen



School District of Holmen Statutes and Policies Addressing Student Needs

CHILDREN AT RISK Standard n (statute under WI Statute 118.153)

<u>Definition</u>: Pupils in grades 5-12 who are at risk of not graduating from high school because they are dropouts, or they can be defined in two or more of the following areas: one or more years behind their age group in the number of high school credits attained; two or more years behind their age group in basic skill levels; habitual truants (as defined in s.118.16(1)(a); parents; adjudicated delinquents; 8th grade students whose scores in each subject area on the WKCE was below the basic level and who failed to be promoted to the ninth grade.

The School District of Holmen has programming in place to address the needs of students considered at risk by the above definition. Curriculum committees discuss the District's programming in context with their curricular needs and planning.

<u>Children at risk, Standard n</u> – <u>Interventions for Struggling Learners</u> - The School District of Holmen uses a variety of interventions to meet the needs of struggling learners. MAP and common assessment data is used to determine which students would benefit from extra support (reading, writing, Pathways, and Auto Skills). This data is used to differentiate instruction through flex grouping, small groups and working 1-on-1 with students. Team taught classes are used to differentiate instruction. Some teachers adjust the pace of their instruction or use supplemental materials to enhance their instruction.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS (ELL), (PI 13 and WI Statute 115.95)

PI 13 states that a district establishes identification, assessment, classification, and reporting requirements if pupil population includes one or more LEP pupils. This subchapter also establishes criteria and procedures to be used by a school district in determining whether to administer a test under s. <u>118.30</u> or <u>121.02 (1) (r)</u>, Stats., to an LEP pupil. Further, according to State Statute 115.96, a district must "provide equal educational opportunities by ensuring that necessary programs are available for limited-English proficient pupils while allowing each school district maximum flexibility in establishing programs suited to its particular needs."

ELL staff will help support and provide guidance to teachers when working with LEP pupils. Teachers should look for ways to enrich, add to, and accelerate ELLs' language development with the curriculum and learning activities. A variety of student-centered methodologies such as small group learning or thematic instruction can enhance the context for learning.

<u>English Language Learners (ELL)</u> – Teachers and staff in the School District of Holmen offer a variety of services to meet the needs of English Language Learners in the classroom. In the upper-most grades, the district offers a wide variety of courses meant to meet students where they are individually. The instruction can be tailored to be accessible to the learner at almost any level, and the learners who need the most support are often placed in the smallest groups or team taught classes so as to receive more explicit instruction. Additionally, a variety of concrete and experiential learning techniques are used district-wide to support language arts. Other strategies include the deliberate use of common vocabulary and explicit instruction of those terms, real-life connections, and for the neediest students, some forms of assistive technology are used to scaffold the students learning based on the level of proficiency. Finally, the district ESL staff continues to work to educate all staff on the specific needs of the English Language Learner.

TALENTED AND GIFTED (TAG) Standard t (statute under WI Statute 118.53)

Talented and gifted students are those individuals at an elementary or secondary level who, because of outstanding abilities, are capable of high performance. Students who are capable of high performance include those with demonstrated achievement and/or potential in any of the following areas, singly or in combination: (1) general intellectual ability, (2) specific academic aptitude, (3) creative or productive thinking, (4) leadership ability, (5) visual arts, (6) performing arts, (7) psychomotor ability, (8) talent associated with the student's cultural heritage, (9) psycho-social ability.

It is understood that task commitment on the part of the student is an integral ingredient in the delivery of services. TAG staff will help provide support and guidance to teachers when working with TAG students. A variety of methodologies such as small group learning, acceleration and differentiation can enhance the context of learning.

<u>Talented and Gifted, Standard t</u> – Talented and Gifted (TAG) students are served by the regular education teachers and in conjunction with the Talented and Gifted teachers of the District. These students are identified based on a combination of standardized tests and nominations. TAG programming aligns with the Wisconsin Pyramid Model of delivery. Services include but are not limited to: Differentiation, flexible grouping, compacting, and advanced placement courses. In addition, there are a number of events that create and promote mathematics sponsored by the district and the Mississippi Valley Gifted and Talented Network. The academic performance of the program is assessed by identified student performance on standardized tests.

INFUSED CURRICULAR AREAS

COMPUTER LITERACY and TECHNOLOGY

Students in the School District of Holmen use technology as a tool and have many opportunities to develop technology literacy. Students develop the ability to find generate, evaluate and apply information through the use of technology and prepare for life-long learning while developing 21st Century skills.

On May 27, 2009, the School Board approved a District Combined Information and Technology Plan. *The vision is "Embracing 21st Century Learning for All."*

Definitions:

Digital Literacy is the ability to responsibly use appropriate technology to communicate, solve problems, and access, manage, integrate, evaluate and create information to improve learning in all subject areas and to acquire lifelong knowledge and skills in the 21st century.

21st Century Skills: 21st Century Skills represent the perspective required in light of historical events, globalization, and the idiosyncrasies of the Digital Age (digital age literacy, inventive thinking, effective communication and high productivity).

Computer literacy and technology - Teachers use a variety of technology applications and tools to research, report, compile, and inquire about. Multiple forms of assistive technology also support the special needs learner.

DIVERSITY

The vision of diversity in the School District of Holmen is to provide a nurturing environment in which each individual has the opportunity to reach his/her full human potential. This will be supported through strategic planning and building goals; curriculum planning and implementation, staff development, and resource selection and allocation. The plan will be monitored through data collection and analysis.

Diversity – By including music content from a variety of cultures and personal experiences, teachers enhance the learning experience for all students. Recognizing the diversity within a classroom enriches the learning for all.

EDUCATION FOR EMPLOYMENT (formerly SCHOOL TO WORK) – PI 26.01

Education for employment is one of Wisconsin's 20 school district standards. It is often referred to as Standard (m) and its purpose is to ensure that all students, regardless of career objective are given the skills, attitudes, and knowledge needed for future employment. It begins as early as kindergarten and is infused throughout the K-12 curriculum.

In Wisconsin education for employment initiatives are led by a series of mandates, dating back to September 1988:

- WI Educational Standard, Education for Employment, WI Statute 121.02(1)(m)
- WI Educational Standard, Curriculum WI Statute. 121.02(1)(k)
- WI Educational Standard, Developmental Guidance Services, WI Statute 121.02 (1)(e)

"The purpose of education for employment programs is to prepare elementary and secondary pupils for future employment; to ensure technological literacy; to promote lifelong learning; to promote good citizenship; to promote cooperation among business, industry, labor, postsecondary schools, and public schools; and to establish in a role for public schools in the economic development of Wisconsin."

Education for Employment (E4E) – *Music* activities that include experiences built on real information and data help students to make connections and apply learning in a contextual environment. E4E involves the business community in educational issues and enriches the school curriculum. It promotes increased student achievement by expanding educational experiences.

ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION – PI 8.01

It is required that "every school district develop and implement a written, sequential curriculum plan incorporating instruction in environmental education into all subject area curriculum plans, with the greatest emphasis in plans for art, health, science, and social studies education." (Admin. Code PI 8.01 (2)(k).

Holmen's Environment Education Implementation Plan supports an integrated approach to a heightened awareness and program improvement plan for environmental education. The program goals include (1) increase students' knowledge of environmental education, (2) develop the values and behaviors to be stewards of the environment, (3) develop an understanding and appreciation of the environment, (4) develop an aesthetic awareness of the environment, (5) develop the students' understanding of and skills related to environmental education, (6) provide students with the understanding that Environmental Education is a part of their everyday life, and (7) integrate Environmental Education into other existing curricular areas.

Environmental Education – Environmental education is supported by the knowledge and skills that students learn in music classrooms through seamless integration of various units. Teachers use additional resources such as newspapers, Scholastic, Weekly Reader, and Earth Day activities to support environmental education learning.

APPENDIX F

Grade K-5 Rating Scale for Singing

The student's singing performance was:

Level	
Μ	Accurate pitch
Р	Contained appropriate melodic direction and included some (at least one) accurate pitches
L	Spoken and/or inaccurate pitches

Recorder Rubric

Skill	M Excellent	P OK	L Needs Work
Hand Position	-Left hand on top -Right hand on bell	-Left hand on top but -Right hand none on bell	-Right hand on top
Fingering	-Proper fingering -No air leaking	-Proper fingering but air leaks/squeaky sound	-Does not know what holes to cover -Holes are not completely covered
Tone	-No squeaking -Nice warm tone -Uses tongue	-Squeaks some of the time	-Squeaky Can't tell what pitch is being played -Blowing too hard -Blowing too soft
Rhythm	-Plays notes for proper duration	-Plays most of the notes for proper duration/BUT does not observe rests	-Does not play the written rhythm/notes or rests

Grade K- 5 Literacy Check List

	M Seen most of	P Needs Practice	L Limited
Skill	the Time		Progress
 Identify note values – quarter note, eighth notes, half note, dotted half note, whole note, sixteenth notes, quarter rest, half rest, whole rest 			
Perform rhythm patterns			
Write the rhythm patterns in 4/4 meter			
Identify notes in treble clef			
Write notes on treble clef			
Identify symbols			
Identify terms			

Grade 3-5 Instrument Identification

3		-	-
	Μ	P P	L
	+		-
	Successful	Observed most of the	Needs Work
Skill		time	
 Student can identify four families of instruments 			
 Student can name individual instruments from each family 			
Student can aurally identify instruments families			
 Student can aurally identify at least two individual instruments from each family 			

Grade 3 -5 Composition Assessment

Skill	Observed	Not Observed
Rhythm has 4 beats in every measure		
Rhythm used simple patterns		
Long notes were used at end of phrases		
• Melody started and ended on "G" (5 th grade C)		
Melody used simple patterns		
Melody moved mostly by steps (not skips)		

Name	Date: EOY-6
CIRCLE THE CORRECT ANSWER	
1. What is tone?	
The length of the note.	The sound quality of the note.
The volume of the note.	The counting of the note.
2. Which of these terms are kinds of articulation?	iculation?
staccato accent	crescendo
fortissimo slur	line
3. Place these tempos in order from slowest to fastest.	vest to fastest.
andante largo	allegro moderato
4. How do you properly play a first and second ending?	second ending?
5. Match these terms with their definition.	
A. mezzo forte (m/)	gradually become louder
B. sharp sign \$	medium soft
C. piano (p)	gradually slow the tempo
D. crescendo	curved line connecting notes with the same letter name
E s $\left[\frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\beta}{2} \right]$	medium loud
F. flatsign '>	cancels a sharp or flat
G. mezzo piano (<i>mp</i>)	gradually become softer
H. ritardando (rit.)	loud
I. forte (/)	raises the note 1/2 step
J. D.C. al Fine	curved line connecting notes with different letter names
K. decrescendo	lowers the note 1/2 step
	held note for longer than usual
ML fermata 🔿	go to beginning and play until the Fine
N. natural sign 4	soft



Name:	Performing Ensemble:	
Concert Date:		
The tone the band used was: always focused and full	sometimes unstable and weak	often forced and thin
Comments:		
Comments:		G
The rhythms played were:	accurate most of the time	not very accurate
Comments:		
The articulations were: always accurate	accurate most of the time	not very accurate
Comments:		
The tempos were: very steady	changed a little	not steady
Comments:		
The dynamics and expression were: very noticeable	rigid and mechanical	not performed
Comments:		
What part of the performance did you think was best? Why?	u think was best? Why?	
What part of the performance did you think could have been better?	ou think could have been better? Why?	ıy?
What would you change about the performance?	erformance?	
What kind of suggestions would you give to make the performance better?	1 give to make the performance bette	ar?
What overall aspect of the concert did you like best? Why?	id you like best? Why?	

WISCONSIN SCHOOLMUSC	Expression - Style Elements - Interpretation - Phrasing - Dynamics - Tempo	Technique Posture Articulation Hand Position Bowing 	Accuracy Notes Rhythms Pulse 	Intonation Consistency Pitch Adjustment Skills 	Tone Breathing Bowing Embouchure 	Critique Only	Instrumental Solo Ser# Site: Index: Time: Min:
© This form Copyright 2003 by Wisconsin School Music Association All rights reserved International Copyright secured	Excellent expression with accurate style elements, interpretation, phrasing, dynamics, and tempo.	Consistently appropriate posture, articulations, hand position, bowing.	Outstanding accuracy. All notes and rhythms are performed accurately. Correct pulse throughout.	Accurate intonation in all ranges and registers. Pitch adjustments are made instantly.	C & B: Focused tone for this class with consistently appropriate breathing, bowing, embouchure skills in all registers/ranges. A: Open, resonant, full tone in all registers and ranges. Consistently accurate breathing, bowing, embouchure skills.	Composer: Circle comments the performance	Composer:
	Accurate expression most of the time with occasional lapses in dynamics, phrasing, correct tempo, style elements, interpretation.	Minor errors in posture, articulations, hand position, bowing.	Infrequent errors. A few minor problems in technical passages.	Minimal intonation difficulties. Pitch adjustment skills are usually successful.	C & B: Focused tone for this class with minor lapses in correct breathing, bowing embouchure skills. A: Characteristic tone most of the time. Minor breathing, bowing, embouchure problems in outer ranges and volumes.	throughout the you are hearin	Composer:
	Occasionally rigid and mechanical expression for this class. Style elements, correct tempo, phrasing, dynamics, interpretation are often absent.	Several errors in correct posture, articulations, bowing, especially during technical passages.	A lack of consistency in notes, rhythms, and pulse in technical passages.	Mostly accurate intonation with some out-of-tune notes. Pitch adjustment skills are still developing.	C & B: Unstable tone for this class in some ranges due to incorrect breathing, bowing, embouchure skills. A: A basic tonal concept. Notable breathing, bowing embouchure problems in outer ranges and volumes.	rubric that best describe g.	-
	Mechanical expression most of the time. Attention to style elements, correct tempo, phrasing, dynamics, interpretation missing.	Incorrect posture, articulations, bowing, during most technical passages.	Numerous inaccurate notes and rhythmic passages. Technical passages and pulse are mostly incorrect.	Some sense of intonation, but with significant problems. Pitch adjustment skills are not developed.	C & B: Thin or forced tone for this class most of the time due to lack of breath support, incorrect embouchure or bowing. A: Weak tone production most of the time due incorrect breath support, embouchure or bowing.		Class Selection: Transfer#: Pg. or Mvt.: School: Accompanist: Adjudi
Revised 2007	A lack of understanding of correct style elements, dynamics, interpretation, phrasing, and correct tempo.	A lack of understanding of correct posture, articulations, bowing, hand position.	An unawareness of correct notes, rhythms and/or pulse.	An unawareness of tuning problems. Needs development of pitch adjustment skills.	C, B, and A: A lack of understanding of how to produce the basic tone. Fundamentals of breathing, bowing, embouchure need work.		licator

Appendix G

School District of Holmen Resources and References

Department of Education, No Child Left Behind – <u>http://www.ed.gov/nclb/landing.jhtml</u>.

Wisconsin's Model Academic Standards for Music. Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction, © 2009.